# English Idioms

Advanced

in Use

60 units of vocabulary reference and practice

Self-study and classroom use

Felicity O'Dell Michael McCarthy

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# Using this book

## Why was this book written?

It was written to help you take your knowledge of idioms to a more advanced level. The ability to use idioms accurately and appropriately is an indicator that you have a truly advanced level of English, and so this book pays attention to the productive use of idioms as well as to the comprehension of their meaning. Many of you will have already worked with *English Idioms in Use Intermediate*, and this book builds on the work done there. However, it does not matter if you have gained your knowledge of idioms in a different way. We do not assume that you have used *English Idioms in Use Intermediate*, although we do present and practise different idioms from those that were presented in the lower-level book.

## How were the idioms in this book selected?

The approximately 1000 idioms which are presented in this book were all selected from those identified as significant by the CANCODE corpus of spoken English, developed at the University of Nottingham in association with Cambridge University Press, and the Cambridge International Corpus of written and spoken English. The idioms selected are all also to be found in the Cambridge Idioms Dictionary, where you can find additional usage notes and examples. You can search this dictionary online by going to the following web site: http://dictionary.cambridge.org/

## How is the book organised?

The book has 60 two-page units. The left-hand page explains the idioms that are presented in the unit. You will usually find an explanation of the meaning of the idiom, an example of it in use and, where appropriate, some comments on when and how it is used. The exercises on the right-hand page check that you have understood the information on the left-hand page and give you practice in using the material presented.

The units are organised into seven sections:

Learning about idioms (Units 1–8) gives important information relating to idioms in general, such as what they are, how to use them accurately and so on.

Types of idiom (Units 9–14) looks at some different types of idiom, dealing with such areas as Similes, Euphemisms and idioms from other languages.

Idioms from the topic area of ... (Units 15–24) focuses on idioms originating from different topic areas. For example, a great many idioms in English are based on sailing, a result of Britain's history as an island with a strong dependence on the sea. This section therefore opens with a unit dealing with idioms originating from the topic area of Sailing. Other units in this section deal with, for example, idioms based on Parts of the body, Games and sport and Literature. Many of us find it interesting to learn about the origins of idioms, and studying them in this way can also help to fix their meaning in your memory.

*Idioms to talk about* ... (Units 25–38) focuses on the topic areas where certain idioms are frequently used. For instance, there are units dealing with idioms used when talking about *Money*, about *Society* or about *Problems*.

*Idioms used in* ... (Units 39–41) looks at three types of writing where distinct types of idioms are used – *Journalism*, *Advertising* and *Formal writing*.

Idioms used in conversation (Units 42–47) presents idioms used in conversations from a functional point of view. For example, there are units dealing with *Telling stories*, *Agreeing and disagreeing* and *Emphasising*.

Idioms using these keywords (Units 48-60) groups idioms according to the keywords that they centre on. Unit 53, for instance, presents and practises idioms using the word hand, while Unit 59 focuses on idioms using the verb fall.

The book also contains a key and an index listing the idioms we deal with and indicating the units where they can be found.

## How should I use this book?

We strongly recommend that you do the first two units in the book first - What are idioms? and When and how are idioms used? - as these give you basic information that underpins all the other units. After that, you may work on the units in any order that you prefer.

## What else do I need in order to work with this book?

You need a notebook or file so that you can write down the idioms that you study in the book as well as any others that you come across elsewhere.

You also need to have access to a good dictionary. We strongly recommend the Cambridge Idioms Dictionary, as this gives you exactly the kind of information that you need to have about idioms. Your teacher, however, may also be able to recommend other dictionaries that you may find useful.

So all that remains is to say if you want to stand out from the crowd (Unit 40), start studying the idioms in this book. There's no time like the present! (Unit 40). We hope you'll find this an enjoyable and useful way to keep up and extend your knowledge of English idioms in use.

# What are idioms?



## Formulaic language

Idioms are a type of formulaic language. Formulaic language consists of fixed expressions which you learn and understand as units rather than as individual words, for example:

type of formulaic language	examples		
greetings and good wishes	Hi there! See you soon! Happy birthday!		
prepositional phrases	at the moment, in a hurry, from time to time		
sayings, proverbs and quotations	It's a small world! Don't put all your eggs in one basket. To be or not to be – that is the question.		
compounds	car park, bus stop, home-made		
phrasal verbs	take off, look after, turn down		
collocations	blonde hair, deeply disappointed		

## B

## **Idioms**

Idioms are fixed combinations of words whose meaning is often difficult to guess from the meaning of each individual word.

For example, if I say 'I put my foot in it the other day at Linda's house – I asked her if she was going to marry Simon', what does it mean? If you do not know that put your foot in it means say something accidentally which upsets or embarrasses someone, it is difficult to know exactly what the sentence means. It has a non-literal or idiomatic meaning.

Idioms are constructed in different ways and this book gives you practice in a wide variety of types of idiom. Here are some examples:

Tim took a shine to [immediately liked] his teacher. (verb + object + preposition)

The band's number one hit was just a flash in the pan [something that happens only once] (idiomatic noun phrase)

Little Jimmy has been as quiet as a mouse [extremely quiet] all day. (simile. See Unit 9 for more similes.)

We arrived safe and sound [safely]. (binomial. See Unit 10 for more binomials.)

Idioms are often based on everyday things and ideas, for example, the human body: Mark and Alistair don't see eye to eye. [don't agree with each other]



#### How can I use idioms?

Many idioms are quite informal, so use them carefully. You will need to be able to understand a lot of idioms if you want to read English fiction, newspapers or magazines, or understand TV shows, films and songs. People also often use idioms for humour or to comment on themselves, other people and situations.

You will also sound more natural and fluent if you can use idioms in everyday conversation or informal writing. Be careful not to use too many, though!



The words and word order of idioms are usually fixed, and we cannot change them in any way. For example, we cannot say gave a shine to or sound and safe.

1.1 Read the beginning of this story and label the type of formulaic language used in the words in bold. Use the information in A to help you.

In 2009, I set off on a long journey. As I left my house, my neighbour shouted, 'Good luck!' I didn't know at that moment that I would not see him again for three years. I boarded the plane at Heathrow, and soon it took off for Malaysia. When we touched down in Kuala Lumpur, I couldn't wait to get off the plane. I took a bus to the city centre and spent the night at a youth hostel. The first person I met was someone I had been at school with years ago. 'It's a small world!' he said when he saw me.

1.2 Underline the seven idioms in the rest of the story you read in 1.1.

My friend suggested that we join forces. 'There's safety in numbers,' he said. 'Let's hit the road together.' I was in two minds whether to go with him but finally decided to say yes. We travelled together for six months and had a whale of a time. We spent money like there was no tomorrow, so I had to twist my dad's arm and persuade him to send me some more money so I could travel further.

- 1.3 Choose the correct answer.
  - 1 His first novel was just a) a flash in a pan b) a flash of the pan c) a flash in the pan.
  - 2 I think Philip has a) given a shine to b) taken a shine to c) got a shine to his new babysitter.
  - 3 I hope you have a good trip and come home a) safely and soundly b) sound and safe c) safe and sound.
  - 4 Oh dear! I think I've a) had a foot in it b) put my foot in it c) got my foot in it!
  - 5 Kate is really noisy, but her best friend is a) as quiet as a cat b) as quiet as a mouse c) as quiet like a mouse.
- 1.4 Look at these newspaper headlines. Each one has an idiom based on a part of the human body. What do you think they mean? Choose the correct answer.

## UNIVERSITY GOES CAP IN HAND TO FINANCE MINISTER

1 A university a) apologises to the minister b) asks the minister for financial help c) awards the minister a great honour.

## AIRLINE FOOTS THE BILL FOR DELAYS AND CANCELLATIONS

2 An airline a) has refused to pay the costs b) sends the bill to someone else c) will pay the costs.

## RITA SORAZ IS THE APPLE OF HOLLYWOOD'S EYE

3 Rita Soraz is a) loved by everyone in Hollywood b) hated by everyone in Hollywood c) missed by everyone in Hollywood.

#### GOVERNMENT IS BURYING ITS HEAD IN THE SAND, SAYS OPPOSITION LEADER

4 The government is a) refusing to face a difficult situation b) about to resign c) making unpopular plans.

# When and how are idioms used?



## Idioms and change

Idioms frequently change in English. Although many idioms last for a long time, some disappear very quickly. Therefore, some idioms that were popular fifty years ago may sound very old-fashioned and odd today. For example, the idiom as stiff / straight as a ramrod [to sit or stand with a very straight and stiff back] is not frequently used nowadays. It is therefore important to be careful if you learn an idiom from, say, an older novel, as it may sound unnatural if you use it in your own speech or writing. In this book we focus only on up-to-date idioms which are still commonly used.



## What are idioms used for?

- For emphasis, e.g. The singer's second album sank like a stone. [failed completely]
- To agree with a previous speaker, e.g.
  A: Did you notice how Lisa started listening when you said her name?
  B: Yes, that certainly made her prick her ears up. [start listening carefully]
- To comment on people, e.g. Did you hear Tom has been invited for dinner with the prime minister? He's certainly gone up in the world! [gained a better social position or more money than before]
- To comment on a situation, e.g. The new finance minister wants to knock the economy into shape. [take action to get something into a good condition]
- To make an anecdote more interesting, e.g. It was just one disaster after another today, a sort of domino effect. [when something, usually bad, happens and causes a series of other things to happen]
- To catch the reader's eye. Idioms particularly those with strong images are often used in headlines, advertising slogans and the names of small businesses. The writer may play with the idiom or make a pun (a joke involving a play on words) in order to create a special effect, e.g. a *debt of dishonour* instead of the usual debt of honour. [a debt that you owe someone for moral rather than financial reasons]
- To indicate membership of a particular group, e.g. surfers drop in on someone, meaning to get on a wave another surfer is already on. This kind of group-specific idiom is outside the focus of this book.



## Where will you see or hear idioms?

You will see and hear idioms in all sorts of speaking and writing. They are particularly common in everyday conversation and in popular journalism. For example, they are often found in magazine horoscopes, e.g. You'll spend much of this week licking your wounds [trying to recover from a bad experience], or in problem pages, e.g. Do you think that my relationship has run its course? [come to a natural end] However, idioms are also used in more formal contexts, such as lectures, academic essays and business reports, e.g. It is hoped the regulations will open the door to better management. [let something new start] See Unit 41 for more idioms used in formal writing.



Look out for idioms being used in headlines and advertisements. Make a note of any interesting examples that you find.

- 2.1 Are these sentences true or false? If the answer is false, say why.
  - 1 Few idioms stay in frequent usage for a long time.
  - 2 Your English may sound unnatural if you use certain idioms.
  - 3 Idioms can be used for dramatic effect.
  - 4 Idioms are frequently used to comment on people and situations.
  - 5 Headline writers always use idioms in their correct form.
  - 6 Idioms are only used in some types of speaking and writing.
  - 7 Newspapers and magazines are a good place to find idioms in use.
  - 8 Idioms are not used in academic writing.

#### 2.2 Complete each idiom.

- 1 My essay is really not very good. Could you please help me knock it into
- 2 It's time you stopped ....... your wounds and got back to your normal life.
- 3 Although the film cost a lot of money to make, it enjoyed no success at all; in fact, it sank like a .....
- 4 There was a kind of domino ....... when Jill left the company. Others in her team decided to follow her example, and that then gave the idea to other employees too.
- 5 Ben and Sarah went out together for a long time, but the relationship eventually ran its ..... - they're both happily married to other people now.
- 6 The children ...... up their ears when they heard the word 'chocolate'.

#### 2.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



#### 2.4 Answer these questions.

- 1 Would Going up in the world be a better name for a mountain-climbing organisation or a furniture business?
- 2 Would Knock yourself into shape be a better slogan for dance classes or a boxing club?
- 3 Would Let things run their course be advising someone to act quickly or to be patient?
- 4 If a headline mentioned a debt of honour, would it be suggesting that the law or the person's conscience should be encouraging them to pay something back?
- 5 Would This'll make you prick up your ears be a better slogan for a hi-fi company or an earring business?



This website lists the names of businesses that use puns: http://www.listology.com/content\_show. cfm/content\_id.21596/Jetsam. Go to the website and find three puns that you can explain.

# Using reference resources

At advanced level, your aim will be not only to understand idioms, but also to use them accurately and appropriately. This book will help you achieve these aims. There are also other resources which you should use too.

## **A** Dictionaries

To help you study idioms, you need a good learner's dictionary, ideally one which focuses on idioms. The Cambridge Idioms Dictionary gives you examples of how idioms are used, and also gives information on their use, e.g. whether they are used humorously, or informally, or in a more literary context. It also highlights the most important idioms to learn. You can access this dictionary online at http://dictionary.cambridge.org. The best learner's dictionaries are corpus-based, i.e. they focus on idioms that people actually use and give authentic examples of their use. English Idioms in Use Advanced and the Cambridge Idioms Dictionary are based on the Cambridge International Corpus, which is a collection of over one billion words of real spoken and written English. Here is an example of how idioms are presented in the Cambridge Idioms Dictionary:

## like it or lump it informal

if you tell someone to like it or lump it, you mean they must accept a situation they do not like, because they cannot change it • The fact remains, that's all we're going to pay him and he can like it or lump it. • Like it or lump it, romantic fiction is read regularly by thousands.

## **B** The Internet

You can use the Internet to find out more about the meanings and origins of idioms, and to see more examples of their use.

- Go to http://www.phrases.org.uk/ to discover the meanings and origins of many idioms. This site also provides examples of how the idioms are used, and you can even discuss the origins of other phrases not listed there.
- You can access the *British National Corpus* at http://www.natcorp.ox.ac.uk/ Type in an idiom and you will be given up to fifty authentic examples of its use.
- Use a search engine, e.g. http://www.google.co.uk/, to find further examples of idioms in use. Type in an idiom in double inverted commas (e.g. "like it or lump it") to get a list of sites including that idiom.

## C Vocabulary notebooks

Always make good, detailed notes about idioms in your vocabulary notebook. Include an example of the idiom in context, as well as its meaning. Add any notes about its usage, e.g. *informal* or *literary*. Doing a quick drawing of an idiom may help you to learn it.

Each time they asked him a question he was <u>like a deer caught in the headlights</u>.

The speaker unfortunately looked <u>like a deer caught in the headlights</u> during most of the discussion.

= looked very frightened, unable to move or think
sometimes rabbit instead of deer

- 3.1 Answer these questions. Use the information in A to help you.
  - 1 What two things does a good idioms dictionary do, as well as explain the meaning of idioms?
  - 2 How much language and what kind of language is in the Cambridge International Corpus?
  - 3 What does the dictionary say about the usage of like it or lump it?
- 3.2 Use the Cambridge Idioms Dictionary (book or online) to match each idiom on the left with the label used in the dictionary on the right. Can you explain the meaning of the idioms?

1	get off your backside	informal
2	know no bounds	formal
3	the shit hits the fan	very informal
4	know sth inside out	old-fashioned
5	curl your lip	taboo
6	kith and kin	humorous
7	know your place	literary

- Complete each sentence with an idiom from 3.2. You may need to change the form of the 3.3 verb.
  - 1 Henry will help you deal with these forms. He ...... the system
  - 2 There is a growing interest in genealogy, as people increasingly want to discover all they can about their ......
  - 3 Joey can be so lazy. I wish he'd ......

.......

- 4 Don't worry. I'll behave properly when I meet your boss. I
- .....!
- Search for "like it or lump it" in each of the three sites in B on the opposite page.
- What information does each site give you?
- 3.5 Underline the eight idioms in this newspaper article. What do you think each idiom means? Use a dictionary to help you.

## SPORTS MINISTER HOPPING MAD

John Hamilton has made a name for himself by running a tight ship at the Ministry of Sport. So it was no surprise to his staff that he reportedly 'went spare' when he learnt what had been going on behind his back. Two of his leading advisors had been feathering their own nests with

government money intended for young people's sports organisations. 'Such behaviour is quite beyond the pale,' said Hamilton, 'and the two people concerned have already been given the sack'.





3.4

Choose three idioms from 3.5. Use any of the websites in B to help you decide on a usage note, comment or drawing that would help you learn these idioms.

# 4

# Common metaphors in idioms



## What is a metaphor?

Metaphors describe a person, object or situation by comparing it to something else with similar characteristics. They are often used in poetry and literature. In Shakespeare's Romeo and Juliet, for example, Romeo says 'Juliet is my sun,' suggesting that she is the most important force in his life, bringing him light and warmth.

Many idioms are based on metaphors. However, idioms are expressions that are used so frequently and are so fixed in the language that people often do not think about the metaphors behind them. The metaphors used in idioms are therefore much less original and thought-provoking than those used in literary contexts. People say, for example, 'The new president was / took centre stage at the meeting' [was the most important or noticeable thing or person], without thinking of the original image of a theatre.



## Work = war

The language of idioms seems to suggest that English speakers see work and business life as a kind of war, with many work and business idioms based on images connected with war and fighting. For example, companies launch marketing campaigns and they may join forces with each other. Business people might say that a situation is a minefield [is potentially dangerous] or that a company is a casualty of a difficult economic situation [was badly affected by it]. A manager may pull rank on his employees [use the power his position gives him to make them do something] and he may have to get / take the flak for a problem [receive strong criticism]. An employee may be given or get his marching orders [lose his job]. See Unit 16 for more idioms based on war and conflict.



## Understanding = seeing

Idioms often equate seeing with understanding. For example, we talk about seeing sense or seeing reason [becoming sensible / reasonable] or seeing the point [understanding the importance of something]. Similarly, if someone sees the joke, they understand it. To see the light can mean to suddenly understand something.



## Some other metaphors

Emotion = colour

Red, for example, can suggest anger, e.g. My brother saw red when I broke his MP3 player. Black is often associated with unpleasant feelings: if you get a black mark for something, it means people think you have done something bad and they will remember it in future.

## Life = a journey

If someone is at a crossroads, they are at a stage in life when they have to make an important decision. If you say that you are going / getting nowhere, you mean you are making no progress. If you say something is taking you into uncharted territory / waters, you mean it is taking you into unknown areas of experience.

## Life = a gamble

If you have something up your sleeve, you have a secret plan or idea (someone playing cards for money may hide a card up their sleeve). If you bluff your way into or out of a situation, you get yourself there by deception in the same way that a gambler may bluff (pretend to be in a weaker or stronger position than is really the case).

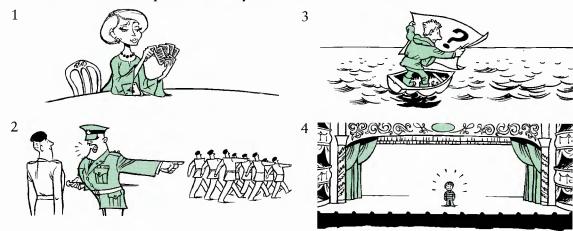


Noticing the metaphors underlying many idioms will help you understand and learn them. Look out for other common concepts such as time = money.

#### 4.1 Answer these questions. Use the information in A to help you.

- 1 How do metaphors describe people, objects and situations?
- 2 In what kind of writing are metaphors frequently used?
- 3 How are the metaphors used in literary contexts different from those used in idioms?
- 4 Why do you think it can sometimes be useful for you to be aware of the origins of idioms?

#### 4.2 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



#### 4.3 Complete each idiom.

- 1 Tax legislation can be a ...... for new businesses; there are so many rules to follow.
- 2 Our company is planning to ...... a new marketing campaign in April.
- 3 Shouting at his manager got Jim a black ...... at work.
- 4 I'm sure your boss will ...... sense eventually and agree to your plan.
- 5 At first I didn't see the ...... of going to university or college, but then I saw the ...... and realised studying would give me more choices for the future.
- 6 If she doesn't offer to write the report, I'll ...... rank on her and tell her to do it.
- 7 Noor is ...... a crossroads in her life now that she has finished her medical degree. She has to decide what she is going to specialise in.
- 8 George doesn't know much about the job, but I'm sure he'll be able to ...... his way through the interview.

#### 4.4 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 Everyone else was laughing, but Katie couldn't understand what was funny.
- 2 Jean is making no progress with her research.
- 3 BritTel is going to work together with SatCom to lobby the government.
- 4 The teacher was furious when Matt refused to do his homework.
- 5 The errors in the report really weren't Ned's fault, but he was blamed for them.
- 6 Tina is hoping her father will eventually become more reasonable and let her drive the family car.
- 7 Unfortunately, my brother's transport business was very seriously affected by the rise in
- 8 As the president of a major company, Gary is used to being the focus of attention.

# Using idioms accurately

All the examples in this unit come from the *Cambridge Learner Corpus*. This is a collection of over 95,000 exam scripts by students from over 190 countries taking Cambridge ESOL exams. The errors in this unit were actually made by learners in advanced-level exams, including CAE, Proficiency and IELTS (level 6+).

A major difficulty with idioms is that they are fixed expressions which cannot be changed – except when you are deliberately playing with the language. It is therefore very important to use idioms accurately. See Unit 6 for more information on playing with idioms.

## A Getting the key words right

You say that rising unemployment figures are just the tip of the iceberg [a small part of a much bigger problem], NOT the top of the iceberg.

You say that the state is responsible for its citizens' welfare from the cradle to the grave [from birth to death], NOT from the cradle to the coffin.

If you want to talk about people that you do not know or that you do not think are important, you can say every Tom, Dick and / or Harry could do that job, NOT every Tomand Jerry!

If you pay for something yourself, you pay for it out of your own pocket, NOT out of your own wallet.

If someone is in a bad mood, you can say they are like a bear with a sore head, NOT like a bear with a sore throat.

When you remember the past nostalgically, you talk about the good old days, NOT the good old time.

To say that someone or something will not exist for much longer, you can say their days are numbered, NOT their days are counted.

To talk about limiting someone's freedom, you can use the idiom to clip someone's wings, NOT to cut someone's wings.

## B Getting the details right

Using idioms accurately also means getting even the little words exactly right.

You must not add articles where they are not needed: someone has a spirit of adventure [enthusiasm for adventurous activities], NOT spirit of an adventure. You must not leave out articles either: fashion can be described as up-to-the-minute [new], NOT up to minute.

Take care with prepositions too: someone can be at a loss for words [not know what to say], NOT at a loss of words.

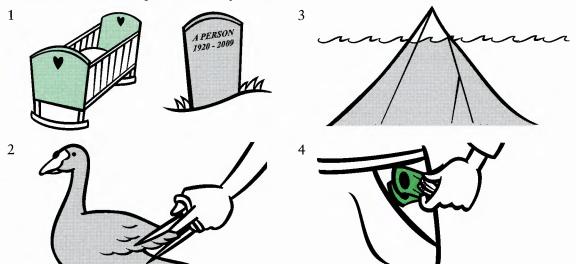
Make sure that you use singular and plural forms correctly too: you talk about a couple tying the knot [getting married (informal)], NOT tying the knots.

Word order is very important too: you can be sick and tired of something [angry and bored], NOT tired and sick of it.



Translating idioms word for word can cause problems. For example, we **make a mountain out of a molehill** [make a small difficulty seem like a serious problem], NOT make an elephant out of a mouse. Always check in a good dictionary before translating an idiom from your own language.

#### 5.1 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



- 5.2 Are the idioms in these sentences used correctly? If not, correct them.
  - 1 My sister is always buying up-to-minute gadgets.
  - 2 I'm sick and tired of listening to him complaining all the time.
  - 3 My granddad's always talking about good old days.
  - 4 They've been engaged for six months but haven't made any plans about when they're going to tie the knots.
  - 5 Jane was at a loss for words when her son told her he had quit his new job.
  - 6 Engineering isn't the kind of job that every Tom, Dick or Henry could do.
- 5.3 Complete each idiom.
  - 1 Don't make such a ...... out of a molehill.
  - 2 Everyone uses mobile phones now, so the days of the phone box on every street corner are ......
  - 3 My son's got a real ...... of adventure. He's going travelling around the world for a year.
  - 4 We won free train tickets to Paris in the competition, but we had to pay for the hotel out of our own ......
  - 5 Frank keeps shouting at everyone today. I don't know why he's behaving like a ..... with a sore head.
- 5.4 Here are some errors made with idioms by candidates in advanced-level exams. Can you correct them? Looking up the word in brackets in a good idioms dictionary should help you find the correct idiom.
  - 1 You'll pass your driving test if you really want to where there's a will, there's a power. [WILL]
  - 2 I get bored if I always do the same things at the weekend change is a spice of life. [VARIETY]
  - 3 Shh! Be quiet! There's no need to talk at the top of your head. [TOP]
  - 4 He never saves any money. He spends whatever he has, Easy coming easy going is his motto. [EASY]
  - 5 I was so upset when I failed the exam. I wept my eyes out of my head. [CRY]
  - 6 She's a total optimist she always manages to look the good part. [LOOK]

# Playing with idioms

People often play with idioms for humorous effect or to make something more memorable. This wordplay is particularly common in journalism and advertising. See Unit 40 for more examples of idioms used in advertising.

## Memorable names for businesses

Here are some catchy names of hairdressers' salons.

name of salon	explanation
FRINGE BENEFITS	Fringe benefits are something extra you get because of your job in addition to your pay, e.g. a company car. A fringe is the hair that hangs down over your forehead.
BLOWN AWAY	If you are blown away by something (e.g. a performance or a piece of music), it amazes you because it is so good. A hairdresser blows hair dry with a hair dryer.
WAVELENGTHS	If two people are on the same wavelength, they think in the same way. People often have, or want, waves in their hair.

## B

## **News** headlines

News headlines often play with idioms in some way, to attract people to read the article.

headline	explanation
DELIVERY DELAYS <b>PART AND PARCEL</b> OF POST OFFICE PROBLEMS Recent delays in the postal service are symptoms of wider problems, a government report claims.	a necessary part of an event or experience which cannot be avoided. (The Post Office delivers letters and parcels.)
FIREWORKS FUND <b>BURNING A HOLE IN THE POCKET OF</b> CITY COUNCIL  The city council today voted to spend £100,000 on a massive public fireworks display.	If you have money burning a hole in your pocket, you want to spend it as soon as possible. (Fireworks <i>burn</i> , and if one burnt in your pocket, it would make a <i>hole!</i> )
OPTICIANS FAIL TO <b>SEE EYE TO EYE</b> The National Association of British Opticians (NABO) today disagreed about a new set of standards for the industry.	If two people do not see eye to eye, they disagree with each other. (Opticians care for people's eyes and help them see better.)
THEATRE MANAGERS FINALLY <b>GET THEIR ACT TOGETHER</b> The managers of the Cleo Theatre have come up with a rescue package to save the theatre.	organise themselves so that they do things efficiently (informal). (Actors act in a theatre, and performers have an act which they perform.)
AGRICULTURAL REFORM POLICY – FARMERS SIT ON THE FENCE The Farmers' Union has stated that it remains neutral over the latest plans for reform.	delay making a decision when they have to choose between two different options in a dispute. (Farms often have <i>fences</i> which separate the fields.)
CHESS COMPUTER BEATEN BY HUMAN – DESIGNERS <b>ARE BACK TO SQUARE ONE</b> Software engineers now have to rethink the design of the <i>Redray</i> software that failed to work as planned.	have to work on a plan from the beginning again because a previous attempt failed and the progress made was wasted. (A chess board has 64 squares on it.)

**6.** I Look at A. Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?

1



2





- 6.2 These sentences all use idioms from the opposite page. Why are they humorous? Use a dictionary to find both the idiomatic and literal meanings of the expressions if necessary.
  - 1 I was offered a job at a hairdresser's salon but the fringe benefits weren't very good, so I turned it down.
  - 2 Both John and Margaret work as newsreaders for the local radio station, so I'm not surprised they're always on the same wavelength.
  - 3 The audience were blown away by Tom's solo in the wind instrument competition.
  - 4 Walking a lot and carrying heavy bags is part and parcel of working as a postman.
  - 5 The two film stars have got their act together and resolved their marital problems.
- 6.3 Complete each idiom.

  - each other for over a year.
  - becoming an adult.
  - 4 It's time you got ...... and found a job!
  - 5 The president refused to make a decision and was accused of sitting
  - 6 My computer crashed, so I'm back to ...... with my assignment.
- 6.4 Match the idioms on the left with the companies or organisations on the right.
  - 1 BACK TO SQUARE ONE
  - 2 GETTING OUR ACT TOGETHER

......

- 3 PART AND PARCEL
- 4 SITTING ON THE FENCE

- a delivery firm
- a gardening company
- a company that makes board games
- a local drama club

What products, organisations or services do you think these idioms from other units in this book could be used to advertise? fighting fit (Unit 47)

two left feet (Unit 50)

it never rains but it pours (Unit 11)

# Idioms from other varieties of English

In this book we focus mainly on idioms which are widely understood throughout the English-speaking world. However, there are many other idioms which are typical of specific English-speaking countries. The idioms in this unit from Scotland and the US are included mainly for interest, but you may hear them if you visit, or watch a film from, one of these countries.

## A Idioms from Scotland

My brother's really messy. His bedroom has been stirred with a stick. [is very untidy] The old woman who lives next door is tuned to the moon. [eccentric] Another new pair of shoes! That's Caroline over the back! [that's typical of Caroline]

## **B** Idioms from the US

Many US idioms originate from baseball. For example, if you do something right off the bat, you do it immediately; and if you throw someone a curveball, you surprise them with something difficult or unpleasant to deal with. If someone is batting a thousand, they are doing something extremely well, better than they had hoped. If someone drops the ball, they do something stupid or careless.

Other examples of US idioms:

He's trying to catch some z's/z1:s/. [sleep (informal)]

The store is fresh out of tomatoes. [has just finished or sold all its supply]

His advice isn't worth a dime. [has little or no value]

## C Regional variation

There are sometimes slightly different forms of idioms in US and British English. Here are some examples:

British English idiom	US English idiom	meaning		
the icing on the cake	the frosting on the cake	something that makes a good thing even better		
fight like cat and dog	fight like cats and dogs	argue violently all the time		
donkey work	grunt work	hard, boring work		
take the biscuit	take the cake	used informally to describe something the speaker finds very annoying		
weep buckets	cry buckets	cry a lot (informal)		
hard cash	cold cash	money in the form of cash or notes, not a cheque or credit card		
like the cat that got the cream	like the cat that ate the canary	very pleased with oneself (informal, usually collocates with 'look', 'grin' or 'smile')		

TIP

Idioms that are used mainly in one specific country will often not be easily understood by native English speakers from other parts of the world. You may not see or hear them outside the countries they originate from, so it's safer to use the idioms in this unit when you are in the appropriate country.

#### 7.1 Look at A. Answer these questions.

- 1 What would you need to do to a room if a Scottish friend complained that it had been stirred with stick?
- 2 Would you feel pleased if a Scottish friend said that you're tuned to the moon?
- 3 If a Scottish friend says, 'My brother did something silly? That's him over the back!' does your friend think her brother is often silly or rarely silly?

#### 7.2 Complete each US idiom.

- 1 I'm exhausted after such a difficult day at work. I'm going to try to ...... some z's before I have to go out again this evening.
- 3 Will was doing well at college until he had some problems with his girlfriend and ..... the ball.

- 6 Karen's batting a ...... at the moment she's making a great success of her new job.
- 7 The speaker found it hard to answer the questions. He clearly wasn't expecting the audience to ...... him so many curveballs.

#### 7.3 Is each speaker more likely to be from the US or from Britain?

- 1 You have to pay the deposit for hiring the boat in cold cash.
- 2 Rhiannon and her sister have always fought like cat and dog.
- 3 It was such a sad film I wept buckets.
- 4 There's a lot of grunt work to be done before we can open the new restaurant.
- 5 Having such perfect weather on holiday was the frosting on the cake.
- 6 Having to stay late at work on a holiday weekend really took the biscuit.
- 7 What's happened? You look like the cat that got the cream.

#### 7.4 Rewrite the sentences in 7.3. If the speaker used US idioms, change them to the equivalent British idiom and vice versa.

#### 7.5 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?





Find out more about a variety of English that interests you at http://www.world-english.org/accent. htm. The site includes recordings so you can listen to the speech of people from different regions too.

# **New idioms**



## Where do new idioms come from?

As units 15-24 show, many English idioms have very deep roots in history and culture. They have their origins in traditional skills, such as sailing (Unit 15), and in such things as ancient myths (Unit 21), literature (Unit 23) and war (Unit 16).

However, new idioms evolve all the time from TV, advertising, politics and business. These idioms often quickly become expressions understood and used by many people in their everyday lives. Some of these idioms will be popular for a few years but then get forgotten; others may last. In this unit we look at some examples of common, but relatively new, idioms.

## B

## Some new idioms

example	meaning
Is Madonna still the first lady of pop?	the expert, or the best (by analogy with how the wife of a US president is referred to as <i>The First Lady</i> )
This programme looks at one couple's experience of living next to neighbours from hell.	People frequently refer to difficult people or unpopular things as being the from hell, e.g. the neighbours from hell or the airport from hell.
That young politician was in the news every day for weeks, but now he seems to have fallen off the radar.	been forgotten
Jane is a wonderful nurse. She'll always go the extra mile for her patients.	make an extra big effort or do things that are more than is strictly necessary
The website www.cheapholidays.org does exactly what it says on the tin.	does exactly what it claims to do
Finding out what really happened is like nailing jelly to a wall.	difficult to understand or describe because it is not clear or focused enough
I'm cool with that.	I'm happy with a suggestion
It doesn't float my boat!	I don't agree with what you like or are interested in. (Also Whatever floats your boat!)
I'm fed up with him <b>big time</b> / He's into judo <b>big time</b> .	extremely

## C

## New conversational fixed expressions

If you do not want to discuss anything further, you can say 'That's it! End of (story)!'

If you think that someone is telling you about very personal things that you do not want to hear about, you can stop them by saying 'Too much information!'

If a friend starts talking about a subject you do not want to discuss, you could respond 'Don't even go there!'

#### 8.1 Look at B. Are the idioms in these sentences used correctly? If not, correct them.

- 1 You have to be prepared to go the further mile if you want to get promoted.
- 2 Whatever happened to that pop star you used to like so much? He seems to have completely fallen off the radar now.
- 3 This shampoo is great it does exactly what it writes on the tin.
- 4 I'd never share an apartment with her she'd be the flatmate of hell.
- 5 Stella McCartney is often called the first lady of fashion.

#### 8.2 Complete the dialogue with idioms from B and C. Use one word per space.

Hi, Meg. Great to see you again. Where's Kate?

Meg: She just texted. She's not coming. Apparently she's really sick and has been throwing up all night.

(1) .....! I don't want to Jo: know! What shall we do then?

Meg: I really want to go that new photography exhibition.

Mmm, (2) ! I know you're into art (3)...... but I'm not. How about the cinema instead?

Meg: Yeah, (4) .....

(5) ......! Jo: We broke up.

Meg: Really? What happened?

I don't want to talk about it. We're finished. (6) .....!

3

4

#### 8.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









#### 8.4 Do these sentences make sense? Explain why / why not.

- 1 It could be fun to live next door to the neighbours from hell.
- 2 Tilly's father was happy about her plans to marry, but her mother was cool with it.
- 3 Rani loves that painter's work, but it doesn't float my boat.
- 4 Getting him to say what he thinks is like nailing jelly to a wall he's always honest and open.

# **Similes**



## What are similes?

Similes are expressions which compare two things; they always include the words as or like. You can use similes to make your spoken and written English more colourful and your comparisons more powerful. For example:

My brother's as thin as a rake. [extremely thin] The baby's skin is as smooth as silk. [extremely smooth] Pilar is as bright as a button. [extremely clever]

I made so many mistakes! My boss must think I'm as thick as two short planks! [extremely unintelligent (offensive/humorous if used about yourself)]

I slept really well, so I feel as fresh as a daisy this morning. [extremely fresh and full of energy] George ran like the wind to get the message to Paula before she left. [ran extremely fast] I don't want to go in the car with Lizzie. She drives like a maniac! [drives fast and badly] My new sweater fits like a glove. I'm so pleased with it. [fits extremely well]

The two men were in the next room, but I could hear every word they said as clear as crystal. [very clearly]

Ben claimed to be as poor as a church mouse, but we knew he was rich. [very poor] As Judy walked in, the house was as silent as the grave. [totally silent]

You should learn similes as whole phrases, because it is usually not possible to change the individual words (e.g. we do not say as thin as a stick or as thin as a pole). Where it is possible to change the individual words, the meaning of the simile often changes, for example: I needed a drink of water. My mouth was as dry as a bone. [extremely dry / thirsty] His lecture was as dry as dust and everyone was bored. [extremely boring]

#### **Everyday similes** В

The similes in these emails are often used in everyday conversation and informal writing.

Hi Jacek,

It's so obvious you like Anna! You went as red as a beetroot when Stefan was talking about her, so it must be true! And you were all over her like a rash at the party last week too. Ask her out! Hiroshi



Have you noticed how Chiara and Rita are as thick as thieves lately? Rita said she needed some help and as quick as a flash Chiara volunteered - you know, as keen as mustard. And just think, they used to hate each other and were always fighting like cat and dog over the most stupid things. Any idea what's happened? Anyway, speak later.

Fatima

Hello Manami,

I'll be late for the restaurant tonight - having a bad day at work. I've been working like a dog but the boss just came in with a face like thunder and said I'd made a mess of some sales figures. I've tried to argue with him, but he's as stubborn as a mule and you can never convince him that he's wrong.

Time to change my job! Mariusz



Be careful how you use similes. They have strong meanings and are often used in a humorous or sarcastic way, e.g. My teacher's explanations are as clear as mud [not clear at all].

9.1	Look at A. Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending. Then complete the
	sentence with as or like.

1	My new dress fits	a maniac.
2	You'll need to run	silk.
3	She's as thin	a button.
4	Sandra always looks as fresh	a bone.
5	He drove off	a rake.
6	Her mouth felt as dry	a glove.
7	Their son is as bright	the wind to catch the train.
	Her hair felt as smooth	a daisy.

#### 9.2 Choose the correct word to complete each simile.

- 1 That book was so boring. It was as dry as [a bone / dust].
- 2 I can't believe I didn't know the answer. I feel as thick as [two short planks / thieves].
- 3 You explained it so well it's a difficult concept, but it's as clear as [crystal / mud] now.
- 4 I wonder what they're plotting they look as thick as [two short planks / thieves].
- 5 After working in that airless room my mouth feels as dry as [a bone / dust].
- 6 I can't understand what he's trying to say it's as clear as [crystal / mud].

#### 9.3 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with a simile.

- 1 Tom and Rosa have been arguing all the time recently.
- 2 Amy blushed and looked very embarrassed when Lasse commented on her new dress.
- 3 When our teacher asks the class a difficult question, Hatsuki usually answers without a moment's hesitation.
- 4 It was early Sunday morning and the house was strangely silent.
- 5 Emma was behaving towards Jakob in a very affectionate way at the barbecue last week.
- 6 All her sisters are extremely poor.
- 7 Caterina felt full of energy after her shower.
- 8 The students in my class are great hardworking, punctual and very enthusiastic.

#### 9.4 Agree with what A says. Complete each response with a simile from the opposite page.

1 A: He looked really angry.	B: Yes, he had
2 A: It's impossible to get him to change his mind.	B: Yes, he's
3 A: He drove off very quickly, didn't he?	B: Yes, he was driving
4 A: You've been very busy at work, haven't you?	B: Yes, I've been
You can always rely on Suzie to organise the school concert.	B: Yes, she's

# **Binomials**

## A

## What are binomials?

Binomials are a type of idiom in which two words are joined by a conjunction (linking word), usually *and*. The order of the two words is fixed. For example, we always say black and white, NOT white and black: Managing climate change isn't a black and white issue. [separate and clear]

The words can be

- synonyms (words which mean the same): Sara's work is always very neat and tidy.
- opposites: If you go for cheaper speakers, the sound quality may be a bit hit and miss. [sometimes good, sometimes bad (informal)]
- the same word: They finished the race neck and neck. [equal]
- rhyming: Tables in the canteen take a lot of wear and tear. [damage through everyday use]
- alliterative: After the match the players' legs were black and blue. [very bruised]
- joined by words other than *and*: The traffic was bumper to bumper all the way to the coast. [very heavy] Little by little, Vera gained the horse's confidence. [gradually] The house must be worth a quarter of a million, give or take a few thousand. [plus or minus (informal)]

Trinomials are a similar type of idiom, in which three words are joined, e.g. I've looked here, there and everywhere for my glasses but can't find them. [everywhere]

## B

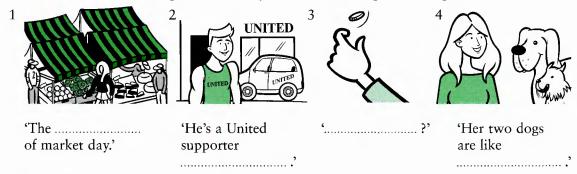
## Other examples

example	meaning
Let's toss a coin to see who starts. You call: heads or tails?	heads is the side of a British coin with the monarch's head on it; tails is the other side
We're at sixes and sevens at work this week.	in a state of confusion (informal)
Hannah had flu last week, but she's <b>out and about</b> again now.	active, doing her usual activities (informal)
Although the twins look the same, when you talk to them you realise they're like <b>chalk and cheese</b> .	totally different (informal)
It's great to leave the <b>hustle and bustle</b> of the city at the weekend.	crowds and noise
I can't do up these tiny buttons — I'm all fingers and thumbs today.	am awkward with my hands, unable to do what I want to do (informal)
The money for the charity appeal came in <b>in dribs</b> and drabs, but we reached our target in the end.	small amounts at a time (informal)
It took a lot of <b>blood</b> , <b>sweat and tears</b> to get the business going.	hard work
I've asked you time after time not to do that.	many times (usually suggests irritation)
Her interest in painting waxed and waned over the years.	fluctuated (The literal meaning of wax and wane relates to the moon's changes in size.)
She really doesn't enjoy living in the countryside. She's a city person, through and through.	completely, typical (used about people)
We had a great holiday and explored every nook and cranny of the island.	every small place

10.1 Look at A. Combine the words in the box to form ten binomials or trinomials. For each, you will need to add and or another joining word.

black	neck	little	bumper	every	where	give	cranny	here	hit	little
bumper	miss	neat	blue	neck	nook	take	tear	there	tidy	wear

- 10.2 Complete each dialogue with an idiom.
  - 1 A: Was the traffic bad on the way here?
    - B: Yes, it was ...... the whole way.
  - 2 A: Did you get everything you needed today?
    - B: Yes, but I had to go ...... to find it all.
  - 3 A: This sofa is only six months old, but it looks really old.
    - B: Well, it gets a lot of ......
  - 4 A: We're making very slow progress with this project.
    - B: But we're getting there ......
  - 5 A: Have you found your watch yet?
    - B: No, I've searched in every ...... but I still can't find it!
  - 6 A: What's Galya's flat like?
    - B: Well, you know how organised she is! It's very ......
  - 7 A: Which horse won the race?
    - B: Two of them finished ......
  - 8 A: Were there a lot of people at the party?
    - B: About a hundred, ...... a few.
- 10.3 Which binomials do these pictures make you think of? Complete the captions.



- 10.4 Rewrite each sentence using the word in brackets.
  - 1 People started to gradually enter the room. [DRIBS]
  - 2 Jack's commitment to work went up and down throughout the year. [WAXED]
  - 3 Have a few days' rest and you'll be fully recovered in no time. [ABOUT]
  - 4 I've often told him not to leave his car unlocked. [TIME]
  - 5 The work required a lot of effort but it was worth it. [BLOOD]
  - 6 The whole team's been in a state of confusion since Kay resigned. [SEVENS]
  - 7 I keep dropping things today I'm so clumsy. (THUMBS)
  - 8 My mum and I are completely different people, but we get on well. (CHALK)

## **Proverbs**

Proverbs are short sentences which refer to something most people have experienced and which give advice or warnings. Like idioms, their form is fixed, and it is not always possible to guess the meaning from looking at the individual words in the proverb.

## **A** Positive situations

In these conversations, the second speaker uses a proverb to repeat and sum up what the first speaker says.

- A: We all want to solve this problem, and I'm sure we'll find a solution.
- B: Yes. Where there's a will there's a way. [if we really want to achieve something, we can]
- A: Well, we'll have to invest all of our savings and work really hard, and there's still a chance the project won't succeed.
- B: I know, but nothing ventured, nothing gained. [you need to take risks to achieve something]
- A: I was upset when I didn't get into university, but at least it leaves me free to go travelling.
- B: Yeah. Every cloud has a silver lining. [there is something good in every bad situation]
- A: My job is different every day. It's never boring.
- B: Well, variety is the spice of life, isn't it? [change makes life interesting]
- A: Ron found it impossible to get a new job, so he set up his own business instead.
- B: Yes, well, necessity is the mother of invention. [if people really need to do something, they will find a way to do it]

## **B** Negative situations

In these conversations, the second speaker uses a proverb to repeat and sum up what the first speaker says.

- A: Marta told her new boyfriend that she was five years younger than she really is.
- B: All's fair in love and war! [all behaviour is acceptable in extreme situations, especially in romantic situations and competitions]
- A: What a day! My car broke down and my wallet has been stolen.
- B: It never rains but it pours. [problems always happen together]
- A: I wonder why Sylvia and Anthony have broken up.
- B: Well, it takes two to tango. [two people are equally responsible]

## C Other popular proverbs

I'm really impatient to finish decorating my flat, but Rome wasn't built in a day! [it takes a long time to do important things properly]

We should buy extra travel insurance for our skiing trip. Better safe than sorry. [it is best not to take risks, even if it seems boring or hard work]

I have to study hard and do a lot of exams to become an accountant, but no pain no gain. [there must be some suffering in order to succeed]

We don't have enough tickets for everybody, so it's a case of first come, first served. [the first to arrive will get something]

11.1	Look at A. Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.		
	<ol> <li>Every cloud</li> <li>Nothing ventured,</li> <li>Necessity is the</li> <li>Where there's a will,</li> <li>Variety is the</li> </ol>	mother of invention. there's a way. spice of life. nothing gained. has a silver lining.	
11.2	Look at B. Write a suitable response to each remark with a proverb.		
	<ol> <li>A friend tells you that Jim and Fiona are getti having affairs.</li> <li>Someone tells you about three bad things that</li> <li>Someone tells you about a small lie they told like.</li> <li>A friend tells you that they missed the train the cheaper and faster.</li> <li>A friend tells you that they are frustrated that business.</li> <li>A friend tells you that they are determined to they don't know how to do this.</li> </ol>	thappened to them all on the same day. in order to meet somebody that they really ney wanted to get, but the next train was tit is taking a long time to set up their own	
11.3	Correct the mistakes in these proverbs.		
	<ol> <li>We had no tent, so we made a shelter out of branches and leaves to protect ourselves from the storm. It was a case of need is the mother of invention.</li> <li>I'm doing three jobs at the moment to pay for my studies. Still, they say that change is the spice of life!</li> <li>I went to the gym every day for three months and felt so much fitter. It was very hard work but nothing pained, nothing gained.</li> <li>I decided that bungee jumping was too dangerous and didn't go with my friends – better to be safe than dead.</li> <li>We've got ten laptops at half-price. But hurry – it's first come, first serve.</li> <li>Three big bills at the same time? It never pours but it rains!</li> </ol>		
11.4	Complete each proverb.		
	1 When we got there they had given away all the first first first	wasn'tin  st we can spend more time together. They dosilver  ne. It's true what they say: it never s! g, nothing	
	6 They are both in the wrong. It takes	to	

# **Euphemisms**



## What are euphemisms and when do we use them?

Euphemisms are a type of idiom used to avoid saying words which may offend or be considered unpleasant. They are useful to learn, as they will help you communicate using language which is appropriate for the situation you are in.

Euphemisms are used:

- to talk about subjects which may upset or offend, such as death.

  It was obvious he was not long for this world, but he never lost his sense of humour.

  [going to die soon]
- to avoid using direct words for body functions.

  I'm just going to spend a penny. [use the toilet (UK public toilets used to charge a penny.)]
- for humorous effect when telling anecdotes.
   My boss was effing and blinding because he had lost a confidential report. [swearing (some common English swear words begin with f or b) (informal)]
   How embarrassing! The door opened and my neighbour saw me in my birthday suit / in the altogether! [naked]
- by the media or political institutions to tone down unpleasant situations.

  Many soldiers have made the supreme / ultimate sacrifice for their country. [died]

  He died in a friendly fire incident. [killed by his own side, not by the enemy]

## В

## Other euphemisms

euphemism	example	meaning
four-letter words	The play may offend some people, as it's full of four-letter words.	swear words (Many of these have four letters in English.)
pardon my French	He's such a bloody idiot, pardon my French.	apologies for swearing (humorous)
powder my nose I'm just going to powder my nose.		use the toilet
answer the call of nature	Go behind a tree if you need to answer the call of nature.	urinate (more direct)
a bit on the side	Did you know she had a bit on the side?	sexual partner in addition to the person's usual partner
play the field	He said he's too young to stop playing the field and settle down.	having many romantic or sexual relationships without committing to one partner
have a bun in the oven	Guess what! I've got a bun in the oven!	I'm pregnant (humorous)
my number was up	I saw the car heading straight for me and I thought my number was up.	I was about to die (informal)
breathe my last	'This is where I was born and where I will breathe my last,' said the old woman.	die
be six feet under	We'll all <b>be six feet under</b> by the time you finish writing your novel!	be dead (informal)

#### 12.1 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?







#### 12.2 Correct the mistakes in these euphemisms.

- 1 The poet breathed his latest on 20 January 1891.
- 2 Older dogs need to be let out more often to answer the cry of nature.
- 3 He'd only been married for a year before he found himself a bit on the edge.
- 4 For one dreadful moment I thought my number was over.
- 5 I hate my daughter's taste in music it's full of five-letter words.
- 6 The old lady asked where she could go to powder her chin.
- 7 Did you know Marta had a cake in the oven?
- 8 Don't be such a bloody fool, pardon my German.

#### 12.3 Complete each euphemism.

.......

- 1 I could hear him effing and ...... as he was fixing the car.
- 2 We are here today to honour those airmen who have made the ultimate
- 3 Laura will be back in a minute. She's just gone to ...... a penny.
- 4 This problem won't be solved until we're all six feet .....!
- 5 'I'm afraid that your father may not be ...... for this world,' said the doctor.

#### 12.4 Rewrite each sentence using a euphemism from the opposite page. There may be more than one possible answer.

- 1 She's pregnant.
- 2 He's naked.
- 3 I'm just going to the toilet.
- 4 The old man knew he would soon die.
- 5 He has lots of girlfriends.
- 6 He's always swearing.
- 7 Excuse me for swearing!
- 8 We must reduce the number of times we accidentally fire on our own men. ......

#### 12.5 The underlined euphemisms below are not on the opposite page. What do you think they mean? Use a dictionary to help you.

- 1 The doctors have just told him he's got the big C.
- 2 I think you're being economical with the truth.
- 3 The cat was so badly injured that we had to have it put to sleep.
- 4 Why didn't you tell me your sister was eating for two?
- 5 Shall we pause the meeting for a comfort break now?

# 13

# Clichés and fixed statements



### Clichés

A cliché is a comment that is often used in certain common, everyday situations. It is a comment that most people are familiar with and is therefore not original. Clichés are often used in everyday conversation and they are also frequently played with in advertising slogans and newspaper headlines.

There are plenty more fish in the sea / pebbles on the beach. [There are plenty more people or possibilities. Often used to cheer up someone who has found one person or opportunity unsuccessful.]

Look on the bright side. [Try to see something good in a bad situation. This is usually followed by an explanation of what the bright side might be, e.g. you probably wouldn't have enjoyed the job if you'd got it.]

It's easy to be wise after the event or Hindsight is a wonderful thing. [When you know what happens next, it's easy to say what you or others should have done.]

It's not over until the fat lady sings. [You cannot be sure what will happen until the very end of something, often a sports event. The expression refers to a long opera which ends with a female singing the final song.]

Enough is as good as a feast. [You shouldn't have more of something than you need, e.g. food.]

Ignorance is bliss. [You may be happier sometimes when you do not know all the facts about a situation.]

You can lead a horse to water (but you can't make him drink). [You can give someone the opportunity to do something, but you cannot force them to do it. The second part of the idiom (but you can't make him drink) is often not actually said.]

Truth will out! [The truth will always become known.]



## **Fixed statements**

You can often hear and use these fixed statements in everyday conversation.

fixed statement	meaning
Get your skates on! (informal)	Hurry up!
I'll believe it when I see it.	I'm doubtful that it will happen.
Mum's the word. (informal)	I promise not to tell a secret.
Good riddance! (informal)	I'm happy something or someone has gone.
Take it easy!	Calm down! Relax!
Fair's fair. (informal)	Their behaviour is reasonable.
So far, so good.	Things are going well up to this point.
Give me a break! (informal)	Stop criticising me!



It is best not to use clichés in formal writing or when you want to express an original or complex idea.

#### 13.1 Look at A. Answer these questions.

- 1 Who do we say has to sing before we can be confident something has finished?
- 2 What do we say is as good as a feast?
- 3 What side do we say you have to look on if you are trying to be optimistic?
- 4 What do we say there are plenty more of on the beach?
- 5 What do we say that ignorance is?
- 6 When do we say that it is easy to be wise?
- 7 Which animal do we say you can lead to water but not make drink?
- 8 What do we say there are plenty more of in the sea?
- 9 What do we say will happen with truth?

#### 13.2 Complete each dialogue with an idiom from the opposite page.

- 1 A: You won't tell anyone what I told you, will you?
  - B: No, I promise.
- 2 A: You're always late. It's just not good enough.
  - B: That's not fair. ! It's only the third time this
- 3 A: Sheena says she'll have finished her dissertation by Friday.
  - B: Hmm.
- 4 A: .....! We need to leave in five minutes.
  - B: Don't worry I'm nearly ready.
- 5 A: I'm not sorry Boris is leaving our office. Are you?
  - B: Not at all.
- 6 A: I'm never going to get this finished in time.
  - B: .....! Don't panic. I'll help you, if you like.
- 7 A: Sonia's made a bit of a mess of this work, hasn't she?
- 8 A: How are you enjoying your new job?
  - B: ..... But it's early days yet.
- 9 A: Why do you think Vic changed his mind at the last moment?
  - B: I don't know. It's a complex situation. I suspect ......
- 10 A: Who do you think was behind the plot to bring down the government?
  - B: I don't know, but I'm sure we'll find out.

#### 13.3 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 Let me a break!
- 2 There are plenty more sharks in the sea.
- 3 So long, so good.
- 4 It's not over until the fat lady dies.
- 5 Truth will escape.
- 6 Dad's the word.



Go to http://www.clichesite.com and look up these clichés by searching on the underlined word in each. Any friend of yours is a friend of mine. Beauty is only skin deep. Money is the root of all evil. What does each cliché mean? Write a short dialogue illustrating it in use.

# Other languages

As you probably know, English includes many words from other languages. The idiomatic expressions in this unit all come from Latin or French.



## Latin

idiom	example	meaning
ad hoc /æd'hpk/	He was paid on an ad hoc basis.	not planned but arranged or done when needed
ad infinitum /ædɪnfɪ'naɪtəm/	Their list of demands seemed to go on ad infinitum.	without end, forever
compos mentis /kompos'mentis/	My grandfather is nearly 100 but he is perfectly compos mentis.	in control of his actions, mentally healthy
de facto /deɪˈfæktəʊ/	Jorge is the <b>de facto</b> head of the organisation.	existing but not officially agreed (formal)
non sequitur /non'sekwitə/	Keiko's response seemed like a complete <b>non sequitur</b> to me.	a statement which does not seem to be connected with what was said before
oup status quo	The Conservatives favoured maintaining the <b>status quo</b> , while the Liberals hoped for change.	the present situation

## B

## French

- A: Are you familiar with our health and safety procedures?
- B: No, I'm not really au fait /əʊ'feɪ/ with them yet. [fully knowledgeable about]
- A: I hate people who talk loudly on their mobile phones on trains.
- B: I agree. They're my absolute bête noire /bet'nwa:/. [what the speaker hates most]
- A: It's always beautiful weather when you have to study for exams.
- B: I know. It's always the way. C'est la vie /seɪ.læ'vi:/! [you say this when something happens that you do not like but which you have to accept]
- A: Only the very best students are accepted on this course.
- B: I know. They really are the crème de la crème /krem.da. la: 'krem/. [very best]
- A: I wish he'd consulted with us first about changing the computer systems.
- B: Yes, he just presented us with a fait accompli /fet.əkpm'pli:/. [a decision that has been made or a completed action that cannot be changed]
- A: I think she should make more effort to control her children.
- B: Yes, she has quite a laissez-faire /leisei/feə/ approach, doesn't she? [desire not to control]
- A: The older generation criticising young people! There's nothing new about that.
- B: Yes, plus ça change /plu: sæ¹ fonʒ/! [times change, but some things stay the same.]

#### 14.1 Look at A. Complete each sentence with a Latin expression.

- 1 We don't receive many complaints, so we just deal with them on an basis.
- election results are finalised.
- connected to your previous point.
- 4 I could go on about the advantages of moving to the countryside.
- 5 Whenever a new person takes over as manager, they disturb the , at least to some extent.
- he was guilty.

#### 14.2 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an expression from the opposite page.

- 1 There were no opportunities for discussion; the reform was presented as a decision which had already been made.
- 2 All players must be confident that they know the rules of the game.
- 3 I can't come out tonight because I have to work late. Oh well, it can't be helped.
- 4 Of course I love being a movie star, but I must say that awards ceremonies are what I most detest.
- 5 So Dan has been arguing with his boss again. Things don't change!
- 6 A lot of the parents are not very happy about the new headmaster's liberal attitude to behaviour.

#### 14.3 Are these sentences true or false? If the answer is false, say why.

- 1 A laissez-faire approach is strict and intolerant.
- 2 A de facto leader is the officially recognised leader of an organisation.
- 3 The crème de la crème of applicants are the best applicants for the job.
- 4 It is good to include non sequiturs in your writing.
- 5 A bête noire is something that you do not like.
- 6 If you are compos mentis, you are not responsible for your actions.
- 7 A fait accompli can easily and quickly be changed.
- 8 If someone talks about something ad infinitum, they talk about it for a long time.



Match the following literal translations to idioms on the opposite page: cream of the cream, it does not follow, a done deed. What is the connection between the translation and the way the idiom is used in English?

# Sailing

As Britain is an island nation, with the sea playing a major role in the country's history and its economy, it is not surprising that the language has developed many idioms from sailing.

# A

# Talking about a business

Read this magazine article about a couple who bought a hotel.

When we took over the hotel five years ago, the business was on the rocks<sup>1</sup>. The economy was doing badly and people were giving luxury hotels like ours a wide berth<sup>2</sup>. The previous owners had decided to cut and run<sup>3</sup>, but we loved the place and were sure we could make a go of it. We battened down the hatches<sup>4</sup> by cutting costs as much as possible and did all we could to run a tight ship<sup>5</sup>. Holidays and any other luxuries for our own family went by the board<sup>6</sup> for two years. However, we managed to weather the storm<sup>7</sup> and are now making good headway<sup>8</sup>. We have lots of major bookings in the offing<sup>9</sup> and are confident of making excellent profits this year.

in serious difficulty

<sup>2</sup> avoiding (*berth* is an old sailing term meaning the distance a ship should leave between itself and a potential danger such as rocks)

<sup>3</sup> avoid a difficult situation by leaving suddenly (the image comes from cutting mooring ropes in order to make a quick departure)

<sup>4</sup> got ready for a difficult situation by preparing in every way possible (the image comes from closing the ship's doors securely when a storm is likely) <sup>5</sup> control a business or organisation firmly and effectively

<sup>6</sup> were abandoned (the image comes from something being thrown overboard into the sea)

<sup>7</sup> survive difficult times

<sup>8</sup> making good progress

<sup>9</sup> likely to happen soon (offing was a term used to refer to the part of the sea on the horizon)



# More sailing idioms

idiom	example	explanation	
be taken aback	We were taken aback when Ben announced his resignation.	were very surprised (If a boat is taken aback, it is suddenly attacked from behind.)	
leave high and dry	Many holidaymakers were left high and dry when the tour company collapsed.	put in a difficult situation which they could not improve (The image is of a boat stuck on a sandbank and unable to move.)	
take the wind out of someone's sails	Sally was keen to become an actor, but her teacher's criticism of her performance took the wind out of her sails.	made her feel less confident, by saying or doing something unexpected (If there is no wind in a boat's sails, then it is unable to move.)	
in the wake of sb / sth or in sb's / sth's wake	Thousands of people lost their jobs in the wake of the recession. The consultant strode through the hospital, several students in his wake.	following closely behind (The wake is the trail of foam left by a boat as it moves.)	
all hands on deck	We'll need <b>all hands on deck</b> if we're going to be ready for the party on time.	everyone must help (A hand is a sailing term for a sailor and deck is the area you walk on outside on a boat.)	
any port in a storm	I really don't like staying there, but I had no choice but to accept Jan's offer.  Any port in a storm, I'm afraid!	You must accept any help you're offered when you're in a difficult situation. (When there is a storm at sea a boat has to go to the nearest port.	

### 15.1 Look at A. Choose the correct answer.

- 1 Are you more likely to cut and run if a) things are going badly or b) things are going well?
- 2 Would you give a wide berth to a) something that attracts you or b) something that you do not want to approach?
- 3 If a politician is said to have weathered the storm, has he a) got through some problems or b) created some problems?
- 4 Would you batten down the hatches if you are a) expecting problems or b) expecting a relaxed period?
- 5 Is your daily exercise regime more likely to go by the board if a) you have some extra time or b) you are very busy?
- 6 If you were making good headway with your language studies, would you be a) pleased or b) upset?
- 7 If an event is in the offing, has it a) already happened or b) is it still in the future?
- 8 If a boss likes to run a tight ship, is he/she a) strict or b) relaxed?
- 9 If you had a business which was on the rocks would you be a) pleased or b) worried?

## 15.2 Complete each idiom.

- 1 I'd like all hands on ...... for the next few hours, please.
- 2 The bad reviews of his first CD took the ...... out of the singer's sails.
- 3 He wrote an interesting article about European politics ...... the wake of the war.
- 4 I was quite ...... aback to hear that Maura had handed in her notice.
- 5 Alex went home early, leaving me ...... and dry at the party with no one else to talk to.
- 6 Unfortunately, our plans to go on holiday this summer have had to go by the ....., as we're moving house.
- 7 I didn't want to sleep on my aunt's sofa for two weeks, but any port in a ....., as they say.
- 8 Despite the financial problems, I am confident that the company will succeed in ..... the storm.

### 15.3 Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

1	There's trouble ahead, so we'd better batten down the	offing.
2	It's a long journey, but we're making good	wake.
3	The business is doing so badly that I'm tempted to cut and	hatches.
4	There are some interesting plans for new projects in the	sails.
5	The film star left the room with a group of journalists in her	run.
6	It's about time someone took the wind out of Marco's	headway.

## 15.4 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 I try to avoid the city centre on Saturdays if I possibly can. (BERTH)
- 2 Jaime's mother was very surprised by his decision to leave school. (ABACK)
- 3 Amy's plans to buy a new car were abandoned when she lost her job. (BOARD)
- 4 Their relationship has been in serious difficulty for some months. (ROCKS)
- 5 Asim controls the business in a firm and efficient way. (SHIP)
- 6 The cost of home insurance has risen as a result of last summer's floods. (WAKE)
- 7 We were in a difficult situation when the babysitter didn't turn up. (HIGH)
- 8 I know it's been hard for you, but I'm sure you'll get through the bad times. (STORM)

# War and conflict



## Idioms based on war

Many idioms come from the topic of war. They are used to refer to actions and events that are seen as similar to battles, conflicts or struggles.

In these newspaper cuttings, the first sentence explains the idiom in the headline.

## EMOTIONAL CALL TO ARMS INSPIRES A GENERATION

President Forga's recent challenge to young people to show solidarity and vote in the next election has won widespread support.

## SALES TAX – PM BEATS A RETREAT

After widespread negative reaction to his suggestion yesterday that sales tax should be raised, the prime minister today said there were 'no immediate plans for an increase'.

## MORE BAD NEWS FOR SHELL-SHOCKED **INVESTORS**

Investors, who are already suffering from the financial crisis, are feeling nervous today as Southern Bank prepares to announce unexpectedly high losses.

## MINISTER DROPS AN ECONOMIC BOMBSHELL

The shock announcement by Ms Hanaria that the country is in a deep economic crisis, and that the currency must be devalued, stunned city economists today.

## SCHOOL CLOSURES - PARENTS ON THE WARPATH

'Parents are very angry and have decided to take action immediately,' said a spokesperson. Demonstrations are planned for all major cities.

## TEACHERS COME OUT FIGHTING

The head of the teachers' union said today that teachers would not accept a drop in salary and would oppose the decision to the very end.

# B

## Idioms connected with firearms

I think you shot yourself in the foot by leaving your old job before getting a new one. [unintentionally did or said something foolish which made your situation worse]

When I suggested raising the membership fee, Sergio shot me down in flames. [immediately criticised my idea and refused to accept it]

I think we should hang fire before making any rash decisions about redundancies. [delay making a decision]

# Idioms connected with violent events, armies, conflict and struggle

Now that I have a PhD, I've at least got a fighting chance of getting a teaching job in a university. [a small but real possibility]

Winning the cup in 1998 was just a flash in the pan - they haven't won a match since then! [something that happened only once and was not repeated]

Our new IT manager had a baptism of fire on her first day at work – all the computers crashed! [very difficult first experience of something]

As she left the studio, Dana Freen had to run the gauntlet of reporters asking her about her controversial new film. [face a lot of people who were criticising or attacking her]

Sometimes it's a real battle of wills between me and my dog – he wants to go one way across the park and I want to go another! [conflict between two different, strong desires or intentions]

After college, I joined the ranks of the unemployed for a year before I got my first job. [became (unemployed)]

Zetec stole a march on its rivals by launching its new car model six months earlier than expected. [got an advantage by acting before their rivals did]

## 16.1 Look at A. Complete each idiom.

Teachers are on the (1) ..... after the education minister yesterday dropped his (2) ..... about government plans to reduce teachers' pay and increase their working hours. Teaching unions have issued a call to (3) ....., and .....shocked teachers

have instantly agreed to oppose the plans, with strike action if necessary. 'All our members have come out (5) ..... and we are confident that the government will be forced to (6) ...... a retreat, said union leader Chris Banks at a press conference this afternoon.

### 16.2 Match words from each box to form six idioms.

shoot down in baptism a flash in a battle run hang

of fire the pan of wills flames fire the gauntlet

## 16.3 Complete each dialogue with an idiom from 16.2. You may need to change the form of the verb.

- 1 A: I think it would be better to postpone making a decision for a bit.
  - B: Yes, let's ..... until the situation is clearer.
- 2 A: Well, your first day at work was certainly full of drama.
  - B: Yes, it was a real.....
- 3 A: Has he written any other books?
  - B: No, I think the first one was just ......
- 4 A: Would you like to be a celebrity?
  - whenever I left the house.
- 5 A: He's very critical, isn't he, your boss?
  - B: Yes, all my ideas usually get ......
- 6 A: Why do parents and teenagers always seem to clash?
  - B: Well, you often have ....., especially between sons and fathers.

## 16.4 Correct the ten mistakes with idioms in this paragraph.

When Ali graduated, he decided he didn't want to meet the ranks of commuters struggling to work every day. He wanted to set up his own online gift-ordering business so that he could work from home. He knew it was a risk but felt he would have at least a fighting opportunity of success. Initially, he and a college friend planned to start the business together. Ali had the idea and Igor, his friend, had the money to invest in the company. But then just weeks before the launch, Igor dropped a bomb: he said he no longer wanted to be part of Ali's plans. Despite Ali's attempts to persuade him to wait fire on his decision, Igor said he was no longer prepared to take the risk and was going to hit a retreat before it was too late. However, two weeks later Igor took a march on Ali by launching his own online gift-ordering company. Ali was gun-shocked by this betrayal, but he soon came out battling. He took Igor's behaviour as a call to weapons and has persuaded a bank to lend him the money he needs. Ali's introduction to the business world has certainly been a beginning of fire, but I'm sure he will be really successful.



Use a search engine to search for these words, or search for them on the British National Corpus (http://www.natcorp.ox.ac.uk/): warpath, shell-shacked, bombshell, gauntlet. Write down an example sentence where each word is used in an idiom.

# 17

# **Transport**

As transport is such an everyday experience for many people, it is unsurprisingly a rich source of idioms.

# A

## **Trains**

Karl was full of enthusiasm when he started his university course. He worked extremely hard at first but, after a couple of years, he ran out of steam<sup>1</sup> and lost interest in his studies. He spent much more time going to parties and staying out all night than studying, and his tutor worried that he had gone off the rails<sup>2</sup>. But then Karl fell in love with a student in his department. Now, six months down the line<sup>3</sup>, he is back on track<sup>4</sup> towards gaining an excellent degree and fulfilling his dreams.

lost energy or interest

3 later

<sup>2</sup> started behaving in an unacceptable way

<sup>4</sup> again on the way to achieving something

## B Cars

We use at / behind the wheel to mean 'be the driver' (NB in this expression wheel refers to the steering wheel): I saw their car this morning but couldn't make out who was at the wheel.

We talk about someone being in the driving seat to mean that they are in control of the situation: Although the general manager is officially in charge, everyone knows his deputy is really in the driving seat.

We talk about life in the fast lane to mean a life that is active, exciting and dangerous. Life in the slow lane is correspondingly lacking in excitement and danger: I've had enough of life in the fast lane, so I'm giving up my executive sales job and moving to the countryside.

Doing a U-turn means changing direction, and it is used idiomatically when talking about politics: Initially the minister was against increasing road tax, but he has now done a U-turn and is defending the plan.

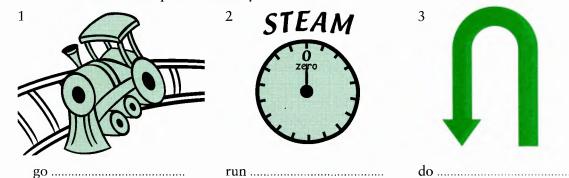
If we go / move / step up a gear, we start to work or play more effectively or quickly than before: After half-time the team stepped up a gear and managed to score three goals.

# C

## **Planes**

idiom	example	meaning
be flying high	The company had some initial problems but now it is flying high.	is very successful
fly by the seat of your pants	We had no business experience before opening the shop, so we were really flying by the seat of our pants at first.	doing something difficult without much experience or ability (informal)
do something on autopilot	I've written so many references now that I can more or less do it on autopilot.	doing something without thinking (informal)
take a nosedive	Share prices took a nosedive last week.	went down suddenly and fast
be on a collision course	The two countries are on a collision course, and it seems that nothing can be done to prevent serious trouble.	behaving in such a way that is likely to cause a major disagreement or fight
come to a standstill	Production has come to a standstill because of the strike.	stopped

## 17.1 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



## 17.2 Complete each dialogue with an idiom.

_	Tim: Ruth:	Edward's moving to New York. He said he needs more excitement in his life. Yes, I think he's tired of
	Rob:	The government have changed their mind completely on the new vehicle tax!
	Pierre:	
		Yes, they've
3	Mona:	Their son has started getting into trouble with the police.
	Ken:	Yes, he seems to have
4	Rajiv:	They were so enthusiastic when they started the new conservation scheme, but
		now it all seems to have slowed down.
	Nick:	Yes, the whole project seems to have
5	Ursula:	We need to start doing things more effectively and quickly.
	Ray:	Yes, we definitely need to
6	Freda:	Did you see who was driving when the accident happened?
	Krishnan:	No, I couldn't see who was

## 17.3 Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

1 I'm glad to say that things are now back	driving soat any more
	driving seat any more.
2 We don't know what could happen a year down	a collision course.
3 Things are out of control. Nobody seems to be in the	the line.
4 Profits of internet-based companies have taken	a complete standstill.
5 I think the employers and the unions are on	on track.
6 Nothing's happening. Things have come to	a nosedive recently.

### 17.4 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 If a business is flying high, it is a) failing b) just starting up c) doing well and is profitable.
- 2 If you do something on autopilot, you do it a) without thinking b) using a computer c) deliberately.
- 3 If someone is back on track, they are a) being punished for bad behaviour b) behaving in a less responsible way c) behaving responsibly again.
- 4 If you are flying by the seat of your pants, you are doing something a) without much ability or experience b) without thinking about it c) which is very exciting.



Find the meanings of these idioms in a dictionary and make a note of them in your notebook under the heading 'Transport idioms'. Note down the definition, an example sentence and any other useful information, such as whether it is formal or informal, etc.: drive someone round the bend, a back-seat driver, step on it, but the brakes on, give / get the green light.

# **Animals**



# Cats and dogs

- A: Trevor and Sue are so arrogant.
- B: Yes, they think they're the cat's whiskers. [better than everyone else]
- A: Do you think he'll get the job?
- B: With no qualifications or experience? He hasn't got a cat in hell's chance! [no chance at all]
- A: It's not fair that we have exams immediately after the school holidays!
- B: I know, it's a dog's life! [life is hard and unpleasant]
- A: I know I don't need the car over the weekend, but I don't want you to use it either.
- B: Don't be such a dog in the manger! [you're keeping it only so that I can't have it, not because you really want it yourself]

## B

## Farm animals

idiom	example	meaning
flog a dead horse	You're <b>flogging a dead horse</b> trying to persuade Kim to move house again.	wasting time trying to do something that won't succeed (usually used in continuous tenses)
(straight) from the horse's mouth	Guess what? Juan is going to work in Moscow! I got it straight from the horse's mouth!	from the person concerned
until the cows come home	You can argue until the cows come home but I'll never agree.	for a very long time
sort (out) the sheep from the goats	Setting the class such a difficult exercise will certainly sort the sheep from the goats.	find the people or things of high quality from a group of mixed quality
might as well be hung for a sheep as a lamb	You're already late, so just take all day off. You might as well be hung for a sheep as a lamb!	might as well do something more serious as you are going to be punished anyway

# C Wild animals

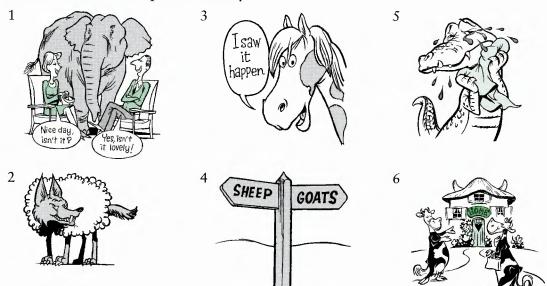
In these conversations, the second speaker uses an idiom to repeat and sum up what the first speaker says.

- A: The president's just pretending to be upset about the situation, don't you think?
- B: Yes, he's shedding crocodile tears to get popular support.
- A: Thomas was really upset when his team let in an own goal.
- B: Yes, he was sick as a parrot, wasn't he?
- A: Ana's hoping that Carlos will stop gambling once they're married, but I doubt he will.
- B: No, a leopard can't change its spots.
- A: He complained his business was about to fail so often that no one believed him when it finally did.
- B: Yes, he cried wolf once too often.
- A: He looks kind and gentle but he's not like that at all.
- B: You're right. He really is a wolf in sheep's clothing.
- A: I'm sure everyone is thinking about the divorce, but no one ever mentions it.
- B: That's right. It's certainly the elephant in the room.

## 18.1 Look at A. Complete each dialogue with an idiom.

- 1 A: She obviously thinks she looks really good in that new dress, doesn't she?
  - B: Yes, she thinks
- 2 A: Things are pretty hard for you at the moment, I guess.
  - B: Yes, it's .....!
- 3 A: Do you think you'll pass your driving test?
  - B: No, I haven't got ......
- 4 A: Her husband is so selfish, he never shares anything, even if he doesn't want it.
  - B: Yes, he has a real attitude.

## 18.2 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



## 18.3 Complete each idiom.

- 1 He's flogging a dead ..... trying to revive that old idea.

- 4 He was sick as a ..... not to make the finals.
- 5 Let's stay out a bit longer. We might as well be hung for a ......as a ...........

## 18.4 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 Don't pretend there's an emergency or no one will help when you really need it.
- 2 The minister pretends to be upset about homelessness, but does nothing about it.
- 3 I hate our neighbours' selfish attitude they don't want the parking space but they won't let us have it.
- 4 We can discuss it for a very long time, but I won't change my mind.



Look up these animals in your dictionary: snake, fish, rat. Can you find an idiom using each of them?

# Parts of the body



## The head and face

You should face up to your problems. Don't just bury your head in the sand<sup>1</sup>.

My dad has a good head for<sup>4</sup> figures. He can do complicated sums in seconds.

There's more to this news story than meets the eye<sup>6</sup>.

Let's put our heads together<sup>8</sup> and organise a surprise birthday party for Sam.

I think the success of his first film has gone to his head <sup>10</sup>. He thinks he's wonderful.

She won't apologise because she doesn't want to lose face<sup>12</sup>.

Kate is head and shoulders above<sup>2</sup> her twin sister when it comes to passing exams.



I don't know why I didn't get the job. Perhaps my face just didn't fit<sup>13</sup>.

It was one in the eye for<sup>3</sup> his critics when he won the tennis tournament.

I just held / bit my tongue<sup>5</sup> and said nothing.

As an English speaker, I find it difficult to get my tongue round<sup>7</sup> Scandinavian names.

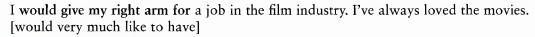
After some teething troubles<sup>9</sup>, our new wireless network is working well.

I like my economic history class. I've enjoyed getting my teeth into<sup>11</sup> a new subject.

In a face-saving<sup>14</sup> exercise, the minister agreed to meet the demands of the striking firefighters.

¹ refuse to think about unpleasant facts or problems because you do not want to deal with them ² a lot better than ³ a disappointment for ⁴ is good at something; collocates strongly with business, figures or heights ⁵ stopped myself from saying something which I really wanted to say ⁶ it is more difficult to understand or involves more things than one thought ¬ pronounce в plan something together ¬ problems in the early stages of doing something new ¬ made him think he's very important and made him a less pleasant person ¬ becoming involved in something enthusiastically ¬ lose the respect of others ¬ my appearance or personality was not suitable for the job ¬ done so that other people will continue to respect them

# Other body idioms



I don't want to tread on your toes, but would it be OK if I added a few paragraphs to your report? [do something that could upset someone by getting involved in something that is their responsibility]

The media tend to point the finger at the government for most of the current problems. [accuse of being responsible for]

He gave an awful speech. He made lots of jokes but nobody laughed. It made my toes curl. [made you feel extremely embarrassed or ashamed for someone else]

You have to read the newspapers daily if you want to keep your finger on the pulse. [stay up-to-date]



В

Draw pictures to help you remember the idioms, e.g. draw toes and write the 'toes curl' idiom in it.

made my toes curl



### 19.1 Look at A. Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 I wonder what is really behind the president's decision. I'm sure there's more to it than meets the mind.
- 2 Melissa is head and hair above her brother when it comes to maths.
- 3 I'm sure we can think of a good present for Jim if we put our hearts together.
- 4 Kasia really loves getting her mouth into a new project.
- 5 You mustn't bury your feet in the sand problems don't go away if you ignore them.
- 6 It was one in the nose for Liliana's brother when she passed her driving test first time it had taken him five attempts.

## 19.2 Read these statements and answer the questions.

- 1 The government is anxious not to lose face and so is refusing to back down. Is the government afraid of losing respect or money?
- 2 Danny finds it very hard to bite his tongue when his boss says something foolish. Does Danny want to laugh or to speak?
- 3 The novelist said she always enjoyed getting her teeth into a new book. Is the novelist talking about starting or finishing a new book?
- 4 Management has introduced some face-saving measures in the attempt to make the problems seem less serious.
  - Is management concerned about a loss of staff or a loss of respect?
- 5 Winning the prize has gone to Lucia's head. Is Lucia nicer or less nice because of her success?

## 19.3 Match the statements on the left with a suitable response on the right.

- 1 Let's talk about planning the party.
- 2 Bruno was upset when he lost the race to his rival.
- 3 Ahmed's been so arrogant since he won that competition.
- 4 He didn't want people to think less of him.
- 5 They never really liked him in his old job.
- 6 It's a very complicated issue, I think.
- 7 Everyone says that Ian's to blame.
- 8 I read a newspaper every day.

Yes, there's more to it than meets the eye.

That's right, his face didn't fit.

Yes, he was afraid of losing face.

Yes, it was one in the eye for him.

Yes, they're all pointing the finger at him. Yes, let's put our heads together.

Well, it's good to keep your finger on the pulse.

Yes, it's really gone to his head.

## 19.4 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 I wish I could go to Japan with you! (ARM)
- 2 After some initial small problems, the business began to do well. (TEETHING)
- 3 I find it very hard to pronounce some Welsh place names. (TONGUE)
- 4 I don't know why they're accusing me I'm not guilty. [FINGER]
- 5 I'm not very good at maths, but my brother understands all about figures. (HEAD)
- 6 I hope I'm not interfering, but could I suggest you try a different approach? (TOES)
- 7 Paulo's speech at the wedding was so embarrassing! (TOES)
- 8 I don't see how you can keep in touch with what's going on in the world if you never watch TV or listen to the radio. [FINGER]

# Games and sport

# A

# Card games and board games

You'd think it was monopoly money, the amount he spent last week. [money that has no value and is used only in games]

I wanted the job in Paris, but I knew the dice were loaded against me because my French isn't very good. [I would be unlikely to succeed]

He drives so fast! You're dicing with death if you let him drive you. [taking a great risk]

The audience sat there **poker-faced** all through the play. [expressionless; this comes from the card game *poker*, where you must not let your face reveal whether you have good or bad cards]

Management found that the union held all the cards in the pay talks. [was in a strong position]

I kept / played my cards close to my chest in the interview. [didn't reveal my plans]

The politician played his ace / trump card by promising lower taxes for all on the day of the election. [used his advantage, especially one others did not know about]

# **B** Ball games

# Hi Daniel

Having a bad day at work. My boss has just increased my sales targets, again! It's so unfair. He just keeps **moving the goalposts**<sup>1</sup>. On top of that, my colleague Jen has just announced she's leaving, which has completely **knocked me for six**<sup>2</sup> because I really like working with her. Apparently she **got the red card**<sup>3</sup> from Jerry because she was late a few times, and she's decided to leave.

Anyway, fancy going to see a film tonight?

Craig



Sorry you're having a hard time. It seems unfair to push Jen out just because of something so minor – it's just not cricket<sup>4</sup>! My new company is a whole new ball game<sup>5</sup> from the last one. People here like to play hardball<sup>6</sup>. Everybody is always competing against everyone else. I think I'll have to take a rain check tonight<sup>7</sup>. I promised I'd make the dinner.

changing the rules in a situation in a way that is not fair <sup>2</sup> surprised and upset me <sup>3</sup> received official criticism for bad behaviour <sup>4</sup> not right or fair behaviour; usually used humorously <sup>5</sup> a completely different situation <sup>6</sup> be so determined to get what they want that they use unfair methods <sup>7</sup> something you say when you have to refuse someone's invitation to something that you would like to do at another time

# C Boxing

idiom	example	explanation
not pull any punches	The coach didn't pull any punches when he told the team how badly they had played.	speak in an honest and direct way without trying to be tactful
be / feel punch-drunk	The trade fair was so noisy and busy that I <b>felt punch-drunk</b> by the end of the week.	was tired and confused (If a boxer is punch-drunk, they are dazed as a result of being hit on the head.)
below the belt	It was <b>below the belt</b> to mention his rival's marital problems to the journalist.	an unfair attack (In boxing, hitting someone below the belt is not allowed.)
throw in the sponge / towel	Kisho will never agree to throw in the sponge, even if he has lost any chance of winning the election.	In the past, throwing the sponge or towel into the ring meant admitting defeat.

20.1	Look at A. Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?
	play / keep dicing
	hold play play
20.2	Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using an idiom from 20.1.
	<ol> <li>I felt I was taking a huge risk riding at high speed on the back of his motorbike.</li> <li>I didn't tell anyone about my plans and didn't mention that I was going to resign soon.</li> <li>He's so rich. He spends money as if it were toy money.</li> <li>The barrister used an advantage none of us knew about and revealed the final piece of evidence.</li> <li>I wanted a job in politics, but felt I was unlikely to succeed as I had no personal contacts in the political world.</li> <li>Masa is so much more qualified and experienced than I am. He has all the advantages if we both apply for the same job.</li> </ol>
20.3	Read these statements and answer the questions.
	a Joseph just sat there with a blank expression on his face. b I think Ivana was unfair when she mentioned to her boss that Kim had once been in prison. c Jung said he was too busy to come with us this time, so we went without him. d The news obviously surprised and upset Gina a lot. 1 Who said something that was below the belt? 2 Who took a rain check? 3 Who was knocked for six by something? 4 Who was poker-faced?
20.4	Complete each idiom.
	1 Jin's in a very powerful position; he

5 The two presidential candidates have played ...... recently and have made

8 At 10 pm on the night of the election, the president threw.....

6 Advertising on TV is not the same as it was 20 years ago; it's a whole

7 Everyone felt ...... after six hours of political debate.

It's just not ....., is it?

quite personal attacks on each other.

.....now.

and admitted he had lost.

# Ancient myths and history



# **Greek mythology**

Read these comments made by politicians:

I think this party has a great future, but corruption seems to be our Achilles heel.

In his latest speech criticising the prime minister's actions, the finance minister has opened a Pandora's box of political and legal problems.

Our leader has shown that she has the Midas touch when it comes to economic planning.

His appointment to leader has caused many problems within the party, with some members accusing him of being a Trojan horse, sent to destroy the party from within.

Another stock market crash is hanging over this government like the sword of Damocles.

person or place	explanation	
Achilles /ə.kılı:z/	Achilles' heel was the only place on his body that the hero could be wounded or killed. It was his one weak point.	
Pandora	Pandora carried a box which held all the evils of the world. When she opened it, evil escaped into the world.	
King Midas	Everything Midas touched turned into gold.	
Troy	The Greeks sent a huge wooden horse into the city of Troy as a gift. Soldiers were hiding inside, who then attacked the city.	
Damocles  During a banquet, Damocles saw a sword hanging by just one hair above his he ready to fall and kill him.		

# B

# Other expressions related to ancient myths and history

In these conversations, the second speaker uses an idiom to repeat and sum up what the first speaker says.

- A: The government needs to act now before it's too late!
- B: I know. It's like they're fiddling while Rome burns.
- A: We've won an important victory, but we must fight on.
- B: Yes. We mustn't rest on our laurels.
- A: I'll examine every word in every single document until I find the answer.
- B: Yes leave no stone unturned.
- A: We knew it was going to end in disaster. It was so obvious!
- B: I know we all saw the writing on the wall.
- A: The early days of our business were such fun, and we were so successful!
- B: Yes, they really were the halcyon days.
- A: I don't think we should react to their insults.
- B: I agree. Let's just turn the other cheek.
- A: We won our court case, but we've got no money left. It wasn't such a great victory after all!
- B: No. I agree. It was more of a Pyrrhic victory.
- A: So Marco accepted responsibility for the situation and resigned as director?
- B: Yes, he decided to fall on his sword.
- A: The last thing Gerard said to his boss when he left the job was that she was a fool!
- B: Yes, that wasn't such a great parting shot, was it?
- A: The dispute has got bigger and bigger everyone's involved now.
- B: Yes, it seems to have grown to epic proportions.

21.1 Look at A. Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



- 21.2 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 21.1.
  - 1 New financial regulations are hanging over the banking industry like
  - It attacks your computer from inside the system.
  - 3 He's a good worker in many ways, but planning is his
  - 4 She opened ...... when she started investigating corruption in the building industry.
- 21.3 Complete the crossword.

## Across

- 1 the writing on the .....
- 2 a ..... victory
- 3 leave no stone .....

## Down

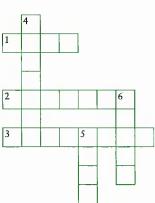
- 4 ..... days
- 5 Don't ..... on your laurels.
- 6 turn the other .....

### 21.4 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 Julia's leaving shot as she walked out of the room was to say that she never wanted to see any of us ever again.
- 2 The police left no stones unturned in trying to trace the missing child.
- 3 Piero fell into his sword and accepted full responsibility for the disaster.
- 4 She really has the Pandora touch everything she does is hugely successful.
- 5 It was a task of epic size, but everyone tried their hardest to succeed.
- 6 We should continue to work hard and not sleep on our laurels.
- 7 If we are faced with a violent attack, we should just turn the other face and not react.
- 8 Doing nothing at this stage would be like singing while Rome burns.



Use the Internet to find out where the idioms in B come from. You can use a search engine like Google or a specific site about idioms, e.g. www.phrases.org.uk



# 22 Shakespeare

Many common idioms actually come from the works of Shakespeare (1564-1616), the famous English poet and dramatist who wrote 38 plays, including Romeo and Juliet and Hamlet. Here are some idioms from Shakespeare's plays that are used in everyday English.

modern-day example	meaning	origin
Their relationship was ruined by the green-eyed monster.	jealousy	lago: O, beware, my lord, of jealousy; It is the green-eyed monster which doth mock / The meat it feeds on. (Othello)
By criticising the company and the team's performance, the new manager succeeded in upsetting everyone at one fell swoop.	suddenly, at the same time	Macduff (on hearing that all his family have been killed): What, all my pretty chickens and their dam / At one fell swoop? (Macbeth)
My nephews came to stay at the weekend and have eaten me out of house and home.	eaten all the food there is in my house (informal)	Mistress Quickly: He hath eaten me out of house and home; he hath put all my substance into that fat belly of his. (Henry IV Pt II)
It was a terrifying film – it made my hair stand on end.	frightened me very much	Ghost: I could a tale unfold [which] would make each particular hair to stand on end, like quills upon the fretful porpentine. (Hamlet)
Let me finish this email – I'll be with you in the twinkling of an eye.	in an instant	Launcelot: I'll take my leave of the Jew in the twinkling of an eye. (The Merchant of Venice)
The police were sent on a wild- goose chase looking for the money that the criminals had already spent.	a search that has no hope of success (informal)	Mercutio: If thy wits run the wild- goose chase, I have done. (Romeo and Juliet)
The TV presenter laid it on with a trowel when he was introducing that film star.	praised somebody or something excessively (informal)	Celia: Well said: that was laid on with a trowel. (As You Like It)
The film is a classic love story about star-crossed lovers.	people unlucky in love	Prologue: A pair of star-crossed lovers take their life. (Romeo and Juliet)
The prime minister was hoist with his own petard when the tax laws he had introduced led to his downfall.	caused problems for himself (by doing something that he thought would help him or that would hurt other people)	Hamlet: For 'tis the sport to have the enginer / Hoist with his own petard. (Hamlet)
Ted and Sylvia have broken up again! The course of true love never did run smooth.	There are always difficulties to face in romantic relationships.	Lysander:The course of true love never did run smooth. (A Midsummer Night's Dream)

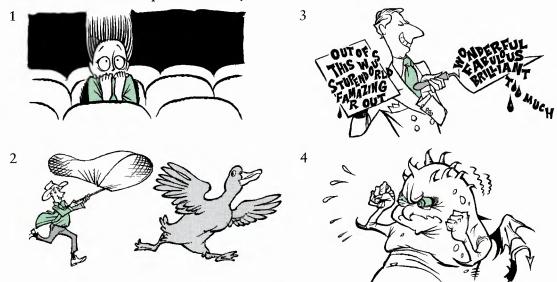
## 22.1 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 The film is about two people unlucky in love and their relationship.
- 2 Dom and his friends managed to eat all the food I had in the house.
- 3 Harry's driving terrified me, but we arrived safely.
- 4 He set off on a hopeless quest to find the buried treasure he'd read about.
- 5 Having criticised the previous government for their financial scandals, the new president was caught in his own trap when he was arrested for fraud.
- 6 Masha prepared a delicious meal in what seemed like no time at all.
- 7 Jealousy is responsible for many crimes of passion.
- 8 The reviewer didn't praise the play subtly he went on and on about how wonderful it was.

## 22.2 Complete each idiom.

- 1 So, Helen's parents are trying to persuade her not to get married to Tom? Oh well, the course of ......love never did run .....!
- 3 I need to go shopping. The kids have eaten us out of ...... and home.
- 4 I'll just let the cat out, then I'll be with you in the twinkling of an ......
- 5 Let's try and write all our holiday postcards at one fell ...... this morning.

## 22.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



## 22.4 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 22.3.

- 1 The bank robbers left the country after they had cleverly managed to send the police off on a ......
- 2 The ghost story David told made ......
- 3 Maya and Harry's relationship was destroyed by ......
- 4 Simply tell your daughter that you like her work. There's no need to .



'Pound of flesh' and 'send someone packing' are two other idioms from Shakespeare. Look at this website and check their meanings. You could also make a note of any other Shakespearean idioms in common usage that you find there: http://www.phrases.org.uk/meanings/phrases-sayingsshakespeare.html

# Literature

# A

# Famous literary characters

-	
example	explanation
My grandmother's attic was an Aladdin's cave of old paintings and other valuable objects.	In <i>The Arabian Nights</i> , Aladdin is imprisoned in a cave full of treasure.
All the cameras on our streets mean that <b>Big Brother</b> is watching us all the time.	Big Brother is the dictator who watches everybody all the time in George Orwell's novel 1984.
When I was learning to play golf, Jack was my Man Friday. He advised me and even carried all my equipment. (You may also see Girl or Person Friday)	Man Friday is the servant on a desert island in Daniel Defoe's novel Robinson Crusoe.
Larry is a real <b>Jekyll and Hyde</b> character. One minute he's happy and friendly, the next minute he's aggressive and violent.	Jekyll and Hyde represent two opposite sides of Dr Jekyll's personality in R. L. Stevenson's novel The Strange Case of Dr Jekyll and Mr Hyde.
I'm single and still waiting for <b>Prince Charming</b> to appear on his white horse!	Prince Charming is the handsome prince in many fairy tales. The expression is often used humorously.

# В

# Horoscopes

The idioms in these horoscopes all come from novels, plays, fairy tales and poems.

ARIES Someone asks you to take on a big responsibility, but be careful: it may become an albatross around your neck <sup>1</sup> .		<b>LEO</b> You have decided you need a new challenge. Why not <b>go the whale hag</b> <sup>5</sup> : sell your house, leave town and travel the world?
<b>TAURUS</b> You meet someone this week who you think will play an important role in your life. But be prepared to say goodbye; you may <b>be like ships</b> that pass in the night <sup>2</sup> .	<b>3</b>	<b>VIRGO</b> Spending all your time studying has put you in <b>an ivory tower</b> <sup>6</sup> . Try to live life more in the real world, not just with your books.
<b>GEMINI</b> You sometimes feel that your hopes and ambitions are just <b>castles in the air</b> <sup>3</sup> . But hold on to your dreams; one of them will soon come true.		<b>LIBRA</b> There may be a big argument with someone close to you. But don't worry: it will just be a storm in a teacup <sup>7</sup> .
<b>CANCER</b> You find yourself in a Catch-22 situation <sup>4</sup> with someone very close to you. One of you needs to be mature and act first, but who will it be?		<b>SCORPIO</b> You don't like offending people, but sometimes you have <b>ta call a spade a spade</b> <sup>8</sup> . Don't be afroid to say something that may hurt someone.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> a problem that it is difficult to be free of <sup>2</sup> people who come into your life and leave again after a short time <sup>3</sup> plans that have very little chance of happening <sup>4</sup> an impossible situation where you are prevented from doing one thing until you have done another thing, but you cannot do the other thing until you have done the first thing <sup>5</sup> do something as completely as possible <sup>6</sup> a situation where you are separated from the ordinary and unpleasant things that happen in life <sup>7</sup> a situation where people get very angry or worried about something that is not important <sup>8</sup> to tell the truth about something, even if it is not polite or pleasant

## 23.1 Answer these questions. Use the information in A to help you.

- 1 Which servant helped Robinson Crusoe?
- 2 What was the surname of Dr Jekyll's evil persona?
- 3 Who do fairy-tale heroines fall in love with?
- 4 Which authoritarian figure do we say watches everything we do?
- 5 Who found himself in a cave full of treasure?

## 23.2 Complete each sentence with a literary character from 23.1.

- 1 My sister's getting married next week. I'm so happy she's found her
- 2 The internet service providers know exactly which websites we visit is watching us all the time.
- 3 My life is totally chaotic. I need a ...... to help me with everything.
- 4 The old cupboard was a(n) ......'s cave of valuable objects.
- 5 Roberto is a real Jekyll and ...... character. You can never predict how he's going to behave.

## 23.3 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 Don't worry, it's just one of those problems where everyone gets upset and then it's forgotten. (STORM)
- 2 He wants to borrow a lot of money to go travelling, but paying it back could become a problem that he can't escape from. (NECK)
- 3 Why are you just getting a new fridge and cooker? Why not do things completely and get a new kitchen? (WHOLE)
- 4 He's always got some new money-making plan or scheme, but most of the time they're just plans that will never happen. (AIR)
- 5 I met him ten years ago and then saw him again last year. We seem to be like people who enter and leave each other's lives after a short time. (SHIPS)

## 23.4 Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

- 1 She's very direct and always calls
- 2 I found myself in a ridiculous
- 3 People say that academics live in
- 4 There's nothing to worry about; it's just

Catch-22 situation. a storm in a teacup. ivory towers.

a spade a spade.

## 23.5 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



Use the Internet to find out the literary origins of the idioms in B. The Phrase Finder at www.phrases.org.uk is a good place to start your research.

# Science and technology

# Science and technology idioms in positive contexts

Some science- and technology-based idioms are used to evaluate things in a positive way. Read these magazine reviews and note the idioms.

The Soundboom 88 software suite is at the cutting edge<sup>1</sup> of audio technology. providing a complete home studio.

This new web search engine is the brainchild of<sup>3</sup> Alex Wells, who originally developed the Worldseek software.

Hot off the press<sup>2</sup>, this online survey of consumer preferences is essential for anyone setting up a small business.

With its modern design and functionality, the Autoband USB turntable pushes all the right buttons4.

1 at the most recent stage of development in a particular type of work or activity 2 has just been printed and contains the most recent information <sup>3</sup> a clever and original idea, plan or invention <sup>4</sup> does exactly what is necessary to get the result you want

# Science and technology idioms in negative contexts

Science- and technology-based idioms can also be used to evaluate things in a more negative way. Read this conversation about a problem at work and note the idioms.

Archie: We're light years away from developing good software for our customer database. The hardware doesn't help either. The main computer is on the blink<sup>2</sup> and needs replacing.

Joanna: Well, we can replace the computer, but I thought the database was OK.

Archie: So did I, but Krishnan threw a spanner in the works<sup>3</sup> when he found some faults in its design.

Joanna: Well, we should be able to sort that out. I mean, it's not rocket science<sup>4</sup>, is it? There must be software we can use. Trying to do it all ourselves may mean we're just reinventing the wheel<sup>5</sup>.

Archie: Yes, but we want to do it properly. In some ways, the old system we had worked fine – you know what they say, 'If it ain't broke, don't fix it<sup>6</sup>!'

Joanna: Well, if we don't fix things soon, the system will go haywire and we won't be able to contact our customers. I think you should order a new computer and replace the software.

Archie: I'm not authorised to do that. I'm just a small cog in the machine here<sup>8</sup>.

it will be a very long time before <sup>2</sup> not working correctly <sup>3</sup> did something that prevented a plan from succeeding 4 used to say that something is not very difficult to do or to understand (humorous) 5 wasting time trying to create something that someone else has already created 6 said when you see that something works well, and there is no reason to try to change it <sup>7</sup> stop working normally and start working in a different and strange way (informal) <sup>8</sup> one part of a large organisation



# Other science- and technology-based idioms

The government has set the wheels in motion<sup>1</sup> for a complete reform of the tax system. My new car is very economical. The old one was such a gas guzzler<sup>2</sup>. Government investment has oiled the wheels<sup>3</sup> of economic development in the poorer regions.

done something which will cause a series of actions to start 2 car that uses a lot of fuel

<sup>3</sup> made it easier for something to happen

## 24.1 Look at A. Read these statements and answer the questions.

Rob: I got his new book the day it was published.

Matthew: My new MP3 player is great: it's easy to use, it looks good, and it was cheap.

Clara: This phone has features that no other phone has yet; it's amazing.

Julian: Apparently it was invented by a Russian scientist who worked on it for ten years.

Who is talking about	name	
I something that is at the cutting edge of technology?		
2 something that was hot off the press?		
3 something that pushes the right buttons?		
4 something that was the brainchild of someone?		

## 24.2 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 I try my best to do my job well, but sometimes I feel as if I'm just an unimportant person in a massive organisation. (MACHINE)
- 2 I don't want to do anything to prevent your plan from working, but I think you should apply for official permission first. (SPANNER)
- 3 I worry sometimes that we're just wasting time doing something someone has already done in our research. (WHEEL)
- 4 I'm afraid I couldn't print the document; our printer is not working properly. (BLINK)
- 5 There was a power failure and everything suddenly stopped working. (HAYWIRE)
- 6 She should be able to write a simple text message. I mean, it's not a difficult thing to do, is it? (SCIENCE)
- 7 I think we're a long time away from finding a cure for this terrible disease. (LIGHT)
- 8 Why change the system? If it\_works OK, we don't need to do anything! (BROKE)

## 24.3 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 If you oil the wheels of something, you a) make something happen very suddenly b) make it easier for something to happen c) stop something happening.
- 2 A gas guzzler is a) a type of cooker b) a person who drinks a lot c) a type of car.
- 3 If you set the wheels in motion for something, you a) cause it to start b) create complications for it c) cause it to stop.
- 4 If a machine is on the blink, it a) is working correctly b) is not working at all c) is working, but not correctly.

## 24.4 Here are some errors made with idioms by candidates in advanced-level exams. Can you correct them?

- 1 My school was new. We had all kinds of cutting-hedge technology.
- 2 Suddenly, everything went hayware and there was complete chaos.
- 3 She felt she was just a cog in the wheel and that no one ever noticed her.
- 4 The city council set the wheel to turn for the construction of the new park.

В

C

# Films, plays and books



The show had the audience rolling in the aisles1.

The plot will keep you on the edge of your seat4.

The finale **brought the house down**<sup>2</sup>.

His dramatic performance sent shivers down my spine<sup>5</sup>.

Helena Good stole the show<sup>3</sup> with a fantastic performance.

1 laughing a lot 2 made the audience laugh or clap a lot; was extremely successful 3 got all the attention and praise at an event or performance 4 keep you excited and interested in what happens next 5 was very moving

# Talking about books

Ken: I read that novel that Laura recommended. I eventually managed to wade through<sup>1</sup> all 400 pages, but I didn't like it very much. It was really heavy going<sup>2</sup>. It's not what I would call a page-turner<sup>3</sup>!

Nina: Yeah. The critics in the Sunday papers certainly did a hatchet job on it.

Ken: Well, it's pretty easy to pick holes in<sup>5</sup> the plot. I didn't think it was at all convincing.

Nina: Mind you, I could never write a short story, let alone a novel.

Ken: Yes, it's much easier to be an armchair critic<sup>6</sup>, isn't it?

<sup>1</sup> finish reading something, but with difficulty <sup>2</sup> difficult to read or understand <sup>3</sup> a book that is so exciting that you have to read it quickly <sup>4</sup> criticised strongly and cruelly <sup>5</sup> find mistakes in; criticise 6 criticise, but without any personal expertise in what is being criticised (You can also say 'armchair traveller' and 'armchair gardener'.)

# An actor's career

Portia Cole had always dreamt of having her name in lights<sup>1</sup>. At school she was a leading light<sup>2</sup> of the drama club, and she spent all her free time treading the boards<sup>3</sup>. Portia's tendency to play to the gallery4 meant she was quickly noticed when she started acting professionally. When she got the opportunity to take over the leading role in a popular new crowd-puller<sup>5</sup> in a major London theatre, she was waiting in the wings<sup>6</sup>, ready and eager to take centre stage<sup>7</sup>. She was surprised to feel very nervous before her opening night. However, all her friends and relatives assured her that it would be all right on the night8, and it was! The audience and the critics loved her, and her career was well and truly launched.

being famous <sup>2</sup> an important member <sup>3</sup> acting on stage (in the theatre) <sup>4</sup> behave in a way to make people admire or support her; often slightly disapproving 5 something attracting a lot of attention and interest <sup>6</sup> ready to become important (this idiom is often used in non-theatrical contexts too, e.g. 'Investors are waiting in the wings, ready to act if the business is sold'.) <sup>7</sup> become the most important person in the play (this idiom is often used in non-theatrical contexts too, e.g. 'Education took centre stage in the new political manifesto',) 8 without problems on the day of the actual performance

### 25.I Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

- 1 The critics didn't hesitate to pick
- 2 The hero's dying words sent
- 3 The comedian's jokes brought
- 4 It took me all of my holiday to wade
- 5 The singers were all great, but the young soprano stole
- 6 The play was so funny it had the audience rolling
- 7 The film was really exciting and kept us on the edge
- 8 The Sunday News critic hated the book and did a

shivers down my spine. in the aisles. hatchet job on it. holes in the actor's performance. of our seats. through that novel. the show.

the house down.

## Which idioms do these pictures make you think of? 25.2



## 25.3 Complete each sentence. There may be more than one possible answer.

- 1 When a politician plays to the gallery, it is because they want people to ..... them.
- 4 ......people would be at a crowd-pulling show.
- 5 ..... people do not usually enjoy taking centre stage.

## 25.4 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 Richard is an important person in the local tennis club. (LIGHT)
- 2 The teacher was very critical of my essay. (PICKED)
- 3 Don't worry about your presentation. It'll all go well, I'm sure. (NIGHT)
- 4 The dog got all the attention in the evening's performance. (STOLE)
- 5 She spent years acting in the theatre before getting a part in a TV soap. (BOARDS)
- 6 The new manager is good at saying things that make her popular. (GALLERY)
- 7 The book was very difficult to read. (HEAVY)
- 8 I can't believe that the Sunday News critic described such a boring novel as a book you just have to read quickly. (PAGE)

# Relationships - friends and family



# Family relationships

Liz and Tricia are talking about their families. The idioms they use are fairly informal.

Liz: How quickly time passes! It seems like only yesterday that my son Jason was a twinkle in his father's eye<sup>1</sup>, and now suddenly he's eighteen and about to fly the nest<sup>2</sup>. He's got a job in Spain, so he's moving there.

Tricia: Yes, my son Richard's the same. He's twenty-one, and he's the spitting image of<sup>3</sup> his dad now. He's just like him in character too – he's a real chip off the old block<sup>4</sup>!

They're both so tall too – tall men seem to run in the family<sup>5</sup>. Richard's already left home – we only see him a couple of times a year.

Liz: Yes, it's sad when your nearest and dearest<sup>6</sup> move away. Our daughter lives in the US, and we hardly ever see her. It's hard not being able to visit your own flesh and blood<sup>7</sup> very often.

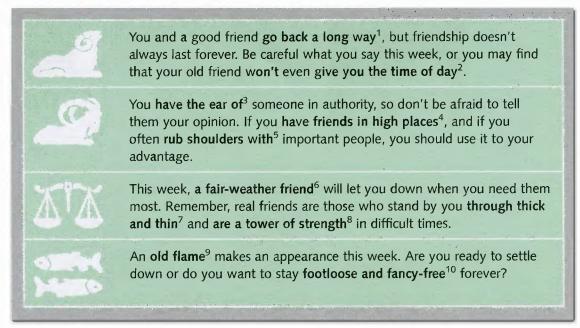
Tricia: Yes. But then, you know, our family always preferred being independent. We never lived in each other's pockets<sup>8</sup>, so I suppose this is the result.

was not even born (humorous) <sup>2</sup> leave home to live independently <sup>3</sup> looks very much like <sup>4</sup> similar in personality to one of his parents or an older family member <sup>5</sup> a lot of people in the family have that characteristic 6 your family (humorous) <sup>7</sup> relatives <sup>8</sup> did everything together



## Friends and other social contacts

Note the idioms in these horoscopes.



<sup>1</sup> have known each other a long time <sup>2</sup> will refuse to speak to you because they think they're better than you or they don't like you <sup>3</sup> the person is ready to listen to your views and ideas <sup>4</sup> know important and influential people <sup>5</sup> spend time with important or famous people <sup>6</sup> someone who is your friend only when things are going well for you <sup>7</sup> through good and bad situations <sup>8</sup> someone who supports you a lot in difficult situations. (You can also say 'pillar of strength'.) <sup>9</sup> someone you had a romantic relationship with in the past <sup>10</sup> free and without responsibilities to anyone

## 26.1 Look at A. Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending. 1 They invited their nearest father's eye three years ago! 2 We don't live in each other's the old block - he's just like his uncle Rex. 3 He has deserted his own flesh the nest and went to live in Australia. 4 Young Walter is the spitting and dearest to the wedding. 5 She was just a twinkle in her run in the family. 6 When he turned 18, he flew pockets, but we're a happy family. 7 Harry is a real chip off and blood and gone to join the army. 8 Kay and her mum are pretty. Good looks image of his grandfather. 26.2 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 26.1. 2 How could you harm your brother? He's your own ...... and 3 She was born in 1986. In 1983, she was just a ...... in 4 All her ...... gathered round her for a family photo on her 90th birthday. 6 He's 42 and still living with his parents. Most people a lot earlier. 26.3 Read these statements and answer the questions. Lidia: My so-called friend Sheila doesn't even give me the time of day any more. Connor: My friend Lorna has been with me through thick and thin. Ashley: I've got friends in high places, you know. Chelsea: My best friend and I go back a long way. Zenab: I've come to the conclusion that Ben is just a fair-weather friend. I Who has known someone for many years? 2 Who has a friend who is only there when things are going well? 3 Who has a friend who won't speak to her? 4 Who has a friend who has given a lot of support in difficult times? 5 Who knows powerful and influential people?

## 26.4 Rewrite each sentence using an idiom from the opposite page.

- 1 If the boss listens to him and respects his ideas, we should let him represent us.
- 2 Joanna was incredibly supportive when I was going through a bad time.
- 3 Hilda has invited a former boyfriend of hers to the party on Saturday.
- 4 My friend Roger has stood by me through good times and bad times.
- 5 He was independent and had no responsibilities until he was 25; then he got married.
- 6 I've known Raisa a very long time.



## Positive characteristics and behaviour

In this conversation, Lucy uses an idiom to repeat and sum up what Beth says.

Lucy: I'm trying to organise a quiz team. Who do you think I should ask?

Beth: Why not ask Jim? He knows a lot about all sorts of different things.

Lucy: You're right. He's a mine of information.

Beth: He can do all sorts of different things too. He's good at sport and he's set up his own

software business, which is doing very well, I believe.

Lucy: That's right. He's a man of many parts<sup>1</sup>.

Beth: Why don't you ask Matt as well? He's young, but he's so clever and really successful.

Lucy: Yes, he's a whizz kid, if ever there was one! Good idea!

Beth: His sister Sue is nice too, isn't she? Full of energy and enthusiasm.

Lucy: That's right. She's got plenty of get-up and go.

Beth: She'd be great in a quiz too. She's a trained chef; she's a qualified singing teacher, so

she knows about music; and she's studying film at college.

Lucy: Yes, she has plenty of strings to her bow. Thanks, Beth. I'll ask them all!

# B

# Negative characteristics and behaviour

idiom	example	meaning
a glutton for punishment	She's certainly <b>a glutton for punishment</b> . She's started doing a  second degree, even though she's got a  full-time job and two small children.	someone who likes working hard or doing things other people would find unpleasant (humorous)
highly strung	She's so <b>highly strung</b> that even a loud noise can make her jump.	very nervous and easily upset
act / play the fool	He'd be a nicer person if he didn't play the fool so much.	behave in a silly way, often to make people laugh
look out for number one	Trust Fred to take the last piece of cake. He always looks out for number one.	puts himself first, as he thinks he is the most important person (informal)
eat sb for breakfast	The lawyers are going to eat the accused man for breakfast.	speak angrily or critically to easily control or defeat someone
a love-rat	Movie star Jake King was exposed as a love-rat yesterday, when details of his affair with co-star Kelly Black emerged.	a man having a secret sexual relationship with someone not his wife or girlfriend. (informal, mainly used in popular journalism)
a wet blanket	Stop complaining about the weather. It's not that cold. Enjoy the picnic and stop being such a wet blanket.	someone who says or does something that stops others from enjoying themselves (informal)
a loose cannon	Our sales manager is a loose cannon. You never know what he'll say or do next.	someone who cannot be trusted because they act in an unpredictable way

You can also say 'woman of many parts'.

## 27.1 Look at A. Complete each idiom.

- 1 Let's hire Dan. He has a lot of get ...... and go, and will really inspire the team.
- 2 He's a person with many skills and talents, a true man of many .......
- 3 The restaurant is popular with banking whizz ......, all talking loudly about the financial deals they're doing.
- 4 Schools often encourage their students to collect as many ..... to their bow as possible.
- 5 Ask Aunt Fran to help with your geography project she's a ...... of information about different places.

### 27.2 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 Concentrate on your homework and stop playing a fool!
- 2 I hope Joe doesn't come to the party he's such a cold blanket.
- 3 I suppose that everyone ultimately has to look out for figure one.
- 4 Kate volunteers for all the jobs that no one else will do she's a real glutton for work.
- 5 I always said she was a loose gun, so I'm not surprised she's causing trouble.
- 6 The newspapers are claiming that the prince is a love-snake.
- 7 Be extra kind and calm with Jarek he's very tightly strung.
- 8 Everyone admires the young entrepreneur for his get-up and buy.

## 27.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









## 27.4 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 I'm really scared about meeting them. I'm sure they'll be angry and criticise me.
- 2 I don't want to be miserable and spoil your fun, but please can you turn the music down? It's too loud.
- 3 Some people say that to succeed in business, you need to put your own interests first.
- 4 There always seems to be a child in every class who acts in a silly way to make the other pupils laugh.
- 5 Martina would be easier to live with if she weren't so nervous and easily upset.
- 6 Some see him as an unpredictable and untrustworty person, but this is unfair.

# People - appearance



B

# Talking about people's looks

Amy: That new sales manager is very easy on the

eye<sup>1</sup>, isn't he?

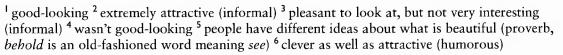
Kate: Yes, he's drop-dead gorgeous<sup>2</sup>!

Amy: It's nice to have some eye candy<sup>3</sup> at work. Kate: It certainly makes a change. The last sales manager wasn't much to look at<sup>4</sup>.

Amy: Didn't you think so? I thought he was quite good-looking. Oh well. Beauty's in the eye

of the beholder<sup>5</sup>, I suppose. Kate: How very wise you are!

Amy: Well, I'm not just a pretty face<sup>6</sup>!





# Ways of dressing

idiom	example	meaning
done up / dressed up like a dog's dinner	She was dressed up like a dog's dinner at the reception, in a big hat, lots of make-up and ridiculous shoes.	wearing clothes which made her look silly when she had dressed for a formal occasion (informal)
done up / dressed up to the nines	I never normally wear smart clothes or much make-up, but it's fun to get done up to the nines occasionally.	wearing very stylish and fashionable clothes, often for a particular occasion (informal)
dressed to kill	Selina's <b>dressed to kill</b> today, isn't she! I wonder who she's trying to impress?	intentionally wearing clothes to attract attention and admiration
your glad rags	Come on, put <b>your glad rags</b> on. I'm going to take you out to dinner.	your best clothes (humorous)
mutton dressed as lamb	A miniskirt at her age? She looks like mutton dressed as lamb!	dressed in a way more suitable for a younger woman (mutton is meat from an older sheep, whereas lamb is meat from a young sheep) (informal, disapproving)
down-at-heel	Henry is very down-at-heel since his business collapsed.	wearing old clothes that are in bad condition because of not having enough money



# Other appearance idioms

I'm developing quite a middle-age spread – I must start doing more exercise. [fat around the waist that sometimes develops as you get older]

Timmy was a naughty little boy, but he always looked as if butter wouldn't melt in his mouth. [he could never do anything wrong]

If you're going for a job as a lawyer, you'd better look the part and wear a smart suit for the interview. [look suitable for a particular situation]

She's the spitting image of her grandmother. [looks exactly like]

<b>28.</b> I	Look at A. Correct the mistakes in these idioms.	
	<ul> <li>Her new boyfriend is really attractive, but he's so boring! He's just eye sweets.</li> <li>Beauty is in the eye of the spectator.</li> <li>Of course my idea's a good one! I'm not just a pretty head!</li> <li>I've never met my brother's boss, but my brother says she's not much for looking at.</li> <li>I love that film star. He's fall-dead gorgeous!</li> <li>His new girlfriend is really pretty; she's very simple on the eye.</li> </ul>	
28.2	Which idiom is the odd one out? Choose a, b or c.	
	<ol> <li>The woman was a) easy on the eye b) drop-dead gorgeous c) not just a pretty face.</li> <li>Milly went out a) dressed to kill b) like mutton dressed as lamb c) done up to the nines.</li> <li>The new teacher a) isn't much to look at b) is rather down-at-heel c) is easy on the eye.</li> <li>My uncle a) is the spitting image of Ted b) has developed a serious middle-age spread c) has put his glad rags on.</li> </ol>	
28.3	Complete each idiom.	
	1 done up / dressed up like a dog's	
28.4	Complete each sentence with an idiom from 28.3.	
	1 We'll need to leave for the wedding soon. Hurry up and put	
	2 She's 50, but she dresses like a teenager. She looks like	
	3 If you want to get a good job in a bank, you'll have to stop dressing like a student and make an effort to	
	4 Even on an ordinary day at work, Gemma is	
	high heels and a smart suit. I wonder who she's trying to impress!  5 As well as being extremely good-looking, that actor is a very good businessman. He's	
	6 The actress looked ridiculous at the film première – too much jewellery and a very short dress. She really was	
28.5	Agree with what A says. Complete each dialogue with an idiom.	
	1 A: Karl has put on a lot of weight since he hit 50, hasn't he? B: Yes, he's getting a real	
	2 A: Paul looks just like George Clooney, doesn't he?	
	B: Absolutely. He's	
	B: That's right. She's never normally so	
	4 A: I don't like his new girlfriend. She's not even that good-looking. B: No, she's	
	5 A: You'd never believe that Billy could be so naughty, would you? B: No, he looks as if	

# Crime and punishment

## Crime

Carlos and Ayse are talking about a crime at work. Read the conversation and note the idioms. All the idioms they use are informal.

Carlos: I'd never have dreamt Russ was on the fiddle<sup>1</sup>, would you?

Ayse: Well, no. I knew money was going missing, but I never thought it would be an

inside job<sup>2</sup>. Russ seemed so honest, yet he had his hand in the till<sup>3</sup> all the time.

Carlos: Yeah, he pulled the wool over everyone's eyes<sup>4</sup>.

I can't believe he was taking us all for a ride5. He was so strict with us and yet he Ayse:

was lining his own pockets<sup>6</sup> the whole time!

Carlos: He sacked Jay when he was found selling things under the counter<sup>7</sup> last year.

Ayse: I know! And now Russ has done a runner8.

Carlos: Well, I hope they catch up with him.

was getting money in an illegal or dishonest way

<sup>2</sup> a crime committed by someone from within the organisation affected

<sup>3</sup> was stealing the business's money

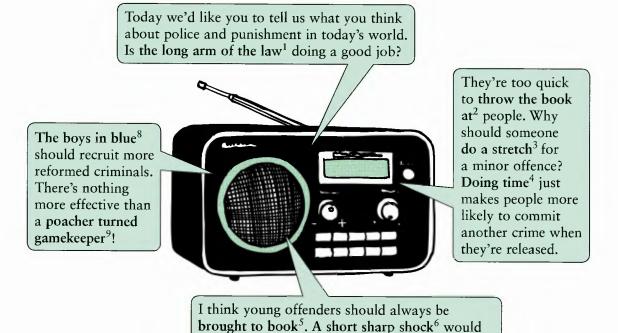
<sup>4</sup> deceived everyone

<sup>5</sup> tricking us

<sup>6</sup>was making money for himself in a

dishonest way <sup>7</sup> secretly; illegally

<sup>8</sup> run away to avoid a difficult situation



## B **Punishment**

the police (suggesting it has far-reaching powers)
<sup>2</sup> punish someone as severely as possible

(informal)

<sup>3</sup> have a prison sentence (informal)

<sup>4</sup> spending time in prison (informal)

<sup>5</sup> be punished (usually used in the passive)

<sup>6</sup> a brief but severe punishment

<sup>7</sup> behaving in an honest, moral way

<sup>8</sup> the police (informal)

keep them on the straight and narrow<sup>7</sup> in future.

<sup>9</sup> someone whose job involves working against the kind of person they used to be

## **29.** I Read these comments about people's attitudes to banks. Complete each idiom.

Interviewer: 'Do you think banks are honest and open?'

- They should be more open.'
- 2 'Well, I think there are a minority of bankers who are just ...... own which gives the banks a bad name.
- 3 'They're OK on the whole. But occasionally you get major financial crime involving billions of pounds. And often it's an inside ...... involving someone working in the bank. We all suffer then.'
- 4 'No, banks are on the ...... all the time, defrauding us and pulling the over our about what's really going on.
- 5 'Well, I think the banks are ...... us all for a .......... They never lose out – it's always the ordinary customers who suffer.'

## 29.2 Match each statement (1–9) with a suitable response (a–i).

- 1 I think teenagers who commit a crime should be sent to prison for a week and given a really hard time.
- 2 I see the police have been called in about the missing money at the tennis club.
- 3 People who throw litter in the street ought to be prosecuted.
- 4 Wow, the police charged Tony with every possible offence they could think of!
- 5 It didn't take long for the police to arrive, did it?
- 6 I heard that Donald was actually in prison years ago.
- 7 Apparently, Angela Smith was in prison when she was younger.
- 8 That famous computer hacker, Jin Soon, is apparently a reformed character.
- 9 It's amazing how that former burglar is helping the police investigate crime in the neigbourhood.
- a Yes, they say she did time for attacking her husband's lover.
- b Yes, it's a real case of poacher turned gamekeeper.
- c Yes, I agree. They should be brought to book.
- d Yes, someone told me he had done a stretch, but I don't know what for.
- e Yes, the thieves won't be able to escape from the long arm of the law.
- f Yes, a short sharp shock would do them good!
- g No, the boys in blue were soon on the scene!
- h Yes, they really threw the book at him, didn't they!
- i Yes, he's back on the straight and narrow.

## 29.3 Are these sentences true or false? If the answer is false, say why.

- 1 If someone has their hand in the till, they are illegally taking money from a business.
- 2 If someone does a runner, they chase after a criminal.
- 3 An inside job is a crime committed by someone from within the organisation affected.
- 4 If someone does a stretch, they tell the police who committed a crime.



Find a newspaper article relating to crime on the Internet. Either go to a newspaper site or use a search engine to look for 'crime stories in the news'. Try to find three or four idioms used in the article. Write them down in their context.

# Work



# Describing people's work situation

Read these comments by people about work situations. Idioms marked \* in this unit are particularly informal.

'Clare's babysitting job is such a cushy number\*. All she has to do is take the children to the beach and watch them play.' [a very easy job]

'Sylvia's really at the top of the ladder now. She finally has the success she deserves.' [in the highest position in an organisation]

'I took the job at Linderhoffs to get a foot in the door, even though it wasn't well paid.' [a job at a low level in an organisation, which you take because you want a better job in the same organisation in the future]

'I slogged my guts out\* for years in the water company and never got a pay rise.' [worked very hard or used a lot of effort]

'Trevor doesn't do very much, even though he owns half the company. He's just a sleeping partner.' [a partner in a company who does not take an active part in its management, but often provides some of the money; you can also say 'silent partner']

'Erica has a good track record as a sales person. She deserves to be promoted.' [all the achievements or failures that someone or something has had in the past]

'Did Charlie get a golden handshake when he left the company?' [a large payment made to someone when they leave their job, either because their employer has asked them to leave, or as a reward for good service when they retire]

'She got a very generous golden hello when she started her first job after university.' [a large payment made to someone when they accept a new job]

# B

## The world of work

These business news cuttings contain idioms used to talk about the world of work and business. Idioms describing work and business are often quite strong and colourful.

Roaflex is **doing a roaring trade**<sup>1</sup>\* and has effectively **cornered the market**<sup>2</sup> in camping equipment, 'The company is **going great guns**<sup>3</sup>\*. We've had a record year,' its president said today.

More travel agents will **go belly**  $\operatorname{up}^{4*}$  if the economic recession continues. Two major operators have already **gone to the wall**<sup>5</sup>: Worldex **went bust**<sup>6\*</sup> in February, and Overglobe closed in April.

'The big international companies dominate the fast-food market and we're shutting up shop<sup>7\*</sup>. We can't compete any more. I'm getting out of **the rat race**<sup>8</sup> and retiring to Spain,' said the owner of a small sandwich bar.

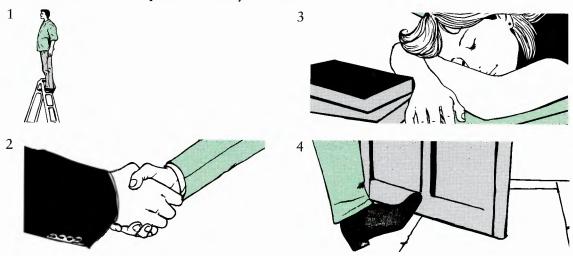
'I worked very hard and hoped I would get a promotion,' said Ms Kirby, 'but now I realise I've hit **a glass ceiling**<sup>9</sup> and won't go any further in this company.'

<sup>1</sup> selling a lot of goods very quickly <sup>2</sup> become so successful at selling a product that almost no one else sells it <sup>3</sup> doing something very successfully <sup>4</sup> fail <sup>5</sup> been destroyed financially <sup>6</sup> was forced to close because of financial problems <sup>7</sup> closing the business <sup>8</sup> a way of life in which people compete with each other for power and money <sup>9</sup> a point after which you cannot progress in your career (The idiom is mainly used to express the idea that women are unable to progress because the top jobs are only given to men in some companies.)



Always make a special note if an idiom is very informal, and be careful not to use informal idioms in formal situations.

## 30.1 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



## 30.2 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 30.1.

- 1 She founded the company, but she's not very active in it now. She's just a
- 2 He desperately wanted to work in the film industry, so he got a job carrying camera equipment to get .....
- 3 When he retired, the company gave him a ......
- 4 It took him years to become chief executive, but he's now.

## 30.3 Do these sentences make sense? Explain why / why not.

- 1 She had a good track record, so they fired her.
- 2 It was a cushy number, so he had to work very hard indeed.
- 3 I slogged my guts out and was exhausted.
- 4 She changed jobs and got a golden hello from her new employer.
- 5 The shop was doing a roaring trade, so they had to close down.
- 6 Porterfax Ltd went belly up and employed 30 new staff.
- 7 Opticarm cornered the market in digital cameras and faced strong competition.
- 8 He went to live in the country because he was tired of the rat race.

## 30.4 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 Our new online business is doing extremely well. (GUNS)
- 2 Some airlines are in danger of collapsing financially. (WALL)
- 3 That new farmers' market seems to be selling a lot of goods. (ROAR)
- 4 Mr Olsen decided to close his business and retire to the coast. (SHOP)
- 5 Another insurance company was forced to close down last week. (BUST)
- 6 She realised she had hit a point where she could go no higher at work. (GLASS)

# **Business news**



## Metaphors in business news

Metaphors (see Unit 4) are frequently used when journalists are writing about business. Notice how these headlines use metaphors from the weather, religion, horse riding, the natural world and the sea.

**CLOUD ON THE HORIZON<sup>1</sup> FOR LOCAL FIRM** 

SMITH OPTS TO BE BIG FISH IN SMALL POND<sup>4</sup>

TIME TO STOP WORSHIPPING AT THE ALTAR OF<sup>2</sup> CONSUMERISM

AXCO **SADDLED** WITH<sup>5</sup> DEBT

BANK THROWS SMALL COMPANIES A LIFELINE<sup>3</sup>

## В

## Financial news

idiom	example	meaning
the bottom drops / falls out of the market	The bottom has dropped / fallen out of the housing market.	people have stopped buying something
a ballpark figure	What's a ballpark figure for replacing the office furniture?	an estimated price
shoot / soar sky-high	Oil prices shot sky-high last month.	rose dramatically
take a nosedive	The company's shares took a nosedive yesterday.	fell suddenly and quickly
receive a windfall	Investors will each <b>receive a windfall</b> of \$10,000.	get some unexpected money
rein in spending	Many firms try to <b>rein in spending</b> during times of financial difficulty.	spend less
across the board	The impact of the reorganisation will be felt across the board.	by people at every level

# C Management news

Following the company's disastrous performance, the CEO has announced that heads will roll. [people will be severely punished, often by losing their jobs]

The managing director of Lo-cost supermarkets has been put on gardening leave since being offered a new job with rival company Costless. [told not to come into work during their notice period, although they will receive payment for this period]

The EatWell restaurant chain takes luxury catering to the next level. [makes something even more special or dramatic]

The company's controversial sales manager has been warned that he will lose his job if he does not fall into line. [start to follow the rules]

The director said that she is under no illusions about how difficult it will be for the company to survive. [understands the truth]

problem likely to happen in the future

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> being totally dedicated to (You can also say 'worship at the shrine / temple of'.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> gives help to someone in a very difficult situation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> an important person in a not very important organisation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> given a problem which will cause them a lot of difficulty

## 31.1 Look at A. Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?







## 31.2 Look at B. Answer these questions.

- 1 Which idiom is a horse riding metaphor?
- 2 Which two idioms are metaphors based on flying?
- 3 Which of the two flying metaphors relates to a bird and which to a plane?
- 4 Which idiom is based on a metaphor relating to fruit trees?
- 5 Which idiom is based on a sporting metaphor?
- 6 Which idiom is based on a metaphor relating to a breaking box?

## 31.3 Are the idioms in these sentences used correctly? If not, correct them.

- 1 The speaker said he was concerned about the way in which young people queue at the altar of instant gratification.
- 2 If people are given gardening leave, they are not allowed to come into work during their notice period.
- 3 Receiving a sizeable winddrop from one of our investments allowed us to extend our premises.
- 4 Changes in the company's structure will take place across the boards.
- 5 Jackson was underneath no illusions about how long it would take his business to get established.
- 6 Unfortunately, our profits took a nosedive last month.
- 7 It's time we considered how we can take our business to the next step.
- 8 The senior staff all went into line with the new CEO's demands.

## 31.4 Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

1	The latest crisis at work means that heads will
2	I can't tell you the exact price, but I can give you a ballpark
3	No one will want to take over a company so saddled
1	A

4 As our profits have fallen, we'll have to rein

5 Jake likes being a big fish

6 There are fears that the bottom may fall out

7 For the first time in ages there are no clouds on the company's

8 The plan is to implement substantial changes across the

with debt.

in a small pond.

horizon.

of the market.

board. roll.

figure.

in spending.



Look at the business news on an English-language business newspaper website, e.g. The Financial Times, www.ft.com. Make a note of any idioms that you find there.

# **Business** meetings



## Features of business language

Business language can be lively but it is sometimes criticised for certain negative features. For example, it can be 'wordy', using more words than are necessary, for example, using at this moment in time (instead of 'now') or on a weekly basis (instead of 'weekly').

A second negative feature of business language is its use of clichés (certain phrases that are used so often in specific contexts that they lose their originality), for example, have a window (have some time available) or touch base (talk to each other).

A: Can we touch base next week?

B: Sure, I have a window on Monday afternoon between two and four.

Many of the idioms in this unit could also be considered clichés.



# Idioms in business meetings

I have two issues to bring to the table at our next meeting. [raise for discussion]

It's hard to know what do. We're between a rock and a hard place. [whichever decision we make, there is a problem]

The fact of the matter is that we are in a very difficult situation. [the truth is]

I think Hari is the ideal person for the job. He ticks all the boxes. [has all the characteristics we wantl

The two managers used to be polite to each other; but now the gloves are off, and they make no attempt to hide their feelings. [they challenge each other in an unpleasant way (informal)]

We must work 24 / 7 [twenty four seven] to achieve our aims. [all the hours we can]

It's a dog-eat-dog world in our line of business. [situation where people will do anything to be successful, even if it is harmful to others]



## Idioms to talk about business ideas

idiom	example	meaning
at the cutting edge	We have to try to develop a product that is truly at the cutting edge.	the most up-to-date and advanced
blue-sky thinking	Management are going away for a weekend of <b>blue-sky thinking</b> about the company's future.	creative thinking
think outside the box	We hired Frank because of his ability to think outside the box.	think in an original and imaginative way
push the envelope	We don't want to lose our company's reputation for <b>pushing the envelope</b> .	innovating; going beyond normal boundaries
joined-up thinking	Unfortunately, there hasn't been enough joined-up thinking in our approach over the last year.	making appropriate connections
suck it and see	The idea might work, and it might not. We need to just suck it and see.	do something you have not done before to find out whether it is successful or not (informal)

## 32.1 Read these comments and answer the questions.

When do you next have a window, Sandra?

What does the speaker want to find out?

We'll need to touch base soon.

What is the speaker suggesting?

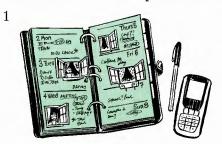
Things are rather difficult at this moment in time.

Why would some people not like this expression?

4 We should have a meeting on a weekly basis.

Does this sentence mean exactly the same as 'We should have a meeting every week'?

## 32.2 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









## 32.3 Complete each idiom.

- 1 I don't know what to advise. The only solution is to ...... it and see.
- 3 We've tried all the obvious solutions. Now we'll have to try thinking outside the
- 4 The two managers have become serious rivals, and the gloves are ......
- 6 There is a need for more joined-..... thinking from our managers.
- 8 Some of his ideas are very innovative; they really push the .......

## 32.4 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 Do you have any points that you would like us to discuss today?
- 2 We need to prove that our products are the most up-to-date if we are to stay competitive.
- 3 They've been working all hours of the day and night to complete the project.
- 4 The truth is that our previous advertising campaign was not as successful as we had hoped.
- 5 I have some time when we could meet on Thursday afternoon if that suits you.
- 6 They chose Mark for the job because he had everything they were looking for.

# 33

## Money

## A

### People's financial circumstances

Alex: If this business idea is as successful as we think it'll be, we'll be quids in for a

change. [make a profit; quid is a colloquial word for a pound sterling (informal)]

Sam: Yes, we'll be laughing all the way to the bank. [making a lot of money easily]
Alex: And it will be so easy too – it really will be money for old rope. [money that is

easily earned (informal)]

Lee: I'd love to get a job with a decent salary. I'm tired of living on a shoestring. [living

on very little money]

Kumiko: Me too. It would be great to be rolling in it, wouldn't it? [to have lots of money

(informal)]

Paula: Since my husband lost his job, I'm the breadwinner in my family. [person who

earns the money the family needs]

Mary: Really? Well, I guess I bring home the bacon in my family too. [earn the money

the family lives on (informal)]

Pat: Could you lend me twenty pounds?

Phil: Sorry, mate, I'm a bit strapped for cash at the moment. [not have enough money]

Dave: That singer's ex-wife – you know the one I mean – she took him to the cleaner's

when they got divorced. He's ruined! [got as much money from him as she could]

Di: I know - she's so greedy, isn't she? She would sell her own grandmother. [would

do anything to get money (informal)]

Laura: I can't believe you've bought a new car! We can't afford to throw money down

the drain. [waste money]

Tim: It's OK. It was going for a song – I only paid a few hundred pounds. [being sold

very cheaply]

### B How people use money

# Enter our rags to riches<sup>1</sup> competition!

Are you tired of scrimping and saving<sup>2</sup> in order to make ends meet<sup>3</sup>?

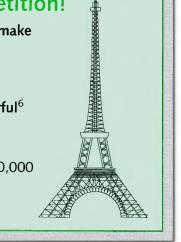
Fed up with **paying over the odds**<sup>4</sup> for things and **penny-pinching**<sup>5</sup> all the time?

Are you always on the lookout for **cheap and cheerful**<sup>6</sup> things that **won't break the bank**<sup>7</sup>?

Would you like to feel you had money to burn<sup>8</sup>?

Then enter our competition for a chance to win £10,000 and a **no-expense-spared**<sup>9</sup> weekend in Paris.

All you have to do is ...



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> from poverty to wealth <sup>2</sup> living very economically <sup>3</sup> have just enough money to pay for the things you need <sup>4</sup> paying more than something is worth <sup>5</sup> spending as little money as possible <sup>6</sup> cheap but good or enjoyable <sup>7</sup> don't cost a lot <sup>8</sup> excess money <sup>9</sup> luxury; a lot of money is spent to make it good

#### **33.1** Complete each idiom.

- 1 Working as a security guard is money ....., unless someone actually tries to break in.
- 2 He went from ....., but he was always afraid he'd end up poor again.
- money from the bank or from their parents.
- 4 When I was a student, I was always ...... cash, so I had to get part-time jobs.

- 7 They set up one of those social networking websites. It was an instant success and now they're laughing ......
- 8 Why do I work so hard and such long hours? Well, someone has to bring .....!
- have a nice meal out tonight!
- 10 I bought a new guitar at the weekend. It was going for a ...... at only £30.

#### 33.2 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 In the current financial crisis, people are finding it harder to make ends match.
- 2 I'm tired of living on a shoelace. I need to earn more money.
- 3 You should buy that old house it's going for a tune.
- 4 Spending money on ready-made meals is just throwing money down the hole.
- 5 Did you know he took his girlfriend to the Caribbean for a luxury holiday? He must be absolutely running in it.
- 6 We had lunch in a cheap and cheesy restaurant.
- 7 I know you love that dress, but it's so expensive. There's no point in paying over the evens for it – it's just not worth it.
- 8 Why don't you buy her a bunch of flowers? It won't break the wallet.
- 9 Kim is the main breadearner in our family.
- 10 I wish we had more money. I hate being so penny-picking all the time.

#### 33.3 Rewrite each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 The prize is a luxury weekend in a London hotel. (SPARED)
- 2 Ivana is always going shopping. She must have a huge amount of money. (BURN)
- 3 Kim has never had much money. She has always had to live economically. (SCRIMP)
- 4 If you like children, babysitting is a very easy way to earn money. (ROPE)
- 5 Everyone has to go to work in order to earn enough to live on. (BACON)
- 6 You sold the car for £200 more than you paid for it, so you've made a good profit. (QUIDS)
- 7 Sue has no principles when it comes to making money. (GRANDMOTHER)
- 8 I don't make much money, so I find it almost impossible to live on what I earn. (MEET)

#### 33.4 Answer these questions.

- 1 What would you buy if you were rolling in it?
- 2 What would you stop buying if you felt strapped for cash?
- 3 Have you ever paid over the odds for something?
- 4 Have you ever bought anything that was going for a song?

## **Society**

### People in society

The table below shows some idioms used to describe people in relation to their roles in society.

idiom	example	meaning
a self-made man	Andrew Carnegie is the typical self-made man: he was born into a poor family but became one of America's richest men.	person who is rich and successful because they have worked hard, not because they were born into a rich family
the chattering classes	A lot of people find his books boring and pretentious, but he's really popular among the chattering classes.	educated people who enjoy discussing social, political and cultural issues
a second- class citizen	Pensioners often feel they are treated as second-class citizens by younger people.	someone treated as if they are less important than others in society
the grass Football managers often go to smaller clubs roots to recruit new players from the grass roots.		ordinary people in a political or sporting organisation, not the leaders
the silent majority	I don't think their new policy represents the views of the silent majority.	large number of people who do not express their opinions publicly
the (men in) grey suits	The men in grey suits have a lot to do if they are to win back public confidence in our banking system.	people in business or politics with a lot of influence or power, although they are not well known to the public
public enemy number one	Smoking has become <b>public enemy number one</b> since the introduction of the smoking ban.	something or someone that a lot of people dislike or disapprove of
new kid on the block	I've only been working here for a few weeks, so I really feel like the <b>new kid on</b> the block.	someone who is new in a place or organisation and has many things to learn about it (informal)

### B

### **Power in society**

Bob: Have you seen this newspaper article? It seems like all the movers and shakers<sup>1</sup> were at the president's post-election party. All those people who helped him win by a landslide<sup>2</sup>.

Tim: Or at least helped rig the election<sup>3</sup> if you believe what some of the papers say!

Bob: Who knows! Apparently his wife is the power behind the throne<sup>4</sup>, although she hates being in the public eye<sup>5</sup>.

Tim: Yes, I'm sure she pulls the strings<sup>6</sup>. She's popular with the grey vote<sup>7</sup> too, I believe.

Bob: Oh well. It looks like there's another few years for Mr Big<sup>8</sup> and his government on the gravy train<sup>9</sup>.

the people with power and influence

<sup>2</sup> win by a very large majority

<sup>3</sup> arrange an election in a dishonest way

<sup>4</sup> someone with no official position in government or an organisation but who secretly controls it

<sup>5</sup> being famous; written about in the media and seen on TV

<sup>6</sup> is in control, often secretly

<sup>7</sup> the vote of older people (You can also say 'grey pound', the spending power of older people.)

8 the most important person in a company or organisation (informal)

<sup>9</sup> used to refer to a way of making money quickly, easily and often dishonestly, usually through your position in society

#### 34. I Look at A. Match the words in the box to form five idioms.

man	citizen	class	es r	oots	self-made	majority
second	-class	grass	silent	ch	attering	

#### 34.2 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 34.1.

- isolated from the public.
- 2 It's time the was heard, instead of the more vocal and aggressive minority.
- background and worked his way up until he became quite rich.
- about the opinions of ordinary people?
- 5 If you are poor, you may sometimes think you are a ...... in terms of access to university.

#### 34.3 Answer these questions.

- 1 How do you feel if you are the new kid on the block?
- 2 What, or who, in your opinion, is public enemy number one?
- 3 What kind of people are in the public eye?
- 4 What kind of people make up the grey vote?

#### 34.4 Are these sentences true or false? If the answer is false, say why.

- 1 'Second-class citizens' are the people with most influence in a society.
- 2 'The gravy train' refers to the big travel expenses which politicians can claim.
- 3 'The chattering classes' means very talkative people.
- 4 If you 'rig' an election, you arrange it in a dishonest or criminal way.
- 5 If someone wins an election 'by a landslide', they win by just a small number of votes.

#### 34.5 Complete each idiom.

- 2 I hate the way some politicians seem more interested in getting on the ...... train than in helping ordinary people.
- 3 After a few days at your new school you won't feel like the new kid on the ..... any more.
- 4 The men and women in ...... suits have far more influence on our daily
- 5 The owner of this TV company is the Mr ...... of the media world.
- 6 Sunbathing is public ...... number one as far as doctors are concerned.

#### 34.6 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 Although Bill receives all the media attention, his mother is really in control.
- 2 In the election, the Green candidate got far more votes than any other party.
- 3 Everyone suspects that the elections were not honestly won.
- 4 Mark has become very successful in business, despite starting out with nothing.
- 5 Journalists need to establish good contacts with the people who have influence in society.

## **Daily life**

### A

#### Eating and sleeping

idiom	example	meaning
square meal	You shouldn't just snack – try to have at least one square meal every day.	a big meal with all the types of food your body needs
done to a turn	The meat is delicious. It's done to a turn.	perfectly cooked
eat like a pig	He has no table manners – he eats like a pig.	eats very greedily and unpleasantly (disapproving)
eat like a horse	She's quite thin, even though she eats like a horse.	eats a lot
eat like a bird	She's quite fat, even though she eats like a bird.	eats very little
burn the Try not to <b>burn the midnight oil</b> the night before an exam. It's best to get an early night.		work or study until very late at night
sleep on it	Don't decide now – <b>sleep on it</b> and see how you feel in the morning.	postpone making a decision until after a night's sleep
go / be out like a light	The little boy went out like a light as soon as he went to bed.	fell asleep very quickly
not lose sleep over sth	It was just a silly argument — I wouldn't lose any sleep over it.	not worry about

## **B** More daily life idioms

Ned: Hi, Liz. Haven't seen you for ages! How are things?

Liz: I've been really busy. In fact, I don't know whether I'm coming or going<sup>1</sup>!

Ned: Is that because of work?

Liz: Partly. But I've also got some friends staying with me this week. They're lovely, but they want to go out on the town<sup>2</sup> every night. I'm exhausted!

Ned: But surely they could go out on their own?

Liz: Well, last night I suggested I give it a miss<sup>3</sup>, but they wouldn't listen.

Ned: Sounds like they've outstayed their welcome<sup>4</sup>!

Liz: Yes, they have. And also we're so busy at work that I don't have time to eat lunch. I just have a sandwich on the hoof<sup>5</sup>. There's not even a spare moment to pass the time of day<sup>6</sup> with colleagues. And I'm having a bad hair day<sup>7</sup> today too!

Ned: Poor you! You just need to take each day as it comes<sup>8</sup>. We're having a difficult week too. We've got no electricity, so the flat's freezing, and we can't cook or have a hot shower. As you know, I like my creature comforts<sup>9</sup>, so I'm finding it really hard. We were lucky last night, though. We went out for a meal and the owner let us have it on the house<sup>10</sup> because I once did a favour for him. Anyway, here's my train. See you soon. Bye.

<sup>1</sup> am unable to think clearly or decide what to do because there are so many things to deal with <sup>2</sup> spend the evening in bars, restaurants or clubs <sup>3</sup> not take part (informal) <sup>4</sup> stayed longer than the host would like <sup>5</sup> while doing other things <sup>6</sup> have a short, informal conversation or chat <sup>7</sup> a day when you feel that you look unattractive, especially because of your hair; often used humorously to describe a day when everything seems to go wrong (informal) <sup>8</sup> deal with things as they happen and not worry about the future; often used to describe recovering from an illness <sup>9</sup> physical comforts like a comfortable bed, hot water, food and warmth <sup>10</sup> given free by the business

<b>35.</b> I	Look at A. M	atch the begins	ning of each sentend	ce with its ending.	
	1 Don't worr 2 We had a g 3 Helen has a 4 My grandm 5 I didn't thir 6 I feel hungr 7 It's late. Let 8 I'm embarr	like a light. meal every evening sleep on it. sleep over it. like a pig. the midnight oil. like a bird. to a turn.			
35.2	Complete the	paragraph usir	ng idioms from the	box.	
	on the hoof	square meal	creature comforts	go out on the town	
	and a soft bed. friends in differ (3)	However, he love ent countries. H	d being able to (2) e had such an exciting	1)g time that he was usually te (4)	at night with new y too busy to eat a
35.3	Complete each	n dialogue with	n an idiom.		
	B: It's real 2 A: Are you	ı enjoying havi	t whether Ing Patty and Bob to	o stay with you?	
	3 A: Do you	fancy going to	some bars and ma	lybe a club or two on S	Saturday night?
	4 A: Excuse	me. You haven	i't charged us for oi	ur coffee.	
			e to chess club this		
	B: I was he	oping to, but I	'm afraid I'm going	to have to	
		e meet for lunc		to have a sandwich	
			ighbours well?	to have a sandwich	**************************************
	B: Not rea	lly, we just		someti	mes.
			eling after his opera		
			've been looking m		
				a	•
			t of food and Nigel		
	D: 1es, ne	cats			

## **Positive feelings**

#### Successful events

Read these positive reviews about the arts and note the idioms.

It's difficult to get children interested in sculpture, but the special exhibition at the City Gallery hits exactly the right note<sup>1</sup>.

Everyone **entered into the spirit of**<sup>4</sup> things at the opening of the museum, by dressing up as their favourite historical characters.

Wilma Gore's performance of Beatles' songs went down a treat<sup>2</sup> with the family audience at the Priory Theatre last night.

Coldplay have certainly **hit the jackpot**<sup>5</sup> with this, their third number one album.

The Tara Dance Festival went with a swing<sup>3</sup> this year, with a wide variety of fun events.

The exciting dishes at the Hantown Food Festival certainly **hit the spot**<sup>6</sup> with everyone.

is suitable and has the right effect (You can also say 'strike the right note'.) <sup>2</sup> everyone enjoyed it very much <sup>3</sup> was successful and exciting <sup>4</sup> showed that they were happy to be there <sup>5</sup> been very successful (and probably made a lot of money) 6 tasted good and made everyone satisfied

#### B Personal experiences

In these conversations, the second speaker uses an idiom to agree with the first speaker.

Tim: Molly has entered that pop singer contest on TV, The Nation's Best.

Daisy: I know, she's really got stars in her eyes, hasn't she! [is very excited about the

future and thinks she's going to be famous]

Gina: The new album by Mariah Carey is absolutely amazing! Just fantastic!

Eva: Yeah, it really blew my mind the first time I heard it! [made me feel extremely

excited or surprised (informal)]

Ciaran: Congratulations on getting the job in Italy. You always wanted that, didn't you?

Fran: Yes, it's a dream come true! I can't believe my luck. [it happened, although it was

not likely that it would]

Lily: Steve seems so happy ever since he passed his exams.

Anne: Yes, he's been on a high ever since he got the news, hasn't he? [been feeling very

happy and excited (informal)]

Ken: Hugo seems so happy and contented now that he's married, doesn't he?

Lisa: Yes, he's as happy as Larry. [very happy indeed (informal)]

Gerald: William seems very happy today. I wonder why.

Natasha: Yes, he seems to be full of the joys of spring! [very happy indeed]

Arnie: The boss has said we can all go home early today!

Hilda: Wow, that's music to my ears. Great news! [makes me feel happy]

Stefano: Osvaldo is always so happy and never seems to worry about anything!

Freda: Yes, he's such a happy-go-lucky person. [someone who is always happy and never

worries]

#### 36.1 Look at A. Complete each idiom.

- 1 The company's new line of sportswear has been incredibly popular, and they've made a
- enjoyed themselves.
- 3 That apple pie you made went down ...... with our dinner guests.
- 4 We were freezing, so she gave us some hot chocolate to drink it really ...... spot.
- 5 Everyone was in a happy mood and entered ...... the fancy-dress ball.
- 6 His lecture hit exactly ................................... Everyone enjoyed it and said it was very informative too.

#### 36.2 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









#### 36.3 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 After winning the race, I was feeling extremely excited for the rest of the day.
- 2 The decision to cancel the rugby match was very good news to me. I hadn't been looking forward to it at all.
- 3 Meeting Nelson Mandela was something I had always dreamt of, and now it was real.
- 4 Shona was looking very happy this morning. Something good must have happened.
- 5 Jerry's dreaming of becoming famous he's joined a rock band and given up his job.

#### 36.4 Rewrite each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 Sam Bagg's new album filled me with amazement and excitement. (BLEW)
- 2 My sister is such a happy and easy-going person. (LUCKY)
- 3 Iris is incredibly happy today! (SPRING)
- 4 He's so very happy in his new job. (LARRY)
- 5 This new series of adventure novels is just perfect for a teenage audience. (STRIKE)

#### 36.5 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 The music festival went on a swing and a lot of money was raised for charity.
- 2 The song we wrote for the end-of-course party went as a treat for all the teachers.
- 3 My cousin's got a star on her eye ever since her music teacher told her she could be famous one day.
- 4 Kevin is such a happy-lucky person; he never worries about anything.



Look in a good dictionary or visit Cambridge Dictionaries Online and find at least one idiom referring to positive feelings based on each of these words: content, cheerful, moon.

# 37

## **Negative feelings**

### A

### **Anger**

Chewing gum in class really rattles my teacher's cage<sup>6</sup>!

Mum almost burst a blood vessel<sup>5</sup> when she saw my brother fighting on the street.

People who are rude to waiters make my blood boil<sup>1</sup>!

What makes people angry?

Phone calls from people trying to sell me things I don't want really get my goat<sup>4</sup>!

People who talk loudly on their mobiles on the train make me see red<sup>2</sup>!

People who drive too closely behind me make me all hot and bothered<sup>3</sup>!

<sup>1</sup> make me very angry <sup>2</sup> get angry <sup>3</sup> angry and worried (informal) <sup>4</sup> irritates me (informal) <sup>5</sup> got very angry (informal) <sup>6</sup> makes them angry (This idiom is often used to describe someone who has been made angry on purpose.)

### **B** Other negative feelings

idiom	example	meaning
knock someone for six Losing his job has knocked John for six.		shocked or upset him very much (informal)
wild horses couldn't wild horses couldn't make me have a filling at the dentist's without an injection.		I would never
have a sinking feeling  I had forgotten to do my homework, so I  had a sinking feeling when my teacher asked for it.		felt that something bad was about to happen
down in the dumps	Katy has been down in the dumps since she failed her exam.	miserable (informal)
not be your bag	Playing cards <b>is not my bag</b> . It's really boring!	is not something I am interested in or like (informal)
wouldn't give something house room	The new government wouldn't give house room to those outdated policies.	don't like or approve of
kick yourself	I could <b>kick myself</b> for forgetting my sister's birthday.	am very cross with myself because I did something stupid
reduce to tears	Her brother's unkind words reduced her to tears.	made her cry
be a bundle of nerves	Fiona was a bundle of nerves before her wedding.	was extremely nervous (informal)
run out of patience	I'm running out of patience with these naughty children.	am beginning to feel annoyed

TIP

Help yourself remember these idioms by writing sentences about situations where you experienced the feelings they describe.

37.1	Look at A. Correct the mistakes in these idioms.  1 Dad almost split a blood vessel when I told him I'd driven into his car.  2 Sally felt all warm and bothered after having to push her way onto the train.  3 Dave saw black when he heard the boy speak so rudely to Janice.  4 You're in a bad temper today. What's rattled your box?  5 What Lily said to her mother really made my water boil.  6 It really gets my dog when you say such stupid things!		
37.2	Complete the idioms. What idiom would you use if you felt	••	
	1 very nervous? 'I'm a  2 unhappy? 'I feel toda 3 apprehensive? 'I about 4 impatient? 'I'm with 5 upset? 'The argument I had with my best friend has 6 unwilling to do something? '	ty.' ut this exam.' that incompetent company.'	
37.3	Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.		
	1 Going to the opera isn't my 2 I wouldn't give that artist's work 3 On rainy days I often feel down in the 4 People dropping litter makes my blood 5 Gerry's rudeness made me see 6 Not getting the job has knocked Ben for 7 Losing his keys made Jim all hot and 8 When the phone rang, I had a sinking	six. boil. feeling. bothered. bag. house room. dumps. red.	
37.4	Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word is	in brackets.	
	1 Selfish behaviour makes me very angry. (BOIL) 2 The film's sad ending made Stella cry. (TEARS) 3 Cruelty to animals makes me very angry. (RED) 4 I am going to get angry soon with James. (PATIENCE) 5 My brother's laziness makes me very angry. (GOAT) 6 I was angry with myself for missing the train. (KICKED) 7 What's made Paul so annoyed? (CAGE) 8 I shouldn't let him make me so angry. (BOTHERED) 9 Long walks in the countryside are not the sort of thing that appeal to me. (BAG) 10 Your father will be furious if you say you're dropping out of university. (BURST)		
37.5	Complete these sentences so that they are true for you.		
	1	······································	

### A A conversation about a problem

Dev: How are things at work these days, Nadia?

Nadia: It's a nightmare<sup>1</sup>. I took my eye off the ball<sup>2</sup> when I was trying to negotiate an

important deal and managed to lose quite a bit of money.

Dev: Can't you sweep it under the carpet<sup>3</sup>?

Nadia: Well, I did wonder about that, but decided I'd just have to own up to making a pig's

ear of<sup>4</sup> it.

Dev: Was your boss angry?

Nadia: Very! He said I was losing my touch<sup>5</sup>. It was quite a slap in the face<sup>6</sup> because I've

brought in lots of good business until now.

Dev: So are you thinking of looking for another job?

Nadia: That was my first reaction, but I've thought about it again in the cold light of day<sup>7</sup>,

and I think it might be better to stay there for a bit and try to make up for it.

Dev: Well, I'm sure you'll be able to do that without any problems.

Nadia: I certainly hope so. I'd hate to feel I'd really lost the plot<sup>8</sup>.

<sup>1</sup> is terrible (informal) <sup>2</sup> lost concentration <sup>3</sup> hide what happened <sup>4</sup> doing something very badly (informal) <sup>5</sup> losing my previous skill <sup>6</sup> hurtful; upsetting <sup>7</sup> later, when feeling calmer <sup>8</sup> gone crazy

### B Letters to a problem page

### Dear Zena,

I work in the same office as my sister. We get on well, but she is very jealous of me. I have now been offered a promotion which would mean earning a much higher salary than her. If I accept it, it will really put her nose out of joint. However, I'm in over my head<sup>2</sup> with debt just now, and if I don't accept the job I will be in a tight corner. Inancially. I can't see the wood for the trees<sup>4</sup> at the moment, so please help me. What do you think I should do?

Emma



#### Dear Zena,

I'm getting married next month, but it's all going wrong! The venue where we wanted to get married has cancelled our booking. This has really pulled the rug from under our feet<sup>5</sup>, as it's too late to find somewhere else. My fiancé's brother is also refusing to come. I think he's trying to settle a score<sup>6</sup> after a big argument they had last year, but it's very upsetting. And now my dress is too small! This is just the latest thing in a chapter of accidents. Is this a sign that our marriage won't work? Should I just cancel the wedding?

Megan

<sup>2</sup> in a difficult situation that you can't deal with

<sup>3</sup> in a difficult position (You can also say 'in a tight spot'.)

<sup>4</sup> be unable to understand a situation because you are too involved in its

<sup>6</sup> punish someone for something they did in the past and that you cannot forgive

<sup>7</sup> a series of unlucky events

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> upset or offend someone by getting something they wanted

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> do something that causes difficulties for someone, or suddenly take away help or support from them

#### 38.1 Look at A. Choose the correct word to complete each idiom.

- 1 When children help you cook, you can't take your eye off the [TV / car / ball].
- 2 You're refusing to speak to her now, but I suspect you'll feel differently in the cold [time / air / light] of day.
- 3 I really don't want to make a speech at my friend's wedding I'm sure I'll make a total [pig's / dog's / cow's] ear of it.
- 4 Trying to park in town was an absolute [nightfall / nightcap / nightmare] this morning.
- 5 Dan's behaving very strangely. Do you think he's finally lost the [map / plot / plan]?

#### 38.2 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









#### 38.3 Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

- 1 I'm not making as many sales as I used to. I must be losing my
- 2 I don't know why Bill is still so determined to settle a
- 3 I wonder if you could help me out of a tight
- 4 His neighbours' expensive new car certainly put Ted's nose out of
- 5 He realised he'd made a terrible mistake in the cold light of
- 6 No one in this business can afford to take their eve off
- 7 There have been problems all week it's just been a chapter of
- 8 You need to stand back from the problem so you can see the wood for

### Agree with what A says. Complete each dialogue with an idiom.

- 1 A: This job is really much too difficult for us now.
  - B: I agree. We're in ......
- 2 A: Selina has upset Gemma by going out with her ex-boyfriend.
  - B: I know, it's really ......
- 3 A: It will be impossible to hide our mistake.
  - B: Yes, there's no point trying to ......
- 4 A: That singer's nothing like as popular as he used to be.
  - B: You're right, I think he's .....
- 5 A: We need to get away for a while and think about the situation more clearly.
  - B: Good idea. At the moment we ......
- 6 A: I keep forgetting things recently.

38.4

- B: Me too. I feel like I'm
- 7 A: You have to concentrate all the time in this job.
  - B: You're right. You can't .....
- 8 A: He's got himself into a very difficult position now financially.
  - B: Yes, he's .....

corner. accidents. the ball. touch. score with Jack. dav. the trees. ioint.

## **Journalism**

There are many expressions in English which are frequently used in journalism but are rarely used in other contexts. This kind of idiomatic language is sometimes called journalese.

### Newspaper articles about politics

### MARATHON TALKS<sup>1</sup> COME TO AN FND

Several weeks of lengthy talks are coming to an end, and planners are now almost certain to be given the

go-ahead<sup>2</sup> to build a new housing estate on what is now North Park.

### PM FIGHTING FOR HIS POLITICAL LIFE<sup>3</sup>

The prime minister is facing increasing problems amid mounting calls<sup>4</sup> for his resignation. Many say he has

blood on his hands<sup>5</sup> after the number of civilian deaths in the recent war.

### **ELEVENTH-HOUR<sup>6</sup> AGREEMENT REACHED**

Management and unions have at last managed to hammer out<sup>7</sup> a possible agreement on wages. If, and it's a big if<sup>8</sup>,

the final contract is not signed today, workers plan to strike next week.

<sup>1</sup> very long talks <sup>2</sup> get permission <sup>3</sup> in danger of losing his position <sup>4</sup> with more and more people asking <sup>5</sup> is responsible for the death of someone or something <sup>6</sup> last-minute <sup>7</sup> reach (also collocates with other nouns, for example *deal*, *treaty* and *compromise*) <sup>8</sup> used to emphasise that sth is not certain

### A newspaper article about war

### **VORINLAND ATTACKED**

Vorinland has been further plunged into chaos<sup>2</sup> by a series of cross-border raids from the Sornak Republic, which took place under cover of darkness<sup>3</sup> last night. A number bloody confrontations<sup>4</sup>

The war-torn country of have resulted in warehouses near the border being engulfed in flames<sup>5</sup>. The situation has brought an end to the uneasy **peace**<sup>6</sup> which the two countries had been experiencing for the last few weeks. The immediate motive for the raids is as yet

shrouded in mystery<sup>7</sup>, but one theory is that it was a lastditch attempt<sup>8</sup> to sabotage the peace negotiations currently underway. The international community has appealed for calm.

1 country which has suffered a lot as a result of war 2 put into an extremely difficult situation <sup>3</sup> protected by the fact that it was dark <sup>4</sup> violent acts of conflict <sup>5</sup> set alight <sup>6</sup> peace that is not stable 7 not known 8 a final try (also collocates with other nouns, for example *challenge* and *effort*)



To find more examples of journalese, type "journalese" into a search engine, e.g Google.You should find both idioms and other language characteristic of modern journalism.

	CITY MAYOR FIGHTING FOR HIS POLITICAL LIFE	4		COURT FINDS MAN HAS BLOOD ON HIS HANDS	
	The mayor is going through a successful period.			The court found the man guilty.	
	NEW ROAD LINK GIVEN THE GO-AHEAD	5		MINISTERS DETERMINED TO HAMMER	
	The new road link will be built.			OUT AGREEMENT	
3	ELEVENTH-HOUR AGREEMENT TO SAVE BATTLESHIP			The ministers want to come to an agreement.	
	The second secon	6		MARATHON TALKS END IN FAILURE	
	The agreement to save the battleship was made in plenty of time.			The talks were brief.	
	Complete each idiom.				
	1 shrouded mystery 2 engulfed flames		_1		
	3cover		a	arkness	
	Complete each sentence with an idiom from 39.2.				
	The forest fires resulted in some entire villa The robbers got into the house	ages	ŀ	peing	
	4 The reasons for the bank manager's disap	pea	ır	ance are still	
	5 The power cuts the w	hole	8	nrea	
	Choose the correct word to complete each i				
	<ol> <li>Barbara Matthews, the British actress, has agreed to take the part if, and it's a [big / strong / hard] if, she gets the co-star she has requested.</li> <li>Amid [rising / climbing / mounting] calls for his resignation, the president has not been seen in public today.</li> </ol>				
	3 The [handy / bloody / hearty] confrontations show no sign of coming to an end. 4 There is now an [uncomfortable / unpleasant / uneasy] peace in the area. 5 The councillor is fighting [for / over / to] his political life.				
	6 There is growing evidence that the CEO 7 The directors are making a [last-time / la 8 It is a [war-worn / war-torn / war-broken	him: st-li	se n	elf has [dirt / mud / blood] on his hands. e / last-ditch] attempt to save the company	
	What images do these words make you thir images?	ık o	f	Why do you think journalists like such	
	1 engulfed 3 shrouded 2 plunged 4 last-ditch			5 eleventh-hour 6 war-torn	

В

## **Advertising**

### Idioms to convince people life can be better

Advertisements often claim that products will improve your life or give you special and exciting experiences, and so they use idioms connected with that theme.

The cruise ship Ocean Comet offers luxury beyond your wildest dreams<sup>1</sup>. Holiday in style with our exclusive 21-day winter cruises. Go on, do yourself the world of good<sup>2</sup> and book now at cometcruiser.com.

Marjorie Wilkes has a glass of Corngrass health drink every day. 'Drinking Corngrass has taken years off me<sup>3</sup>, she says. At 85, Marjorie still believes in living life to the full4, and with Corngrass, she does.

In a world where it's getting more and more difficult to stand out from the crowd<sup>7</sup>, the topof-the-range Vedra 2000 beats other cars in its class hands down<sup>8</sup>. Vedra – love to be different.

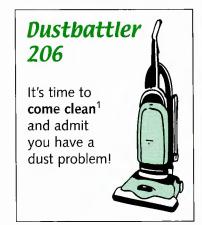
'We tried every kind of holiday, but they never quite hit the mark<sup>9</sup>,' said Ken Stax. 'Then we discovered Jetaway. There's a world of difference 10 between a normal airline and one that takes care of you from the moment you leave your house."

The Vestbook3800T is a laptop that is truly ahead of its time<sup>5</sup>. Less than 1 kg in weight, it packs an impressive punch<sup>6</sup> with its super-fast Pandros processor.

- more than you could ever imagine or wish for
- <sup>2</sup> make yourself feel much healthier or happier
- <sup>3</sup> made me look and feel much younger
- <sup>4</sup> experiencing as many good things as possible in life
- <sup>5</sup> has already got features other products will not have for a long time yet
- <sup>6</sup> is impressively powerful
- <sup>7</sup> be different from and better than others so that everyone notices you
- <sup>8</sup> is superior to other cars of its class
- <sup>9</sup> were never successful
- 10 a very big difference (usually with between)

### Idioms and wordplay in advertisements

Advertisers often play with idioms to make a greater impact, for example by basing the names of products and services on idioms to make them more memorable. Here are some examples from recent advertisements. The products and services are shown in the pictures. See Unit 6 for more information on playing with idioms.







1 come clean means 'tell the truth', usually about something bad that has been kept secret; the Dustbattler 206 cleans carpets <sup>2</sup> a smart move is a wise or clever action; removal companies help people move to a new home <sup>3</sup> said if you think it is a good idea to do something immediately; a present is a gift

#### 40. I Look at A. Complete each idiom.

- 1 There's a ...... difference ...... economy class and business class when you fly long distance.
- now at all good toy shops.
- 4 A villa in the Mediterranean? Free petrol for life? There are prizes beyond your .....in our new super-lotto competition. Enter online today!
- ....., with great sound quality and portability.
- 6 If your cooking doesn't quite hit ....., why not try our new online homecookery course at www.foodstermania.com?

#### 40.2 Agree with what A says. Complete each dialogue with an idiom.

- 1 A: The first hotel was dirty and noisy. The second one was beautiful and really luxurious.
  - B: Yes, there was a world ...... them.
- 2 A: Our Caribbean cruise was great. We came home feeling absolutely wonderful.
  - B: Yes, it did us ......
- 3 A: Jake loves meeting new people and trying new things.
  - B: Yes, he certainly lives ......
- 4 A: This new vacuum cleaner is incredibly powerful look how clean the floor is now!
  - B: Yes, it certainly packs ......
- 5 A: Freya is finding it difficult to get a job in the theatre. There are so many good actors looking for jobs.
  - B: Yes, it must be very hard to stand out these days.
- 6 A: Have you seen Edith since she had a facelift? She looks so much younger.
  - B: Yes, it's taken ...... I think I might have one done myself!

#### 40.3 Which product do you think each idiom would be best suited to advertise using wordplay? Choose the correct answer and say why.

idiom	products		
I a smart move	a) a hair dryer b) an electronic chess game c) a lamp a) a watch b) a scarf c) a computer game		
2 there's no time like the present			
3 come clean	a) a mobile phone b) perfume c) washing powder		

#### 40.4 Match the advertising slogans on the left (which all contain idioms) with the companies, products or services on the right.

- 1 PRESENT PERFECT
- an airline with beds in its first-class cabin
- 2 PHOTOGRAPHIC MEMORY
- a new gift shop
- **3 QUALITY TIME**
- an exhibition of pictures of a village taken 100 years ago
- 4 SLOWLY BUT SURELY
- a new range of luxury watches
- 5 FLAT OUT TO NEW YORK
- a cookery course to encourage people to stop eating

fast food



Look out for adverts in English and make a note of any idioms used in them, especially any which involve wordplay.

# 41

## Formal writing

Accurate and fluent formal writing is important in advanced-level exams. This unit presents some expressions to help you organise your arguments and ideas in an essay.

### A

#### Structuring an argument

First and foremost is a more emphatic form of *first*: First and foremost, it must be emphasised that there are several reasons for this change.

On balance, by and large and in the main are used to draw a conclusion after evaluating several different facts or opinions: On balance / By and large / In the main, the general public seems to be in favour of the proposal.

On no account is an emphatic way of saying not. Remember to invert the subject and verb when the phrase is used at the beginning of a sentence: On no account should their conclusions be accepted. Their conclusions must on no account be accepted.

On the one hand and on the other hand are used to present two contrasting ways of looking at the same problem: On the one hand, there is some published evidence to support the theory. On the other hand, that evidence has been questioned by some recent studies.

Last but not least is used to emphasise that even though something is mentioned last, it is still important: Last but not least, the impracticalities of the proposal created many problems.

In the final / last analysis is used to emphasise that you are talking about what is most important or true in a situation: In the final analysis, although this is an innovative idea, it is not one that we can consider.

### В

### Indicating relationships between ideas or events

The conventional wisdom<sup>1</sup> is that only children can learn a second language to a really high level. Many people claim that a good adult language learner is a contradiction in terms<sup>2</sup>. Young children can be excellent language learners, but that is not the whole picture<sup>3</sup>. Adult learners can also master a language. My brother is a case in point <sup>4</sup>. He learnt perfect Arabic when he was 30. However, adults, as a matter of course<sup>5</sup>, have more difficulties than children with pronunciation.

<sup>1</sup> something that people generally believe is true when in fact it is often false <sup>2</sup> an expression that is confusing because the words in it seem to have opposite meanings <sup>3</sup> not taking all the facts into consideration <sup>4</sup> an example of something just described <sup>5</sup> describes what normally happens or what is normally done.

A recently published Ministry of Education document **points the way**<sup>1</sup> to more teaching of languages at primary schools. This document **sets the stage**<sup>2</sup> for radical changes in language teaching. However, this **begs the question**<sup>3</sup> as to how enough teachers will be found to teach second languages to young learners. Some changes in teacher training are about to be **set in motion**<sup>4</sup>, and it is hoped that these will **open the door to**<sup>5</sup> more successful language teaching.

<sup>1</sup> suggests how something might be done in a better way <sup>2</sup> makes something more likely to happen <sup>3</sup> causes you to ask a particular question <sup>4</sup> started <sup>5</sup> let something new start



On the one hand I On the other hand do not present two arguments for the same position but are used to present two contrasting ways of looking at the same problem: On the one hand, I find life in the country less stressful than living in the city. On the other hand, I da miss theatres and cinemas.

41.1	Look	at A.	Complete	each	idiom.

1	last but not	4	and large
2	balance	_	no account
3	first and	6	in the final / last

#### 41.2 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 41.1. There may be more than one possible answer.

1	should we forget the history behind this conflict.
2	doctors must trust their own judgement.
3	I can see both arguments, but
	extending the school-leaving age.
4	, we must give a definition of family law before we
	can apply it to the case in question.
	, let us consider the role of the media in this debate.
	, the writer uses traditional poetic style.

#### 41.3 Choose the correct idiom.

- 1 Liberal right-wing policies sound like [received wisdom / a contradiction in terms].
- 2 [On no account / In the main], I approve of the government's approach.
- 3 The reform [begs the question of / opens the door] to an eventual solution of the problem.
- 4 Once the papers are signed, this legal process is [set the stage / set in motion].
- 5 [As a matter of course / Last but not least], large companies outperform smaller companies. This is only to be expected.
- 6 People who fail at school often succeed in later life. Einstein is [a case in point / not the whole picture].
- 7 The research [points the way / sets the stage] to a future cure for the disease.
- 8 Saying that boys achieve less at school does not give [a contradiction in terms / the whole picture].
- 9 Advocating equal opportunity for all [points the way to / begs the question of] how this can be achieved.
- 10 [On the one hand / On no account], international law exists to protect people from the power of states. [On balance / On the other hand], it can also restrict states from exercising their power to protect the interests of their own people.
- 41.4 Here are some errors made with idioms by candidates in advanced-level exams. Can you correct them? Looking up the word in brackets in a good idioms dictionary should help you find the correct idiom.
  - 1 The new building stands out like a sore finger. (THUMB)
  - 2 An interesting painting caught my eyeballs. (EYE)
  - 3 It's hard to keep up with government policy, as they seem to choose and change all the time. (CHOP)
  - 4 Business success often goes in pair with good working conditions. (HAND)



Find an article relating to your studies. For example, if you study science you could choose an article from the New Scientist website at www.newscientist.com. Can you find any examples of idioms? If so, note them down in sentences to show them in context.

## Advising and warning

### A Changing people's attitudes or behaviour

You've been behaving very badly. It's time to turn over a new leaf<sup>1</sup> and start behaving responsibly.

If I were you, I'd think twice<sup>5</sup> before taking the job. It doesn't seem very well paid.

Well, if you're bored with your job, maybe it's time to ring the changes<sup>2</sup> and look for something new.

You keep saying you want to give to charity, but now it's time to put your money where your mouth is<sup>6</sup>!

You'll never pass your exams if you don't work hard. You need to put your shoulder to the wheel<sup>3</sup> and start studying.

Don't assume you're going to get into university. Buying all your books before you get a place is tempting fate<sup>7</sup>.

My advice to you is to reach for the stars<sup>4</sup>. You can achieve anything you want.

If you no longer want to marry Sandra, you need to bite the bullet<sup>8</sup> and tell her.

<sup>1</sup> start behaving better <sup>2</sup> make something more interesting by changing it in some way <sup>3</sup> make an effort and work hard <sup>4</sup> try to achieve your ambitions or something that is very difficult (You can also say 'reach for the moon'.) <sup>5</sup> think carefully before making a decision (You can also say 'think long and hard'.) <sup>6</sup> do something practical about something you believe in, especially give money <sup>7</sup> causing bad luck for yourself by talking or acting too confidently about something <sup>8</sup> force yourself to do something difficult or unpleasant

### **B** Other idioms connected with advising and warning

example	meaning
Be careful what you say! I wouldn't stick my neck out if I were you.	give an opinion which others might not like or which others are afraid to give
I really think you <b>are on thin ice</b> when you criticise your manager so strongly.	taking a risk (You can also say 'be skating on thin ice'; always used in the continuous form.)
Let's just agree with the plan. We don't want to upset the applecart.	cause trouble or spoil people's plans
I can't help you financially. I know things are difficult, but you'll just have to <b>tough it out</b> .	face a difficult situation without changing your plans or opinions
It's great that you want to start your own business, but don't bite off more than you can chew.	try to do more than you are able to
Don't worry about paying for your university studies. We'll cross that bridge when we come to it.	face that problem when it happens, not now
Business is not looking good. We have to <b>trim our</b> sails and be more realistic about our costs.	spend less money

#### **42.** I Look at A. Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?

1







#### 42.2 Complete each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 The club needs money desperately. Charlie says he wants to help, so he should
- 2 I know you don't want to tell her the bad news, but you have to
- 3 Come on, work harder! You have to .....!

#### 42.3 Choose the correct word to complete each idiom.

.....

- 1 You should think [over / double / twice] before you give anyone your personal details.
- 2 I wouldn't upset [the applecart / the fruitcart / the apple tree] at work. Just say you agree with your manager.
- 3 The company realised that it had to [change / tighten / trim] its sails because of the economic recession.
- 4 Let's not book the holiday until mum has had her operation and she's out of hospital. We don't want to [test / try / tempt] fate.
- 5 It's going to be a difficult year for us financially, but we'll just have to tough it [out / through / overl.
- 6 You've been wearing the same boring old clothes for years. Come on, let's go shopping. It's time to ring [a change / the changes / the change]!

#### 42.4 What could you say in these situations? Use the idioms in the box.

be (skating) on thin ice tough it out bite off more than you can chew stick your neck out

- 1 A friend buys an old, ruined house, then finds out it will cost a lot of money and take a lot of time to make it habitable.
- 2 A friend speaks out at a public meeting and gives an opinion that most people do not agree with. You think it was not a good idea to speak out in this way.
- 3 A friend is in financial difficulties and asks you to help, but you can't. You think they just have to accept their situation.
- 4 A classmate sends an email to your teacher containing a very strong criticism of her. You think the classmate is taking a big risk.



A lot of idioms are based on parts of the human body (for example, put your shoulder to the wheel and stick your neck out in this unit). Find one more idiom for shoulder and one more for neck and record them in your vocabulary notebook.

# 43

## **Telling stories**

### A

### The office party

The office party was embarrassing, to say the least<sup>1</sup>. It all went wrong from the word go<sup>2</sup>, when I couldn't find the venue and was two hours late. I'd only been working at the company for a week, and didn't really know anybody there, so there was a lot at stake<sup>3</sup> in terms of getting to know my new colleagues and making a good first impression. I started talking to someone who was, to put it mildly<sup>4</sup>, one of the most boring people I've ever met, so I escaped quickly and started talking to Alice, who I sit next to at work. I was complaining about the man I'd been talking to and noticed she had gone very quiet. The penny dropped<sup>5</sup> when she said, 'He's my husband.' I later discovered that, for good measure<sup>6</sup>, he's also a director of the company. I can't believe I dropped such a clanger<sup>7</sup>.

- expression used to indicate that something is more serious or important than your words may suggest
- <sup>2</sup> from the very start
- <sup>3</sup> to lose

- <sup>4</sup> expression used to describe something as more extreme than your words may suggest
- <sup>5</sup> I suddenly understood (informal)
- <sup>6</sup> in addition
- <sup>7</sup> said something very embarrassing

### **B** Getting a job

I'm sure I got my job more by luck than judgement<sup>1</sup>. My CV wasn't very good, to say nothing of<sup>2</sup> the disastrous interview. I nearly fell off my chair<sup>3</sup> when they offered me the job, and I even got a company car into the bargain<sup>4</sup>. There's a lot to be said for<sup>5</sup> not worrying about things until you know the final outcome.

- by chance rather than skill
- <sup>2</sup> and in addition there is / was
- <sup>3</sup> I was extremely surprised

- <sup>4</sup> as well as other things mentioned
- 5 there's a lot in favour of

### **C** Other stories

John told me he'd won the lottery and for a split second I believed him!

Between you and me<sup>2</sup>, I think Kate's thinking of dropping out of university.

Guess who I bumped into on the way to work? Sara! It was a real bolt from the blue<sup>3</sup>. I've not seen her for years.

for a very brief moment

<sup>3</sup> an unexpected and very surprising event

The exam looked really easy at first glance<sup>4</sup>, but it was actually really difficult, and I think I've failed.

They may seem a strange couple, but when all's said and done<sup>5</sup>, they're really happy together.

That's a real turn-up for the books<sup>6</sup> – I just got a pay rise I wasn't expecting.

<sup>4</sup> when you first look at it

<sup>5</sup> said when you are about to say the most important fact in a situation

<sup>6</sup> strange or surprising event

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> said when you are going to tell someone something confidential

#### **43.1** Complete each idiom.

- 2 It took a while for the penny to ......, but eventually Joe realised I was joking.
- 3 Kathy nearly fell off her ...... when she saw a film star in her local restaurant.
- 4 For a .....second I was afraid the car was going to crash.
- 5 He doesn't like spending money, to ...... it mildly.
- 6 Just ......you and me, I'm thinking of applying for a new job.
- 8 I dropped a ...... at Jane's party: I asked where her cat was, but apparently it died last week!

#### 43.2 Answer these questions about the idioms on the opposite page.

- 1 Which two idioms talk about the beginning of something?
- 2 Which three idioms comment on something being surprising?
- 3 Which three idioms can be used to add extra information to other points mentioned?
- 4 Which idiom can be used to emphasise that you want to say something significant?
- 5 Which two idioms relate to chance and risk?

#### 43.3 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 There are many advantages to working in an open-plan office.
- 2 Very briefly, I believed Tom when he said he was moving to Australia; then I realised he was joking.
- 3 Initially, the project seemed quite simple.
- 4 He passed his driving test first time, but I'd say it was more thanks to good fortune than to any special ability.
- 5 Don't tell anyone else, but I think Sue and Larry may be going out together.
- 6 Their decision to marry came as a complete surprise.
- 7 It was, at best, a risky thing to do.
- 8 Both the brothers are very clever, as is their brilliant sister.

#### 43.4 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 The party was fantastic delicious food, a great band and all my favourite people there for full measure.
- 2 She's pretty, clever and nice for the bargain.
- 3 When all's told and done, I think you made the right decision.
- 4 No one thought the film would be a success, so it was a real turn-up in the books when it won three Oscars.
- 5 I feel very nervous about this exam; there is a lot at the stake.
- 6 I didn't understand what he meant at first, but then the pound dropped.
- 7 We got on really well from the word start.
- 8 I think you were rather rude to her, to tell it mildly.



Choose three idioms that you particularly want to learn from this unit. Look them up in an online dictionary, e.g. http://dictionary.cambridge.org/. Write down the example sentences using these idioms that you find there. Then write another example using the idiom in a context relevant to you.

## Responding to what people say

The idioms in this unit are used mainly in informal spoken language or in informal writing, e.g. emails to friends. They are not used in formal speaking or writing.

### A Short responses

In these conversations, the second speaker uses an idiom to react to what the first speaker says.

- A: What's Joe doing these days?
- B: You may well ask! [when someone asks you about something which you think is strange, funny or annoying (humorous)]
- A: Do you think Gill will come and help us tomorrow morning?
- B: Fat chance! She never gets up before ten o'clock! [you think this will definitely not happen]
- A: Did you know Nina's boyfriend was a basketball player?
- B: Actually, he's a volleyball player.
- A: Well, same difference. [you admit you were wrong, but think the difference is unimportant]
- A: Farah has an amazing job. She travels the world as some millionaire's personal assistant.
- B: Nice work if you can get it! [an easy job that you would like to have if you could]
- A: Teresa and Harry are bringing their four noisy kids and their dog when they come to stay.
- B: Oh, no! They're bad enough, but their kids and dog too? That's all we need! [something even worse will be added to an already bad situation]
- A: Petra has resigned. She's leaving at the end of the month.
- B: Well, good riddance, I say! I've never liked her. [you are pleased that someone or something you didn't like has gone; you can also say 'good riddance to bad rubbish' (impolite)]
- A: Richard says he's going to move to Hollywood and become a famous film star.
- B: Oh, give me a break! He's the worst actor I've ever seen! [you don't believe what you have just heard]
- A: When shall we tell Lily the bad news?
- B: Well, there's no time like the present. [it's better to do something immediately rather than wait]

### **B** Reacting to news and events

Maria: Hi, Tara. You know Kerry's split up with Matt? Well, the plot thickens<sup>1</sup> – she's going out with James!

Tara: I thought as much<sup>2</sup>! I saw them together this morning.

Maria: What is the world coming to<sup>3</sup>? Matt's lovely! Don't get me wrong<sup>4</sup>, James is gorgeous, but he's not a very nice person, and he's really boring. He needs to get a life<sup>5</sup>!

Tara: I know, it will all end in tears<sup>6</sup>! What does she see in him?

Maria: You've got me there<sup>7</sup>. Didn't you use to like him?

Tara: Do me a favour<sup>8</sup>! I wouldn't trust him as far as I could throw him<sup>9</sup>. He cheated on his last girlfriend, you know.

Maria: Fair enough<sup>10</sup>. I was only asking!

Tara: Oh well. Time will tell<sup>11</sup> whether they stay together or not.

<sup>1</sup> something has happened to make a strange situation even stranger <sup>2</sup> I thought so <sup>3</sup> said when you are shocked by events <sup>4</sup> said before you criticise someone, to make the criticism less severe <sup>5</sup> stop doing boring things and start doing exciting things <sup>6</sup> it will end badly <sup>7</sup> said when you don't know the answer to a question <sup>8</sup> said when you don't believe what someone has said or you disagree very much with it <sup>9</sup> I do not trust him at all <sup>10</sup> I accept your point of view <sup>11</sup> the truth will become clear after a period of time

#### 44.1 Look at A. Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 A: We're already running late, and now I can't find the car keys!
  - B: Well, that just makes a bad situation worse!
- 2 A: You never know, we might win the lottery and become millionaires.
  - B: Huh! I don't think that will ever happen!
- 3 A: Felix says he's joining a rock band and is going to make a number one hit.
  - B: Felix? Ha-ha! I don't believe a word of it!
- 4 A: I wonder why Janet isn't going to work today.
  - B: I also think this is strange.
- 5 A: I hear Toni has emigrated to New Zealand.
  - B: I'm glad she's gone! I could never stand her.
- 6 A: He ended the relationship by email, not text message.
  - B: Well, the difference is not important.
- 7 A: You need to tell your boss that you're resigning today.
  - B: You're right. It's better to do it immediately.
- 8 A: That film star gets paid ten million dollars per film.
  - B: I wish I could make money in that easy way.

#### 44.2 Are these sentences true or false? If the answer is false, say why.

- 1 If you say to someone 'You've got me there', you mean they have convinced you that they are right.
- 2 If you tell someone to 'get a life', you mean they should find a life partner or marry.
- 3 If you say 'the plot thickens', you mean that something has happened that makes a strange situation even stranger.
- 4 If you say 'Nice work if you can get it', you mean you would hate to have to do that work.

#### 44.3 Complete each idiom.

- 1 They may be enjoying themselves now, but in the long run it will all
- 2 It says here in the paper that children prefer playing computer games alone to playing with their friends. What is the world .....!
- 3 I think Tara's unreliable and a liar. I wouldn't trust her ......
- 4 So Janice has been lying about how much money she makes? I thought
- 5 The new manager may make a difference to the company, or he may fail. Only time
- 6 We should act now, and not delay. There's no ......

#### 44.4 Match each statement with a suitable response.

- 1 So you're saying she's selfish?
- 2 Erik says Johnny Depp is his best friend.

.....

- 3 I didn't invite her because she upset me.
- 4 What time did Granny say she was arriving?
- 5 That useless manager got the sack.
- 6 Should we go and tell her now or later?

You've got me there. I really can't remember.

Good riddance to bad rubbish!

Do me a favour! How absurd!

Well, there's no time like the present.

No, don't get me wrong; that's not the problem.

Fair enough. I'm sorry to hear that.

## Agreeing and disagreeing

### **Agreeing**

Maria doesn't approve of letting children eat sweets and chocolate, and her husband is of the same mind / of like mind. [has the same opinion]

The four people are all agreeing in an informal way with the man in the centre.



the size of it!

right out of my mouth!

You must be on message<sup>2</sup> in anything you say to the press and express agreement with the party's position. We won't win the next election unless we're all singing from the same hymn sheet<sup>3</sup>.

<sup>2</sup> support the official view of the organisation <sup>3</sup> saying the same things in public I thought you didn't approve of people who drive cars to work instead of using public transport.



something that you say when you decide to do something bad because other people are getting an advantage from doing it and you cannot stop them (informal)



#### В Disagreeing

Bill:

Manager: The only choice is to introduce my plan for longer working hours. It'll increase our productivity levels, which will be good for us all.

I beg to differ<sup>1</sup>. I think the staff will get very tired, and that will reduce productivity.

Manager: There's a world of difference<sup>2</sup> between expecting people to work twelve hours a

day and asking them to occasionally work ten hours, which is all I'm asking.

Bill: Ten hours and fifteen minutes actually.

Manager: Now you're just splitting hairs<sup>3</sup>.

Bill: Well, you're at odds with<sup>4</sup> your staff on this one. Everyone thinks you're barking

up the wrong tree<sup>5</sup>! They say that paying people more would be a far better way

to increase productivity.

Manager: Hey, I'm not exactly a lone voice<sup>6</sup>! Joanna, you backed my plan yesterday.

Yes, well, now I'm torn<sup>7</sup>. I'm in two minds<sup>8</sup> as to whether it'd work or not. Joanna:

Manager: Well, I'm sorry this note of discord has crept into our discussions. I know it's a difficult decision to make. Tom, what do you think? You're usually good at

pouring oil on troubled waters<sup>10</sup>.

<sup>1</sup> I disagree (formal) <sup>2</sup> a big difference <sup>3</sup> arguing about whether unimportant details are exactly correct <sup>4</sup> have a different opinion from <sup>5</sup> trying to achieve something in the wrong way or being wrong about the reason for something (informal) <sup>6</sup> the only person with a specific opinion <sup>7</sup> undecided <sup>8</sup> unable to decide <sup>9</sup> disagreement (formal) <sup>10</sup> calming down a difficult situation

#### 45.1 Look at A. Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 A: I think we should go home now.
  - B: You took the sentence right out of my mouth.
- 2 A: This project is a total disaster, isn't it?
  - B: Yes, that's about the shape of it!
- 3 A: I think lack is arrogant and rude.
  - B: Talk about it!
- 4 A: I think they were wrong to sack George just for being late a few times.
  - B: I think most of us are of the same meaning about that.
- 5 A: I'd never have expected to see you at a casino. I thought you didn't approve of gambling. B: Well, in the end I thought, 'If you can't win 'em, join 'em.'

#### 45.2 Complete each idiom.

- 3 The CEO wants to ensure we're all are singing from the same......

- 6 Our normally friendly meetings have been spoilt by a note of ...... recently.

#### 45.3 Choose the correct word to complete each idiom.

- 1 He certainly is a nasty person. You're not [untrue / wrong / falsel!
- 2 When everyone else was ignoring the situation, Kate was a(n) [lone / only / alone] voice pointing out the danger we were in.
- 3 It's so hard to decide I'm really [worn / torn / broken] about what to do.
- 4 As twins, Una and I tend to be of [alike / similar / like] mind over most issues.
- 5 That politician is at [difference / minds / odds] with his party over their economic policy.
- 6 The company's spokespeople were briefed before talking to the press to ensure they were all on [note / tone / message].

#### 45.4 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 There's a big difference between being poor and not having as much money as you'd like.
- 2 I have a different opinion from everyone else in my family about where we should go on holiday.
- 3 Please do all you can to calm things down. I hate it when people argue.
- 4 The politician was sacked for not following the party line.

#### 45.5 Do you agree or disagree with these statements? Respond to each statement with an idiom.

- 1 Men are better drivers than women.
- 2 Learning grammar rules is a waste of time.
- 3 Footballers deserve to be paid a lot more money than politicians.
- 4 TV has a bad effect on family life.
- 5 I couldn't live without my mobile phone.

## **Expressing success and failure**

### A

#### Success

Look at these newspaper headlines about sport and business success. The meaning of the idiom in the headline is explained in the story that follows.

### JACKSON WINS HIS SPURS1

Jackson's performance last night proved that he deserves his place in the team. He is clearly a very talented young player.

## PCL **IS RIDING HIGH**<sup>2</sup> IN POPULARITY POLL.

PCL is one of the most popular businesses to work for this year, according to the results of a major survey.

#### BLAKE **COMES UP TRUMPS**<sup>3</sup>

The young player did far better than anyone would have expected in last night's match, scoring three goals to win the game for City.

#### COUNTY TEAM IS ON A ROLL4

Red County basketball team has been having a very successful season, with six wins in a row.

## NEW COLLECTION GOES DOWN A STORM<sup>5</sup>

The designer's exclusive dresses sold out within minutes at the New York fashion show.

#### VENCO STAY AHEAD OF THE GAME<sup>6</sup>

Shoe company Venco have maintained their lead in the industry for the third year running.

do something to show that you deserve a particular position and have the skills needed for it; *spurs* are sharp, metal, wheel-shaped objects fixed to the heel of boots worn by people riding horses, and used to make the horse go faster <sup>2</sup> is very successful <sup>3</sup> complete an activity successfully or produce a good result, especially when you were not expected to <sup>4</sup> is having a successful period <sup>5</sup> is very popular <sup>6</sup> know more about the most recent developments than the people or companies with whom they are competing

#### B Failure

The comedian's performance at the Variety Show went down like a lead balloon. [people did not like it at all]

The disastrous attempt at a military campaign revealed the country as a paper tiger. [country or organisation which seems strong but is actually weak]

The president is dealing with the double whammy of losing the election and having his private life discussed in the press. [two bad things happening at the same time (informal)]

Starting a new business without careful planning is a recipe for disaster. [sure to become a disaster]

Unfortunately, it soon became clear that the new CEO couldn't cut the mustard. [couldn't deal with any difficulties or problems]

The economic crisis will have a huge impact on any business that is built on sand. [not firmly established]



The idioms in this unit are all based on vivid metaphors, which is one reason why they are particularly popular in journalism. Draw (or even just imagine) pictures to help you remember the idioms.

#### 46.1 Look at A. Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

1 Our team's been practising hard, so I hope we'll come

2 Negotiating that important deal makes me feel I have won

3 His excellent IT skills have helped him stay ahead

4 I found it hard to get started with my thesis, but I'm on

5 Her latest book has gone down a

6 After some initial problems, the pop group is now riding

storm, both with critics and the public.

high.

a roll now.

my spurs in my new job.

up trumps in the match tomorrow. of the game.

#### 46.2 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









#### 46.3 Rewrite each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 The chef's new recipes were very popular with the clientele. (STORM)
- 2 My ideas for restructuring the company were met with total silence. (BALLOON)
- 3 The new prime minister is extremely popular at the moment. (RIDING)
- 4 I'm quite worried about starting my new job. I'm afraid I won't be able to cope. (MUSTARD)
- 5 I've been studying hard all year, so I hope I will know a lot about the subject when it comes to taking my exams. (GAME)
- 6 Poor Carl has been hit by two problems at the same time losing his job and having a flood in his house. (DOUBLE)

#### 46.4 Complete each idiom in this review of a play.

Although Lucy James's disappointing first play went down like a (1) ...... balloon, she has come up (2) ...... with her second play, now showing at West Theatre. The dramatic plot went down a (3) ...... with the first-night audience. I thought it would be a (4) ...... for disaster casting the young Bill Catlin as an old man, but I was proved wrong. Catlin is (5) ...... a roll at the moment; his last play also delighted critics.



Look at Units 56 and 59, which are based on the keywords dead and fall. Which other idioms relating to failure can you find there?

# 47

## **Emphasising**

In this unit we look at the way certain nouns and adjectives combine to form idiomatic compounds which emphasise the second word in the compound.

### A Emphasis of adjectives

The words before each adjective express the idea of very / completely / extremely.

My trousers got soaked. I laid them on the sand and, in the hot sun, they were soon bone dry.

The cakes I made were a disaster. They were rock hard and nobody could eat them!

He lost his shorts in the water and came out of the river stark naked.

Derek has a razor-sharp sense of humour; he's so funny.

The oven broke down and our dinner was stone cold instead of piping hot.

The new prime minister is trying to project a squeaky-clean image of herself.

My granddad is 87, but he's fighting fit and goes for a long walk every day.

It's crystal clear to me that we need to raise money urgently.

His uncle Reginald is filthy rich. He owns houses in England, Italy and the Caribbean.

### **B** Emphatic noun phrases

Read this phone conversation between Lou and Mary-Jo and note the idioms.

Lou: Have you heard about Yolanda?

She was robbed in broad daylight<sup>1</sup> in the city centre yesterday. It really scared her.

Mary-Jo: Oh no! Things have really hit

rock bottom<sup>2</sup> here if people are getting mugged in the middle of

the day in crowded places!

Lou: Yes. Nobody has any respect any more. The city spent a small

fortune<sup>3</sup> on surveillance cameras, but nobody ever gets caught.

The police do nothing.

Mary-Jo: Well, even if they do get caught, they have no respect for the courts. They just tell bare-faced lies<sup>4</sup> and walk away free, or get fined a mere pittance<sup>5</sup>.

Lou: Well, I think anyone who mugs someone should go to prison, full  $stop^6$ .

<sup>1</sup> during the day when people could have seen it <sup>2</sup> the lowest and worst possible level <sup>3</sup> a large sum of money <sup>4</sup> obvious untruths <sup>5</sup> a very small sum of money <sup>6</sup> there is nothing more to say about the subject



There are a large number of emphatic compounds with idiomatic meanings like the ones above. Always make a special note of them in your vocabulary notebook when you find new ones.

#### 47.I Match the beginning of each idiom with its ending.

1 razor	clear
2 fighting	hot
3 crystal	sharp
4 stark	fit
5 piping	naked

#### 47.2 Look at A. Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 My old auntie May is very fit, even though she had an operation two months ago.
- 2 She's very rich: she owns a private jet and a massive yacht.
- 3 A man jumped into the fountain completely naked and was arrested by the police.
- 4 The new government had a completely clean image until the recent scandal broke.
- 5 Henrietta has a very sharp mind and is the most intelligent person I know.
- 6 My feet and hands were completely cold, so I sat in front of the fire, had a bowl of very hot soup and soon felt better.
- 7 I overcooked the meat and it was very dry.
- 8 We can't put the tent up here. The ground's very hard.

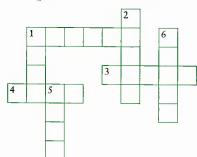
#### 47.3 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 Things have hit stone bottom between my parents and their neighbours; they don't speak to each other any more.
- 2 I couldn't sleep on that mattress it was stone hard.
- 3 This vase is stark dry and the poor old flowers are dying!
- 4 It is glass clear to me that she is trying to deceive us all.
- 5 They've spent a filthy fortune on furniture for their new house.
- 6 Police report that more crimes are taking place in full daylight.

#### 47.4 Answer these questions.

- 1 Which idiom in this unit means you have a lot of money?
- 2 Which idiom means 'There's nothing more to say about it!'?
- 3 Which idiom means a) 'a very small sum of money'?
- 4 Which idiom 'means in the middle of the day, when everyone can see what is happening'?

#### 47.5 Complete the crossword.



#### Across

- 1 goes with rock
- 3 goes with *crystal*
- 4 goes with pittance

- 1 goes with -faced lies
- 2 goes with fortune
- 5 goes with *filthy*
- 6 goes with naked

## Play and game

### A

#### **Play**

I went out with my brother and his girlfriend. They didn't really want me there, and it was really boring playing gooseberry. [being an unwanted third person in a romantic situation]

If you really like him, don't make it too obvious. Try to play it cool. [behave in a calm way, pretending to be less interested in someone than you really are]

I always take an umbrella with me, even if it's not raining. I like to play it safe! [be extra careful and not take any risks]

I run a restaurant. Another restaurant in town plays dirty – saying there are rats in our kitchen, and so on. [behaves dishonestly] But I'm not stupid – they can't play me for a fool. [treat me as if I am stupid] At the moment we're just waiting and playing for time, [waiting until we're ready] but we'll get our revenge in the end.

In my opinion, scientists have no right to play God by experimenting on embryos. [act as if they have control over other people's lives]

I'm tired of playing second fiddle to my brother [being in a less important or weaker position]

The police played cat and mouse with the suspect before arresting him. [tried to defeat someone by tricking them so that they had an advantage over them]

#### **B** Game

idiom	example	meaning
raise your game	Our competitors won an award this week. We're really going to have to raise our game.	work harder to achieve something
the game's up	He's got away with lying for a long time, but the game's up now.	used to say that someone's secret activities are known and must now stop
a game plan	The marketing campaign isn't working. We need a new game plan.	plan for achieving success
the name of the game	Good customer service is the name of the game for successful companies.	the most important part of an activity or quality needed for that activity

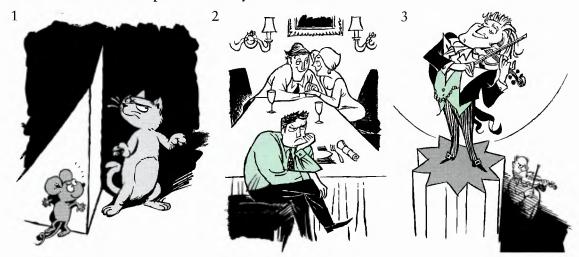
### C Idioms with play and game

idiam	example	meaning
play games	They're never going to sign the contract. They're just playing games.	trying to deceive someone about what they intend to do
play the game	I don't agree with the changes at work, but I'm not going to complain; I'll just <b>play the game.</b>	behave in a way that is expected or demanded by those in authority.
play a / the waiting game	The banks are playing a / the waiting game until they see how their customers react to the financial crisis.	delaying taking action until they see how things develop



It is important to use articles correctly in idioms. We always say 'play second fiddle' and 'play gooseberry', NOT 'play a second fiddle' and 'play a gooseberry'.

#### 48.1 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



#### 48.2 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 We want the directors to agree to our proposals, so we need to discuss our strategy.
- 2 OK, kids that's enough. I know where you've been hiding my glasses!
- 3 Martha has decided to apply to be the shop manager. She's been an assistant manager for five years and is tired of not being fully in charge.
- 4 When you're looking for a new flat, location is the most important thing to consider.
- 5 I went to the cinema with Elena and her new boyfriend, but it was horrible being there with them when they just wanted to be alone.
- 6 I think that doctors sometimes go too far in their attempts to control what happens in our lives.
- 7 We're still not ready to decide, so we need to try to delay things a bit and not sign the contract yet.

#### 48.3 Complete each dialogue with an idiom.

- 1 A: Have you seen this email? I don't have time to do all of this extra work!
  - B: I know, I know. Just ...... for now. There's nothing we can do about it.
- 2 A: I really like him. Why won't he answer any of my texts?
  - B: Maybe he's just .....
- 3 A: The new mayor seems fair and honest, doesn't he?
  - B: Yes. He's promised not to ......
- 4 A: I don't think we should take any risks or experiment.
  - B: No, much better to ......
- 5 A: I think we need a new plan to improve sales and increase profits.
  - B: Yes, it's definitely time we ......

#### 48.4 Rewrite each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 I'm fed up with him treating me as if I were stupid. (FOOL)
- 2 When people ask how the interview went, just answer calmly. (COOL)
- 3 I think he behaves dishonestly because he enjoys tricking people. (GAMES)
- 4 Some businesses behave dishonestly just to make more money. (DIRTY)

## Half



#### Meaning 'not full' or 'not complete'

In a number of idioms, half conveys the idea of something not being complete or full. For example, if you listen to something with half an ear, you are not fully concentrating on it: I was listening to the radio with half an ear as I cooked dinner.

Similarly, you might watch something with half an eye.

If something is described as a half-baked scheme (informal), it has not been thought through

This is another half-baked scheme of the government. They haven't considered any of its implications.

Half-measures are actions that will only achieve part of what they are they are intended to achieve:

There can be no half-measures when confronting this serious problem.

To have half a mind to do something is to think that you might do something (though you probably won't), often because someone or something has annoyed you:

I can't believe my boss said that! I've half a mind to just walk out of the office and never come back.

Note that I've a good mind to is an alternative form of this idiom. See Unit 57 for more idioms with mind.

If someone doesn't know the half of it (informal), they know a little about something that happens, especially something bad, but they do not know everything about it: His mother thought she knew all about what happened when he was in Spain, but she doesn't know the half of it.

If you meet someone halfway, you do some of the things that someone would like you to do in order to show that you want to reach an agreement or improve your relationship: I didn't want to spend a week at the conference, but I decided to meet my manager halfway and agreed to go for a couple of days.

### B

### Half as emphasis

Read these conversations and note the emphatic idioms. All of the idioms in this section are informal.

- A: Did you enjoy the party last night?
- B: Not half! [said to agree emphatically]
- A: It isn't half busy in here! [is very]
- B: You're right. Let's go somewhere less crowded.
- A: It's important to keep a positive attitude when you're recovering from an operation.
- B: Yes, they say that's half the battle. [is the most difficult part of the process]
- A: That was a game and a half, wasn't it! [something very special, surprising or that took a long time]
- B: Yes, it was fantastic!
- A: Would you like to visit Canada again?
- B: Given half a chance, I'd move there tomorrow. [if I had the opportunity]
- A: Linda is always correcting the teacher, isn't she?
- B: Yes, she's too clever by half. [confident and smart in an annoying way]

#### 49.1 Look at A. Complete each idiom. 1 Whoever thought up such a stupid, half-..... scheme? 2 I know we can't agree to all their requests, but I'd like to ...... them halfway if possible. 3 I spent the evening reading the newspaper and watching TV with half an 4 I've half a ...... to tell him exactly how unkind I think he's being! 5 They'll never solve the problem if they only try half-..... 6 The company is in very serious trouble. It's probably just as well that most of our employees don't ..... the half of it. 49.2 Correct the mistakes in these idioms. 1 Julie was doing a crossword and listening to the radio with half her ear. 2 Giving half a chance, I'd leave my job and stay at home with the children. 3 We had a really good plan, but Sally pointed out all the things that were wrong with it. I find her just too clever in half. 4 Writers say that coming up with a good idea for a novel is half a battle. 5 I've the good mind to write a letter of complaint to your manager. 6 I'm a perfectionist. I have no time for half-measurements. 7 I know it's hard to compromise but you should try to join him halfway. 49.3 Complete each dialogue with an idiom. Pat's little brother seems very confident, doesn't he? He's ..... in my opinion! 2 Daisy: Our new boss is really good-looking, isn't he? Laura: 3 Katy: Would you give up your job if you won the lottery? Mark: ....., I'd leave tomorrow, lottery or no lottery! Tim: Yes, it's boiling! 5 Sue: What a fantastic dinner they gave us! Rick: Yes, it was a meal ....., wasn't it? 6 Liz: Our boss has no idea what we get up to while he's away, does he? Meg: No, he 7 Ali: We need to stay focused if our business is going to succeed. Jamie: Yes, I'm sure that's ..... 49.4 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom. 1 It's extremely noisy here – shall we go somewhere quieter? 2 Having a clear structure and plan for your essay is the most important thing. 3 It'll be to management's advantage to come to a compromise with the union. 4 There was a lot of bad behaviour on the school trip, but the teachers didn't find out about everything that happened.

5 Well, that was certainly an extremely long walk!

# 50 Two

## A

#### People in pairs

Read these problem page letters and note the informal idioms in the responses.

My friend won't text, phone or see me now that I have a boyfriend. I think she's wrong to behave like this.

Fizz says: **That makes two of us**<sup>1</sup>. Your friend needs to accept your new boyfriend and act more like an adult.

My boyfriend is chatting to girls he doesn't know online, and I'm jealous. Should I chat to strangers online too so he can see how I feel?

Fizz says: They say that **two can play at that** game<sup>2</sup>, but it'd be better to tell him how you feel.

Things have been going really badly with me and my girlfriend lately. She's always starting arguments. Any advice?

Fizz says: Remember, it takes two to tango<sup>3</sup>. Maybe some of it is your fault.

My friend Rick and I are always in trouble at school. The teachers say we just mess about and act stupidly. Any advice?

Fizz says: Sounds like you and Rick are two of a kind<sup>4</sup>. My advice: stay away from each other at school.

My best friend is getting married next month, and I can't decide what to wear. Everything I try on looks terrible. What should I do?

Fizz says: Well, two heads are better than one<sup>5</sup> – why not ask a friend or family member to help you choose something?

My best friend has a new boyfriend, but I'm lonely. Should I ask if I can go out on dates with them?

Fizz says: No. Remember, two's company, three's a crowd<sup>6</sup>

<sup>1</sup> we have the same opinion about a situation <sup>2</sup> you can hurt that person in the same way they hurt you <sup>3</sup> both people are responsible for the bad situation <sup>4</sup> are very similar in character <sup>5</sup> it is better to have two people trying to solve the same problem <sup>6</sup> it's better that two people should be alone

### B Other idioms with two

Young people these days just put / stick two fingers up at authority.

School tests cut both / two ways<sup>2</sup>: they let teachers monitor progress, but they also prevent teachers from teaching freely.

Barbara knows a thing or two about<sup>3</sup> local history – let's ask her. Anger and frustration are two sides of the same coin<sup>4</sup>.

1 show that they are angry or have no respect (informal) 2 have positive and negative effects

<sup>3</sup> knows a lot about (informal) <sup>4</sup> two different aspects of the same problem

### Other two idioms for people and things

Don't ask me to dance – I've got two left feet1!

When my parents first got married, they didn't have two pennies to rub together<sup>2</sup>. Let's ask Mr Ross for a donation to the club. He's not short of a bob or two<sup>3</sup>. Mobile phones are two a penny<sup>4</sup> these days. In the 1980s, nobody had one. When he heard he'd passed all his exams, he was like a dog with two tails<sup>5</sup>. Gloria and Manuela are like two peas in a pod<sup>6</sup> – you can tell they're sisters. Anna's so arrogant. She needs to be brought down a peg or two<sup>7</sup>.

<sup>1</sup> am a very bad dancer <sup>2</sup> were very poor <sup>3</sup> is quite rich (informal) <sup>4</sup> very common <sup>5</sup> very happy <sup>6</sup> very similar <sup>7</sup> have sth happen to her to show her she is not as good as she thinks she is



Many idioms are informal. The ones marked *informal* here are particularly informal. Always make a special note about formality, and be careful not to use very informal idioms in formal writing.

#### **50.1** Look at A. Complete each idiom.

- 2 The director and department head are both very arrogant. They're two
- 3 You hate meetings and I hate meetings, so that makes ......
- 4 When a couple breaks up, it is hardly ever the fault of just one person. It takes
- 5 Avril, can you help me with this? Two heads ......

#### **50.2** Read these statements and answer the questions.

......

Tony: No, sorry. Ask someone else. I've got two left feet.

Amy: My cousin has just bought an amazing new house. She's not short of a bob or two.

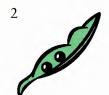
Lotta: Sam has been like a dog with two tails since he got that new job.

Adam: I just don't have two pennies to rub together these days.

Who is	name
I short of money?	
2 a bad dancer?	
3 talking about someone who has a lot of money?	
4 talking about someone who is feeling very happy?	

### 50.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









### **50.4** Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 Richard is knowledgeable on the subject of finance. (THING)
- 2 Losing the race made him realise he wasn't as good as he thought. (PEG)
- 3 A lot of kids nowadays disrespect the police and do what they want. (FINGER)
- 4 Political power <u>has positive and negative effects</u>: it enables people to change things, but it tempts them to become corrupt too. (CUT)
- 5 Einstein sees time and space as two aspects of the same phenomenon. (COIN)
- 6 Sat Nav systems in cars are very common these days. (PENNY)

# 51 All

# A

# Having a chat

Clare: You look tired, Ella. Is everything OK?

Ella: It's just our new neighbours. They come and go at all hours¹ of the day and night. I don't know how my husband manages to sleep through it. But that's him all over² – he sleeps really heavily, but I wake up each time they come in or out. Last night, they woke me up seven times, all told³!

Clare: He sounds like my husband! Once he's asleep, the house could be burning down for all he cares<sup>4</sup>. Anyway, can't you speak to your neighbours about it?

Ella: I've tried, and they're all smiles<sup>5</sup>. They apologise and say it won't happen again. It gets better for a day or two, but then it goes back to how it was. But how about you? Have you fully recovered from your operation?

Clare: Almost, but I won't get the all-clear<sup>6</sup> to go back to work for another couple of weeks. I don't think.

Ella: Oh well. All in good time<sup>7</sup>! It won't be too long before it's all systems go<sup>8</sup> again.

<sup>1</sup> at all sorts of unusual times <sup>2</sup> that's typical of (informal) <sup>3</sup> in total <sup>4</sup> and it wouldn't bother him <sup>5</sup> unexpectedly friendly and pleasant <sup>6</sup> get official permission, usually medical <sup>7</sup> you just have to be patient <sup>8</sup> everything is busy again

# В

## Other idioms with all

idiom	example	meaning	
all in all	All in all, I think the concert was a success.	taking everything into consideration	
all or nothing	Tim either loves something or hates it – it's all or nothing with him.	completely or not at all	
to cap it all	I've had a really stressful week, and to cap it all I've got to work over the weekend.	in addition to all the other bad things that have happened	
in all but name	Vera runs the business in all but name.	existing as a fact, but not officially described that way	
an all-time high / low	Share prices reached an all-time high / low yesterday.	a record high / low point	
be all in the mind	His doctor told him that he isn't really ill – his symptoms are all in the mind.	are imagined; not physically real	
be all things to all men	The show would have been better if it hadn't tried to be all things to all men.	please everyone even when this is not possible	
all-singing, all- dancing	There's a new all-singing, all-dancing version of the software, but it's expensive.	ambitious and modern, with lots of special features	

### 51.1 Look at A. Complete each idiom with one word. 1 get the all-.... 2 be all ..... 3 all systems ..... 4 ..... all she cares 5 at all ..... 6 all in ..... time 7 all ..... 8 that's him all 51.2 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 51.1. You may need to change the form of the verb. 3 Don't be in such a hurry to pass your driving test. 4 My sister isn't interested in what I'm doing. I could be homeless ...... the day and night. 7 My brother's really forgetful, so I'm not surprised he forgot your birthday. ...... 51.3 Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending. 1 There are over a hundred thousand books in the library, all high. 2 The new government is trying to be all things to all smiles. 3 He claims that he is the boss of his company in all but told. 4 She's said some terrible things about me, but to my face she's all nothing. 5 The banks raised interest rates yesterday to an all-time name. 6 You can't give up smoking slowly - it has to be all or men. 51.4 Choose the correct idiom. 1 I want to get a new [all-time high / all-singing, all-dancing / all-clear] mobile phone. 2 I was late for work, I argued with my friend and, [in all but name / all in good time / to cap it all], my bike got stolen. 3 She's the head of the school [all in all / all or nothing / in all but name]. 4 They're trying to be [all things to all men / all told / at all hours], but it's an impossible

51.5 Correct the six mistakes with idioms in this email.

6 I've got thirteen uncles, [in all but name / all told / all smiles].

I'm training to be a vet, and I've got ten exams, all said, to prepare for. It means I've been studying at all minutes of the day and night. I'm exhausted, and to hat it all I've got three exams on the same day this week! I just want to relax and go on holiday, but all in nice time - I'll be finished next month. I told my friend I was feeling stressed, but he just laughed - that's him all off; he never takes anything seriously, and even when he's worried or anxious he's all smile.

5 The atmosphere at work seems to be at [an all-time low / all or nothing / all systems go].

# Conversational expressions using no

I'll be home in next to no time<sup>1</sup>.

I found no end of<sup>2</sup> bargains in the sales.

It'd help me no end<sup>3</sup> if you did the shopping.

She was spending money like there's no tomorrow<sup>4</sup>.

You must come to my party.

I won't take no for an answer<sup>5</sup>

No prizes for guessing<sup>6</sup> who arrived last.

Let's ask her now. No time like the present<sup>7</sup>.

Go and wash your hands. No ifs and buts<sup>8</sup>.

I'll help you. No strings attached<sup>9</sup>, I promise.

Don't believe their promises. There's no such thing as a free lunch 10.

Some parts of the city are no-go areas<sup>11</sup> at night.

He's not phoned or emailed, but no news is good news <sup>12</sup>.

She told me in no uncertain terms<sup>13</sup> that she thought I was making a foolish mistake.

# B No for dramatic effect

Note these idioms with no. In each one, the idiom is used in place of a more direct word or expression. For example, Rome is no ordinary city actually means Rome is an extraordinary city.

idiom	example	meaning	
be no oil painting	Kay is a beautiful woman, but her daughter is no oil painting.	is ugly	
be no spring chicken	She loves windsurfing and paragliding, even though she's no spring chicken.	is not young any more	
be no / nobody's fool	He'll never believe your lies – he's no / nobody's fool.	is clever and not easily deceived	
be no joke	It's no joke driving on those steep, narrow mountain roads.	is serious or difficult	
be no picnic	Trekking across the desert in temperatures of over 100 degrees was no picnic for the explorers.	was difficult and unpleasant	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> very quickly <sup>2</sup> lots of <sup>3</sup> very much <sup>4</sup> quickly <sup>5</sup> won't let you refuse to come <sup>6</sup> it's obvious <sup>7</sup> now is the perfect time <sup>8</sup> do it without arguing (usually used to a child) <sup>9</sup> there'll be no unpleasant or inconvenient demands <sup>10</sup> if someone gives you something, they always expect something in return <sup>11</sup> dangerous places <sup>12</sup> we'd hear something if there were a problem <sup>13</sup> strongly and directly

#### Look at A. When would you use the idioms in the box? Match the idioms with the situations. **52.1**

I won't take no for an answer! There's no such thing as a free lunch! Go at once - no ifs and buts! No news is good news! No time like the present! No strings attached - I promise!

- 1 Someone tells you about an email they received promising them a free dream holiday.
- 2 You are determined that someone will accept your invitation to dinner.
- 3 A friend asks you when to do something. You think they should do it immediately.
- 4 You want to reassure a friend that you won't ask anything in return for taking them to an expensive restaurant.
- 5 You want your child to go to bed immediately.
- 6 You want to reassure a friend who is worried that she hasn't heard from her teenage daughter who is travelling round Australia.

#### 52.2 Read these statements and answer the questions.

- 1 Richard said it was no picnic for someone of his age to get used to a new job. Was it easy or difficult for Richard when he started his new job?
- 2 Lena is very nice, but she's no oil painting. Is Lena pretty?
- 3 John is very good at squash, even though he's no spring chicken. Is John still a young man?
- 4 People often laugh at Mary, but she's nobody's fool. How easy would it be to deceive Mary?
- 5 Charles's boss told him in no uncertain terms that he'd be dismissed immediately if he didn't work hard enough.
  - How direct was Charles's boss with his threats?
- 6 It's no joke trying to bring up a family on the minimum wage. How easy is it to look after a family if your only income is the minimum wage?

#### 52.3 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 There's no such thing as a free gift.
- 2 She loves going shopping and spending like there's no future.
- 3 We were told in no uncertain words that we must always be punctual for work.
- 4 He said he would lend me €2000 with no strings involved.
- 5 He's a very good squash player, even though he's no spring onion.
- 6 The new housing development caused no finish of problems.

#### 52.4 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 The town was full of people partying madly on New Year's Eve.
- 2 You won't be surprised when I tell you who won the cookery competition.
- 3 The journey was very easy, and we got to our destination very quickly.
- 4 There are lots and lots of places to eat in our town.
- 5 The police have declared the zone a dangerous place.
- 6 It would help your grandma a lot if you cut the grass for her.

# Hand

# Positive situations

In these comments, the speakers use an idiom to repeat and sum up what they say.

He was the only candidate for the job, and he got it; it was handed to him on a plate<sup>1</sup>.

Our team played well from the start and we soon had the upper hand2.

I know she's arrogant, but she has broken three world records. You have to hand it to her<sup>3</sup>!

Let's ask Nora to be club president as she has so much experience. She's an old hand at4 running organisations.

Laura's opponent in the badminton final played badly, so she won hands down<sup>5</sup>.

He's a great comedian. He had the audience eating out of the palm of his hand<sup>6</sup>.

he got it very easily and did not have to work for it <sup>2</sup> gained power and control <sup>3</sup> you have to admire what she did, even if you don't admire everything about her 4 is very experienced at <sup>5</sup> won very easily <sup>6</sup> had complete control of them (You can also say he had the audience 'in the palm of his hand'.)

#### B **Negative situations**

Refusing to speak to your uncle when he has been so generous to you is biting the hand that feeds you. [treating somebody badly who helps you in some way, often by giving you money] I'd like to pay you more, but my hands are tied. [I'm not free to do what I'd like to do] The minister's accidental reference to tax increases in an interview played into the opposition's hands. [unintentionally gave someone an advantage over him] The government have rejected out of hand the allegation that torture has been used in prisons. [completely]

If you lay a hand on me, I will report you to the police. [hurt or physically attack] He lost his job, then his house was flooded. Some people are dealt a lousy hand. [are very unlucky in life]

They gave their opponents an advantage by naming the team before the final. They shouldn't have shown their hand so early. [told people their plans when they were a secret before] Very few people supported her. You could count them on the fingers of one hand. [they were very small in number]

# Other idioms with hand

If you give somebody a big hand, you applaud them by clapping.

If you hand over the reins to someone, you give the power you had (for example, over a business or an organisation) to another person.

If you say 'Her children are off her hands now. One is married and the other is at university', you mean she is not responsible for them any more.

If you just sit on your hands, you do nothing about a problem that needs to be solved.

If you say 'I know I have a map of Dublin somewhere, but I can't lay my hands on it at the moment', you mean you can't find it.

If you ask someone to put their hand on their heart and tell you something, you ask them to tell you something truthfully.

#### 53.1 Look at A. Complete each idiom.

- 1 He doesn't know anything about business, but he's made a success of his internet company – you have to ...... him.
- 2 In the tennis final, Dennis Roxley had the ...... for the entire match and won easily.
- 3 Katarina is always complaining that a lot of children with rich parents have everything handed to them .....
- 4 We scored 230 points. No other team got more than 120, so we won the competition
- 5 What a brilliant speaker! She had everyone eating of her hand.
- one himself!

#### 53.2 Correct the mistakes in the idioms in these news cuttings.

By publishing their tax plans a year before the election, the opposition have shown hand too early. 3 You can count on your fingers of one hand the number of times this government has done anything to help the poor. 5 The minister claimed that her hand was tied by European regulations, and that she could not act to change the situation.

2 Mr Mills has gone right into the hands of his critics by admitting that he made errors in the past.

In court, the accused said he had never laid his hand on anyone and denied the charges.

The minister of education rejected out off hand the claim that small schools would be closed.

#### 53.3 Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

- 1 I think you've been dealt
- 2 It's crazy to bite
- 3 My sister feels relieved that her kids are
- 4 If you do that, you'll play
- 5 You mustn't expect things to be handed
- 6 You've got everyone eating

into the hands of your enemies.

6

off her hands and are independent.

out of the palm of your hand.

a lousy hand. You've had so much bad luck.

the hand that feeds you.

to you on a plate.

#### 53.4 What would you say in these situations? Use an idiom from the opposite page in your answer.

- 1 You are the chairperson of an informal lecture. The guest speaker, Professor Ward, has given a wonderful lecture, and you want everyone to applaud her.
- 2 Someone asks if they can borrow your dictionary. You know you have one somewhere, but you can't find it at the moment. Explain.
- 3 Tell your colleagues that you think you should all do something positive about a bad situation instead of doing nothing.
- 4 You have been the secretary of a sports club for ten years. Tell the other members that you are ready to pass the job to someone else.
- 5 Your friend says they have never told a lie. Ask them if they would swear this is the truth.



Make a special page in your vocabulary notebook for hand idioms and see how many you can collect in one month. Check their meanings in a dictionary if you are not sure.

# 54 Heart

# A Heart idioms in dialogues

In these conversations, the second speaker uses an idiom to repeat and sum up what the first speaker says.

- A: She's always dreamt of being a ballet dancer, hasn't she?
- B: Yes, it's been her heart's desire ever since she was three years old.
- A: She sometimes seems a bit rude, but she's very kind really.
- B: I know. She's got a heart of gold, hasn't she?
- A: The teacher is only strict with his students because he thinks it will help them.
- B: That's right. He only has their best interests at heart.
- A: Only the coldest, most unfeeling person could fail to be moved by such a sad story.
- B: I agree. You'd have to have a heart of stone not to be upset by it.
- A: The movement wants to attack our society's most important values.
- B: That's right. It aims to strike at the heart of freedom and democracy.
- A: I don't want to go to her party, but it would be unkind not to, don't you think?
- B: Yes, I don't have the heart to say no.
- A: Was Jill very upset when she told you about Peter leaving?
- B: Yes, she certainly was. She cried her heart out!
- A: I feel so sorry for everyone who lost their homes in the flood.
- B: Me too. My heart goes out to them.
- A: Jo says she's exhausted after going on that luxury cruise.
- B: My heart bleeds for her! [I don't feel sorry for her at all; this idiom is often used ironically to mean the opposite, but is sometimes used in a non-humorous way, e.g. my heart bleeds for the victims of the tragedy]

# **B** Heart idioms in horoscopes



You always show your emotions, but this week it would be better for you not to wear your heart on your sleeve<sup>1</sup>.



You are worried about something difficult you have to do this week, but **take heart**<sup>5</sup> – it won't be as bad as you expect.



Try not to show that **your heart isn't in**<sup>2</sup> your work this week. You may find that things soon start to improve.



Your heart is in your boots<sup>6</sup> when you think of all the work you have to do today, but just get on with it. Once you get started, you may even enjoy it.



You say that you are not sure where your relationship is going, but in **your heart of hearts**<sup>3</sup> you know that it is unlikely to last much longer.



You keep telling someone close to you about their faults. **Have a heart**<sup>7</sup>! Tell them what you like about them too.



You don't want to hurt your friend by giving them some bad news, but it's important that you tell them soon.

Harden your heart<sup>4</sup> and do it now.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> make your feelings obvious <sup>2</sup> you are not interested in <sup>3</sup> in your true, most secret thoughts <sup>4</sup> don't let your feelings stop you <sup>5</sup> don't be anxious or afraid <sup>6</sup> you feel unhappy <sup>7</sup> be kind

#### 54.1 Look at A. Choose the correct answer.

- 1 If someone is very kind to others, do they have a) a heart of stone or b) a heart of gold?
- 2 If your heart bleeds for someone, does this always mean you feel sorry for them? a) Yes b) No
- 3 If you cry your heart out, are you a) shouting or b) sobbing?
- 4 If someone has your best interests at heart, are they concerned about a) your general well-being or b) your finances?
- 5 Is your heart more likely to go out to someone who is a) suffering or b) very successful?
- 6 Are you more likely to say 'I don't have the heart to' do something a) pleasant or b) unpleasant?

#### 54.2 Correct the five mistakes with idioms in this letter to a problem page.

I've been offered a job that all my friends and family think I should take. The problem is that in my heart of heart I really don't want it. It's always been my heart's wish to leave this city and work abroad, but I don't get the heart to tell my family this, as I know they'll be upset. I know you will tell me to keep heart and be strong, but I really don't wan't to hurt them. After all, I know they have my best interests by heart. What should I do?

#### 54.3 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 Don't expect so much of him he's only four! Be kind to him!
- 2 You'll only get hurt if you make your feelings so obvious.
- 3 He felt very miserable as he thought about the difficult week ahead.
- 4 You know your parents want what is best for you.
- 5 He showed her round the city, but she could tell that he was not really interested in it.

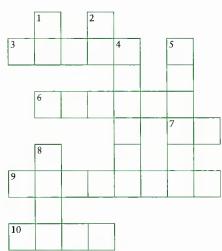
#### 54.4 Complete the crossword.

#### Across

- 3 Alan knew he hadn't studied enough, and his heart was in his ....... as he entered the exam room.
- 6 So you only have two cars now, not three? My heart ...... for you.
- 7 He's trying to be enthusiastic, but you can tell his heart isn't really ....... it.
- 9 Rosa was frightened, but she ....... her heart and entered the room.
- 10 When I saw the film about the refugees, my heart ...... out to them, and I had to do something to help.

#### Down

- 1 Kasia didn't have the heart ..... refuse to help her little brother.
- 2 The article strikes ...... the heart of the problem when it talks about child poverty.
- 4 You always know how Daniela feels she wears her heart on her ......
- 5 Few people in life are lucky enough to achieve their heart's ......
- 8 ...... heart, Irma! Lots of people fail their driving test the first time.



# Life and live

# A

### Idioms with life

Mandy: Did you have a good holiday in New Zealand?

Sophie: Yes, thanks. We had the time of our life<sup>1</sup>! Did I tell you I bumped into my next

door neighbour there? I got the shock of my life<sup>2</sup>!

Mandy: What a surprise! So, what did you do on holiday?

Sophie: We did lots of sailing, and my husband even went bungee jumping.

Mandy: Wow! That'd scare the life out of me<sup>3</sup>.

Sophie: Me too. There's no way I'd risk life and limb<sup>4</sup> like that. Anyway, we had some

friends round last night, and he was the life and soul of the party<sup>5</sup> telling them all about his bungee jump. He claims he came within an inch of his life<sup>6</sup> doing it!

Mandy: Oh dear!

Sophie: Still, we both feel we've got a new lease of life<sup>7</sup>.

Mandy: Oh, I'd love to go travelling and see life<sup>8</sup>! I'm going to make my husband's life a

misery until he agrees that we can go to Canada. I've always wanted to go there.

Sophie: Do you think he'll agree?

Mandy: Of course. He'd do anything for a quiet life<sup>10</sup>!

enjoyed ourselves very much

<sup>2</sup> was very shocked

<sup>3</sup> frighten me very much

<sup>4</sup> do something physically dangerous

<sup>5</sup> was the centre of attention

6 nearly died

<sup>7</sup> become more energetic and active; can also be used to describe objects or places as seeming like new again

<sup>8</sup> experience different, often unexpected things

<sup>9</sup> make things difficult for someone, e.g. by talking

about something all the time

10 agree to anything to avoid problems

#### Idioms with live B

idiam	example	meaning
be / live in a dream world	He's living in a dream world if he thinks he'll become a famous pop star.	has unrealistic hopes (usually used in continuous form)
live a charmed life	James has <b>lived a charmed life</b> ; everything he does works out well.	been very lucky in life
live a lie	You must tell her you're married – you can't go on living a lie.	living dishonestly by pretending to be something that is not true
live out of a suitcase	After a month sleeping on a friend's floor, Jane is tired of living out of a suitcase.	not having a permanent place to live
live on borrowed time	The government is living on borrowed time at the moment and is unlikely to survive the next election.	existing longer than expected
live to tell the tale	Our walking holiday was awful! We got lost on the mountains, and it rained all the time. But at least we lived to tell the tale.	successfully dealt with a difficult or frightening experience
live and let live	I wouldn't want to have as many pets as they do but, hey, live and let live!	accept how others live and behave, even though it is different from your way of life

#### 55.1 Look at A. Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

- 1 Mum finally said I could go to the party she'd do
- 2 When he retired, Steve got
- 3 The children had the time
- 4 That film scared the life
- 5 Firefighters risk life
- 6 Melanie is always the life
- 7 He threatened to make her life
- 8 Diana got the shock of

a misery if she spoke to the police.

and soul of the party.

her life when she saw the snake.

anything for a quiet life.

of their lives at the party.

and limb every day to help others.

out of me!

a new lease of life.

#### 55.2 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 We were within a mile of our lives when the lightning struck the tree beside us.
- 2 I don't like cycling to work. I feel like I'm risking life and legs in all that traffic.
- 3 The operation has given my grandmother a new licence of life.
- 4 Taking your final exams won't be easy, but I'm sure you'll live to tell the news.
- 5 Clare felt the shock of her life when she saw the police officer at her door.
- 6 Some people find living out of some luggage away from home very stressful.
- 7 The company chairman is living on lent time after the latest fall in profits.
- 8 Lewis is really shy and isn't usually the life and heart of the party.

#### 55.3 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 Your life will be based on deceit if you don't tell him you were once in prison.
- 2 In this life we have to accept people for what they are, even if they are very different from us.
- 3 Not many people have lived such a happy and successful life as Ed has.
- 4 We had a fantastic holiday in California last year.
- 5 Travelling is the best way to discover different things about the world.
- 6 The explorers faced many challenges in the Arctic but came back safely and told us all about it.
- 7 The sudden scream gave me a terrible fright.
- 8 Jenny thinks she'll have a career as a model, but she's being totally unrealistic in my opinion.
- 9 The naughty child made things very unpleasant for his teacher.
- 10 The full service has made our old car feel like new again.

#### 55.4 Complete each idiom with a preposition.

- 1 Ever since they lost the competition, United's coach has felt he is living ...... borrowed time.
- 3 I got the shock ...... my life when I switched on the TV and saw my mum being interviewed.
- 4 Travelling round the world living ...... of a suitcase can be exciting at first but soon loses its novelty.
- 5 I'm sure your parents will have the time ...... their lives on the cruise.

# **Dead and death**



# Dead and death as the end of something or as failure

In these conversations, the second speaker uses an idiom to react to what the first speaker says.

- A: I wanted to talk to you about your plan to start a hiking club.
- B: I don't want to talk about it. As far as I'm concerned, that idea is now dead and buried<sup>1</sup>.
- A: It was a pity that house prices rose so much last year.
- B: Yes. That was the kiss of death to<sup>2</sup> our plan to buy a place in the city centre.
- A: Did anything happen about that scheme to build a centre for the homeless?
- B: No. The city council ran out of money, and the whole plan is dead in the water<sup>3</sup>.
- A: I tried to buy Zoom magazine today but couldn't get it anywhere.
- B: Oh yes. That's as dead as a dodo<sup>4</sup>. They stopped publishing it about a year ago.
- A: Your committee doesn't seem to achieve much. Why is that?
- B: If you want my opinion, there's too much dead wood<sup>5</sup>. We need some new people.
- A: What happened to the party's manifesto for change?
- B: Oh, it's a dead duck<sup>6</sup>. Everyone voted against it.
- A: Many companies are struggling financially at the moment.
- B: Yes. The economic recession has dealt a death blow<sup>7</sup> to many small businesses.

<sup>1</sup> finished or ended completely <sup>2</sup> event that caused our plan to fail (informal) <sup>3</sup> failed and will never succeed <sup>4</sup> not existing or popular or important any more (informal; a dodo is an extinct bird) 5 members of a group who are not useful any more and who should be removed <sup>6</sup> not successful or useful (informal) <sup>7</sup> an event that causes something to fail completely



### Other idioms with dead and death

If you are dead to the world, you are in a deep sleep.

If you are sick to death of something, you are annoyed by it because you have experienced it for too long. (You can also say 'bored or worried to death'.)

If something is a fate worse than death (humorous), it is the worst thing that can happen to you.

If someone endures a living death, they have a life so full of suffering that it would be better to be dead.

If something is a matter of life and / or death, it is a serious situation where people might die.

If you do something in the dead of night, you do it in the middle of the night.

If you say something will happen 'over my dead body!', you mean you will do everything you can to prevent it.

If you say a vehicle, a building or a machine is a death trap, you think it is so dangerous it could cause people to die.

If someone is at death's door, they are nearly dead.

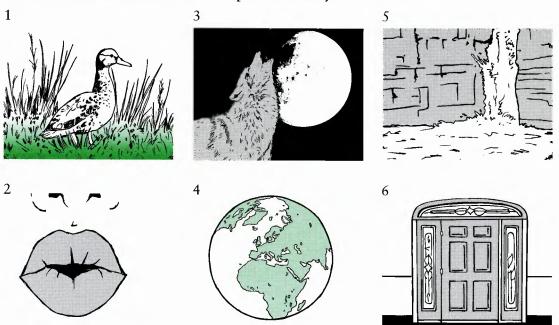


There are many idioms based on dead and death in English. Make a special page for dead / death idioms in your vocabulary notebook and record any new ones you find.

#### 56.I Look at A. Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 There are a lot of useless people in my office. They should sack some people. (WOOD)
- 2 Putting Bernard in charge was the event that caused the project to fail. (KISS)
- 3 His idea of building a plane and flying round the world has been abandoned. (DODO)
- 4 The old family quarrel has now ended completely, and they live in harmony. (BURIED)
- 5 The planning committee's decision was an event that caused the failure of the proposal to build the new airport. (BLOW)

#### 56.2 Which dead or death idioms do these pictures make you think of?



#### 56.3 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 56.2.

- 1 The burglars came ....., when everyone was sleeping.
- 2 The bank refused to lend him the money. That was the

..... to his plan to open a restaurant.

- 3 I was ...... and didn't hear her enter the room,
- 5 I don't think people will pay to have their computers cleaned every three months. That idea is ......if you ask me.

#### 56.4 Correct the mistakes in the idioms.

- 1 You should only call an ambulance if it is the matter of death and life.
- 2 The thieves stole the painting in the death of night.
- 3 I am sick to the dead of people complaining all the time. It's not my fault!
- 4 That old car is so dangerous; it's the dead trap.
- 5 Having to sit next to my boring uncle at the restaurant was the fate like death.
- 6 Many people suffered a death in life in prison camps during the civil war.
- 7 The council are planning to demolish my house to build a motorway. On my dead body!
- 8 There are too many dead woods on the school committee. They never do anything useful.

# 57 Mind

### Mind as a noun

Mind as a noun means 'thoughts' or 'imagination'. In these conversations, the second speaker uses an idiom to repeat and sum up what the first speaker says.

- A: I'm fed up with listening to the teacher and not doing anything, aren't you?
- B: Yes, I'm bored out of my mind.
- A: Vikki should pass her maths exam, provided she makes an effort.
- B: Yes, she certainly should, if she puts her mind to it.
- A: The concert was absolutely spectacular, wasn't it!
- B: Yes, it blew my mind!
- A: No sane person would want to be prime minister.
- B: That's true. Nobody in their right mind would want that responsibility.
- A: He must be crazy to spend all that money on a car.
- B: Yes, he's out of his mind!
- A: I'm really tired of this boring party. Shall we go home?
- B: You read my mind let's go!
- A: We must do something to stop your sister thinking about her operation tomorrow.
- B: Let's take her to the cinema. That should take her mind off it.
- A: I can't stop worrying about Hamid's accident.
- B: I know. It's been preying on my mind all day.
- A: I can't believe the wedding has been cancelled. They seemed so happy.
- B: Yes, I can't get my mind round it either! (You can also say 'I can't get my head round it'.)
- A: Whatever I say, he always brings the conversation back to sport!
- B: I know. He has a terrible one-track mind.
- A: Try to remember what happened next.
- B: I'm trying to cast my mind back, but I just can't remember a thing.
- A: Tell yourself you can do it, and you'll easily manage to swim that distance.
- B: I know. It's just a question of mind over matter. [your thoughts influencing your body]

# R

### Mind as a verb

Mind can also be a verb and is often used when warning people to be careful.

- A: My dad hates bad manners, so mind your Ps and Qs when you meet him. [be polite pstands for *please* and *q* represents the /kju:/ sound at the end of thank you]
- B: Don't worry! I will.
- A: The pavement is very uneven here.
- B: Yes, you need to mind your step. [walk carefully]
- A: Why did you come back so late last night?
- B: Mind your own business! [it's got nothing to do with you]
- A: See you later, Grandma.
- B: OK. Mind how you go! [take care; used when saying goodbye (informal)]
- A: Nathan doesn't trust his colleagues. He thinks they're telling lies about him to his boss.
- B: Yes, he needs to mind his back in that office. [be careful because others are trying to cause problems for him; you can also say 'watch your back'l

#### 57. I Look at A. Are the idioms in these sentences used correctly? If not, correct them.

- 1 Nobody in their correct mind would lend him money again. He never pays it back.
- 2 Dom had always said he wanted to study law, so his mother is finding it hard to get her mind round his decision to leave university and join a rock band.
- 3 He's always talking about cars. I've never met anyone with such a one-way mind.
- 4 I'm sure you can mend your own bike if you put your mind to it.
- 5 What can we do to take Marco's mind out of his problems?
- 6 Now, I'd like you all to throw your mind back to your very first day at school.

#### 57.2 Complete each dialogue with an idiom.

1 Pete: I'm off now then. See you in a couple of hours.

Beth: Bye. .....

2 Harry: You've bought another pair of shoes?! How much were they?

Tina: ......

3 Nathan: Why are you yawning?

I'm ...... Molly:

4 Lisa: I'm thinking of taking a year off to cycle round the world.

Rita: You must be ....!

5 Joe: Were you able to forget about the exam today?

Lou: No, it's ...... all day.

3

happened on the night in question.

Vera: Well, it's a long time ago now ...

#### 57.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of? Complete the captions.





He needs to .....



Come on – .....



I can ...... That singer .....!

#### 57.4 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 Walk carefully on the ice it's very slippery.
- 2 The actor's performance was amazing!
- 3 It goes without saying that you should always be very polite at an interview.
- 4 People who drink and drive must be totally crazy.
- 5 My twin brother can tell exactly what I'm thinking.
- 6 I'm always so bored in physics lessons!
- 7 Their argument worried Fiona for a long time.
- 8 You'll find it quite easy to learn the guitar if you make a bit of an effort.

# Hard

# A Letters to a problem page

#### Dear Bella

I've just started working in a clothes shop, but it's proving much harder than I had bargained for<sup>1</sup>. I've realised that I'm no good at giving people the hard sell<sup>2</sup>, and there don't seem to be any hard and fast rules<sup>3</sup> for what I should be doing. I thought I would love it, but I'm finding it really hard going<sup>4</sup>. Will it get better or is this it?

Liz

#### Dear Bella

My partner and I have just split up. It was a mutual decision, and we agreed there would be **no hard feelings**<sup>5</sup>, but it has **hit me much harder**<sup>6</sup> than I expected. My ex seems to be going out a lot and is perfectly happy, which I find **hard to swallow**<sup>7</sup>. Am I being unreasonable?

Ali

#### Dear Bella

I lost my job last month, so my family has **fallen on hard times**<sup>8</sup>. My wife is still working, but we're struggling, and we're really **hard up**<sup>9</sup>. I'm finding it difficult to find a new job, and I'm **hard put**<sup>10</sup> to see a solution. What should I do?

Simon

# **B** Horoscopes



This week you will **learn the** hard way<sup>1</sup> that things are not always what they seem.



A problem at work this week will turn out to be a hard nut to crack<sup>4</sup>.



Someone you don't know very well will do their best to drive a hard bargain<sup>2</sup> with you, but make sure you do not agree to anything without taking advice.



Try not to make hard work<sup>5</sup> of something that is really quite simple to solve.



You will be hard-pressed<sup>3</sup> to finish all the work you have to do this week, but keep going and it will all be worthwhile.



A friend's behaviour makes you feel hard done by<sup>6</sup>, but you will soon understand that they are not treating you unfairly.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> more difficult than expected <sup>2</sup> trying very hard to persuade people to buy something <sup>3</sup> clear rules <sup>4</sup> difficult and tiring <sup>5</sup> no anger towards each other <sup>6</sup> affected me much worse <sup>7</sup> difficult to accept <sup>8</sup> are finding life difficult because we have no money <sup>9</sup> without much money <sup>10</sup> finding it difficult

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> discover something through a difficult experience <sup>2</sup> demand a lot in exchange for what they do for you <sup>3</sup> find it difficult <sup>4</sup>a difficult problem to solve <sup>5</sup> make something into a major problem <sup>6</sup> unfairly treated

#### 58.1 Look at A. Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 I hate it when people try to give you the hard sale over the phone.
- 2 Her grandfather's illness has really struck her very hard.
- 3 I'm so glad we're friends again. No hard feels, OK?
- 4 Walking home in the heavy snow was really hard go.
- 5 I find his constant criticism of me very hard to drink.
- 6 Learning how to skate turned out to be much harder than Nina had bargained by.

#### 58.2 Read this letter to a problem page. Are these sentences true or false? If the answer is false, say why.

I'm feeling very hard-pressed at work at the moment. I have a long report to finish, but I'll be hard put to get it done in time. I'd love to hand in my notice, but I'm far too hard up to be able to manage without a salary even for a week or two. I guess I'm learning the hard way that money doesn't grow on trees! Can you help me? Kira

- 1 Kira is very busy at work.
- 2 She will easily meet her deadline for the report.
- 3 She can't afford to leave her job.
- 4 She is learning a fun lesson about life.

#### 58.3 Complete each idiom.

l on hard times	5 hard andrules
2 a hard to crack	6 learn the hard
3 hard to	7 hard work of
ła hard bargain	8 feel hard by

#### 58.4 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 58.3. You may need to change the form of the verb.

- the family lived in poverty. 3 There are no ...... as to how you should behave in
- circumstances like these.
- has bought her twin sister a new sports car.
- 5 Children eventually ...... that life is not always fair.
- 6 I have no idea how we're going to solve this problem. It's going to be ....., I'm sure.
- problem.



Look up hard in the Cambridge Idioms Dictionary at http://dictionary.cambridge.org/. Make a note of three other interesting idioms that you find there. Write them down in example sentences.

# Fall

# When things go wrong

Many idioms with fall refer to situations where things go wrong, people encounter problems, or where something fails. Read these news cuttings and note the idioms.

The minister of education seems to have fallen from grace<sup>1</sup>. There are rumours that the pwresident is planning to sack her next week when ...

Occasionally, secret documents fall into the wrong hands<sup>2</sup> and national security is threatened. One such case has raised fears ...

Last year, a petition with 10,000 signatures demanding an end to the tax fell on deaf ears<sup>3</sup>, so yesterday protesters took to the streets and ...

House prices have fallen through the floor4 in the last six months, leaving many homeowners worrying about how ...

done something which made people in authority stop liking or admiring them

<sup>2</sup> the wrong people obtain and control them

<sup>3</sup> was ignored

<sup>4</sup> dropped to a very low level

The village carnival fell foul of<sup>5</sup> health and safety regulations and was cancelled. A spokesperson said that ...

The minister's statement fell short of 6 an apology, though he did admit that some ...

The government has fallen into the trap of<sup>7</sup> creating committee after committee, thinking that will solve the problems of social ...

The global banking system seemed to be falling apart at the seams<sup>8</sup> in 2009 ...

<sup>5</sup> broke a law or regulation

<sup>6</sup> did not come up to the standard of

<sup>7</sup> done something which seemed like a good idea but was not wise

<sup>8</sup> be in a very bad state and about to fail

# B

# Other idioms with fall

People were falling over themselves to volunteer as helpers for the president's visit. [very keen and eagerl

She never seems to have to work to get what she wants. Everything just seems to fall / drop into her lap. [happen or be given to her without any effort on her part]

Kevin seems to have fallen for Gloria hook, line and sinker! [fallen madly in love with]

My colleagues at the office played a joke on me, and I fell for it hook, line and sinker. [completely believed something which was not true]

I'm afraid you will have to fall into line and accept the company's rules and policy. [start to accept the rules of an organisation]

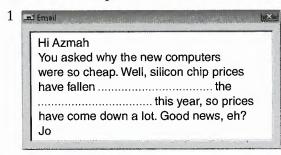
Here are two proverbs which include *fall*:

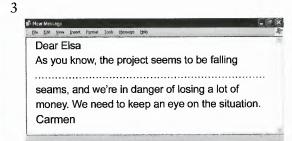
Pride comes before a fall. [if someone is too confident or arrogant, something bad will happen which will show that they are not as good as they think they are

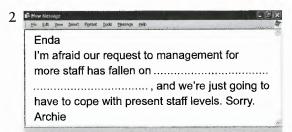
The bigger they are / come, the harder they fall. [the more power or success someone has, the harder it will be for them to lose itl

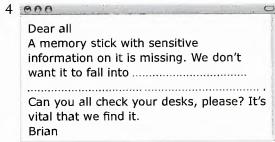
See Unit 11 for more proverbs.

#### **59.1** Look at A. Complete each idiom in these work emails.









#### 59.2 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 It seems that the prime minister's special adviser, Anne Sparks, is not liked or respected any more, and she is expected to resign soon. (GRACE)
- 2 Everyone had to accept the decision and work longer hours for the same pay. (LINE)
- 3 The deal broke the export regulations and had to be cancelled at the last minute. (FOUL)
- 4 The report is not really an outright condemnation of the government's actions, but it does contain strong criticism. (SHORT)

#### 59.3 Complete each idiom.

- 4 Sally may not like the new rules, but she'll just have to .......

#### 59.4 Answer these questions.

- 1 What is the difference between falling for something hook, line and sinker and falling for a person hook, line and sinker?
- 2 What proverb could you use about someone who is over-confident and arrogant, and you suspect something bad will happen to them as a result?
- 3 True or false? If someone falls over themselves to do something, it means they have an
- 4 What proverb could you use about a billionaire who lost all their money in one day and had to beg in the streets?

# A

# Own as adjective, noun and verb

Own is frequently used as an adjective:

She's a woman after my own heart. [having the same opinions or interests as me]

Own is occasionally used as a noun:

Bicycles come into their own in rush hour, as they end up moving much faster than cars or buses. [are very useful or successful in a particular situation]

Own can also be used as a verb:

She's only worked here for a week, but she behaves as if she owns the place. [in an unpleasantly confident way]

# B

# Own suggesting acting independently

idiom	example	meaning
Idioiti	exumple	Theuning
be your own person	Rajiv <b>is his own person</b> . Nobody can make him do anything he doesn't want to.	behaves as he wants to without being influenced by others
take matters into your own hands	The police didn't do anything about the situation, so we decided to take matters into our own hands.	deal with something ourselves because others are failing to act
in your own time	There's no need to hurry. Just give me an answer in your own time.	when you are ready
save your own skin	Don't expect her to support you – she's only wants to save her own skin.	protect herself from danger or difficulty, regardless of others
go their own ways	They've decided they can't live together any longer and are going to <b>go their own ways</b> .	separate (verb)
hold your own	Fazia is only fourteen, but she can <b>hold her own</b> in any adult conversation.	be as successful as anyone else

# C

# Own in idioms criticising people

Pilar: Mario's always saying how wonderful he is.

Maya: I know. He never stops blowing his own trumpet.

Pilar: His behaviour will cause him a lot of trouble.

Maya: Yes, he's digging his own grave, isn't he! Pilar: It's his own fault that he's so unpopular.

Maya: I know, it's of his own making.

Pilar: Everyone thinks he's using his position to make money dishonestly.

Maya: Yes, they suspect him of feathering his own nest.

Pilar: The trouble is, it encourages others to use the same methods as he does.

Maya: That's right. I suppose they're trying to play him at his own game. Pilar: Yes, they want to get revenge by showing him how unpleasant it is.

Maya: That's exactly it. They're trying to get their own back.



We always use own with a possessive form before it (e.g. his own making), not an article, e.g. the or an. The only exception to this rule is the idiom an own goal, e.g. The government's decision to raise taxes just before the election was very much an own goal. [something which helped the other side rather than themselves]

#### 60.1 Choose the correct word to complete each idiom.

I like Tina. She's her own [girl/person]. In fact, she's very much a woman after my own [heart/head]. But I'm not keen on her boyfriend, Karl. He's always blowing his own [trumpet/trombone], and when they come to my flat, he behaves as if he owns the [space / place]. I think it's time they went their own [roads/ways]. In fact, I really think she'd [come/get] into her own if they did.

#### Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom. 60.2

take matters into our own .....?

...... he owned the place.

6 If we want to beat our competitors, we'll have to play them at their own

7 Henry had never been into such a luxurious hotel before, but he walked in as

8 I'm afraid I scored an own ...... when I told my boss that I didn't really

- 1 I must think of a way of taking my revenge on Matt for playing that trick on me.
- 2 He told the police who had really planned the burglary in order to get out of trouble himself.
- 3 Tim was smaller than the other judo players, but he was as successful as anyone else.
- 4 You're making trouble for yourself by putting your boss in such a difficult position.
- 5 If women want to succeed in politics, they have to use the same methods as men.

#### 60.3 Complete the crossword.

### Across 2 The newspaper accused the politician of 2 trying to ...... his own nest. 4 You can't blame him for trying to save can't afford to lose his job. 5 You're ..... your own grave by going on strike. 9 My problems may be ..... my own making, but that doesn't make it 10 any easier. 11 10 Just answer in your own ....... There's no rush. 11 The company has managed to .....its own, despite fierce competition. Down 1 I admire Faye for always being her own ....., even when it makes her unpopular. 3 If the town council has no plans to improve the appearance of our street, why don't we



need a pay rise.

Note uses of own that you see in the course of your reading over the next week. In each case, think about whether it is being used ordinarily or idiomatically and write down any new idiomatic uses of own that you find.



### Unit I

- In 2009, I set off (phrasal verb) on a long journey. As I left my house, my neighbour shouted, 'Good luck!' (greetings and good wishes) I didn't know at that moment (prepositional phrase) that I would not see him again for three years. I boarded the plane (collocation) at Heathrow, and soon it took off (phrasal verb) for Malaysia. When we touched down (phrasal verb) in Kuala Lumpur, I couldn't wait to get off (phrasal verb) the plane. I took a bus (collocation) to the city centre (compound) and spent the night (collocation) at a youth hostel (compound). The first person I met was someone I had been at school (prepositional phrase) with years ago. 'It's a small world!' (saying or proverb) he said when he saw me.
- My friend suggested that we join forces. 'There's safety in numbers,' he said. 'Let's hit the road together.' I was in two minds whether to go with him but finally decided to say yes. We travelled together for six months and had a whale of a time. We spent money like there was no tomorrow, so I had to twist my dad's arm and persuade him to send me some more money so I could travel further.
- 1.3 1 c) a flash in the pan
  - 2 b) taken a shine to
  - 3 c) safe and sound
  - 4 b) put my foot in it
  - 5 b) as quiet as a mouse
- **1.4** 1 b 2 c 3 a 4 a

### Unit 2

- **2.1** 1 False. Many idioms stay in frequent usage for a long time.
  - 2 True.
  - 3 True.
  - 4 True.
  - 5 False. Headline writers often play with idioms for humorous or dramatic effect, or to catch the reader's eye.
  - 6 False. They can be found in most types of speaking and writing (although they may be more frequent in some types, such as popular journalism and informal conversation).
  - 7 True.
  - 8 False. Idioms are used in academic writing, although these idioms are different from typical idioms used in speech or informal writing.
- **2.2** 1 shape

4 effect

2 licking

5 course

3 stone

- 6 pricked
- 2.3 1 go up in the world
- 3 prick up your ears
- 2 lick your wounds
- 4 open the door to
- **2.4** 1 a mountain-climbing organisation
  - 2 a boxing club
  - 3 be patient
  - 4 the person's conscience
  - 5 a hi-fi company

- 3.1 1 It gives information – where necessary – about the usage of the idiom (e.g. whether it is used in a literary or an informal context), and it gives examples of the idiom in a typical
  - 2 There are over one billion words of international English (i.e. British, American and Australian) taken from both spoken and written contexts.
  - 3 It is informal.
- 3.2 1 very informal (Get off your backside means 'stop being lazy'.)
  - 2 formal (*Know no bounds* means 'be extreme'.)
  - 3 taboo (The shit hits the fan means 'there is serious trouble'.)
  - 4 informal (*Know something inside out* means 'know thoroughly'.)
  - 5 literary (Curl your lip means 'to sneer; to show you feel no respect for someone or something'.)
  - 6 old-fashioned (Kith and kin means 'relatives'.)
  - 7 humorous (Know your place means 'accept your low position within society without trying to improve it'.)
- 3.3 1 Henry will help you deal with these forms. He knows the system inside out.
  - 2 There is a growing interest in genealogy, as people increasingly want to discover all they can about their kith and kin.
  - 3 Joey can be so lazy. I wish he'd get off his backside.
  - 4 Don't worry. I'll behave properly when I meet your boss. I know my place!
  - 5 If Greg finds out what you've done, the shit will hit the fan.
  - 6 Don't you dare curl your lip at me, young lady!
  - 7 The old woman's kindness to us all knows / knew no bounds.
- 3.4 At the time of writing, the first site does not have its own entry for this phrase, but it connects you to a range of other online sites which do have information about it.

The British National Corpus finds five examples of the idiom in its corpus.

The search engine Google finds 482,000 sites using this idiom. Some of these sites are directly discussing the idiom, while many provide examples of it in a range of different contexts.

#### 3.5 SPORTS MINISTER HOPPING MAD

John Hamilton has made a name for himself by running a tight ship at the Ministry of Sport. So it was no surprise to his staff that he reportedly 'went spare' when he learnt what had been going on behind his back. Two of his leading advisors had been feathering their own nests with government money intended for young people's sports organisations. 'Such behaviour is quite beyond the pale,' said Hamilton, 'and the two people concerned have already been given the sack'.

Meaning of idioms from 'Sports Minister hopping mad':

hopping mad = very angry

make a name for = become famous or respected for

run a tight ship = control something firmly and effectively

went spare = was extremely angry

behind one's back = without someone knowing

feather one's own nest = dishonestly use your position to get money for yourself

be beyond the pale = be unacceptable

get the sack = be dismissed from your job

- 4.1 1 They make a comparison.
  - 2 In literary writing, e.g. poetry.
  - 3 Those used in literary contexts are original, and the comparison is intended to make the reader think; those used in idioms have become so much part of the language that speakers rarely still notice the original comparison.
  - 4 It can help to make sense of the meaning of the idiom, and thinking about the image underlying the idiom may help you to learn and remember the idiom.
- 4.2 1 have something up your sleeve
  - 2 get / be given your marching orders / pull rank on
  - 3 uncharted waters
  - 4 take centre stage
- 4.3 1 minefield 5 point, light 2 launch 6 pull 3 mark 7 at 4 see 8 bluff
- 4.4 1 Everyone else was laughing, but Katie couldn't see the joke.
  - 2 Jean is going / getting nowhere\_with her research.
  - 3 BritTel is going to join forces with SatCom to lobby the government.
  - 4 The teacher saw red when Matt refused to do his homework.
  - 5 The errors in the report really weren't Ned's fault, but he took / got the flak for them.
  - 6 Tina is hoping her father will eventually see reason / sense and let her drive the family car.
  - 7 Unfortunately, my brother's transport business was a casualty of the rise in fuel prices.
  - 8 As the president of a major company, Gary is used to taking centre stage.

- 5.1 1 from the cradle to the grave
  - 2 to clip someone's wings
  - 3 the tip of the iceberg
  - 4 paying out of your own pocket
- 5.2 1 My sister is always buying up-to-the-minute gadgets.
  - 2 Correct.
  - 3 My granddad's always talking about the good old days.
  - 4 They've been engaged for six months but haven't made any plans about when they're going to tie the knot.
  - 5 Correct.
  - 6 Engineering isn't the kind of job that every Tom, Dick or Harry could do.
- 5.3 1 mountain 4 pocket 2 numbered 5 bear
  - 3 spirit
- 5.4 1 You'll pass your driving test if you really want to – where there's a will, there's a way.
  - 2 I get bored if I always do the same things at the weekend variety is the spice of life.
  - 3 Shh! Be quiet! There's no need to talk at the top of your voice.
  - 4 He never saves any money. He spends whatever he has. Easy come, easy go is his motto.
  - 5 I was so upset when I failed the exam. I cried my eyes out.
  - 6 She's a total optimist she always manages to look on / see the bright side.

- 6.1 1 be blown away by
  - 2 be on the same wavelength
  - 3 fringe benefits
- 6.2 1 Fringe benefits are extra benefits you get with a job apart from your pay, and a fringe is hair that hangs down over your forehead.
  - 2 Radio stations use FM or AM wavelengths to send their radio signals. If two people are on the same wavelength, they think in the same way.
  - 3 If you are blown away by a performance, you are amazed and impressed because it is so good. A trumpet is an example of a wind instrument. A strong wind can also 'blow you
  - 4 Part and parcel refers to a necessary part of the job, and postmen have to deliver parcels.
  - 5 Film stars act, and get your act together means to organise yourself and resolve a problem.
- 6.3 1 The money was burning a hole in my pocket.
  - 2 Her two brothers don't see eye to eye and haven't spoken to each other for over a year.
  - 3 Learning how to manage your finances is part and parcel of becoming an adult.
  - 4 It's time you got your act together and found a job!
  - 5 The president refused to make a decision, and was accused of sitting on the fence.
  - 6 My computer crashed, so I'm back to square one with my assignment.
- 6.4 2 a local drama club
  - 3 a delivery firm
  - 4 a gardening company

Follow-up Possible answers:

fighting fit: a judo club, a boxing club, a gym

two left feet: a dance school

it never rains but it pours: a company that makes raincoats, umbrellas or wellington boots

- 7.1 1 You'd need to tidy the room.
  - 2 No, you'd probably feel upset because your friend is saying you're crazy.
  - 3 Your friend thinks her brother is often silly.
- 7.2 1 catch 5 worth 2 fresh 6 thousand 3 dropped 7 throw
  - 4 bat
- 7.3 1 US 5 US 2 Britain 6 Britain 3 Britain 7 Britain
  - 4 US
- 7.4 1 You have to pay the deposit for hiring the boat in hard cash. (British)
  - 2 Rhiannon and her sister have always fought like cats and dogs. (US)
  - 3 It was such a sad film / movie I cried buckets. (US)
  - 4 There's a lot of donkey work to be done before we can open the new restaurant. (British)
  - 5 Having such perfect weather on holiday was the icing on the cake. (British)
  - 6 Having to stay late at work on a holiday weekend really took the cake. (US)
  - 7 What's happened? You look like the cat that ate the canary. (US)
- 7.5 1 donkey work
  - 2 the icing / frosting on the cake
  - 3 fight like cat and dog / like cats and dogs

- 8.1 1 You have to be prepared to go the extra mile if you want to get promoted.
  - 2 Correct.
  - 3 This shampoo is great it does exactly what it says on the tin.
  - 4 I'd never share an apartment with her she'd be the flatmate from hell.
  - 5 Correct.
- 8.2 1 Too much information

4 I'm cool with that

2 whatever floats your boat

5 Don't even go there

3 big time

6 End of

- 8.3 1 doesn't float my boat
  - 2 like nailing jelly to the wall.
  - 3 go the extra mile
  - 4 big time

### Possible answers:

- 1 This doesn't make sense it would be annoying or upsetting to live next door to the 8.4 neighbours from hell.
  - 2 This doesn't make sense being happy about something is the same as being cool with it.
  - 3 This makes sense, as loving the painter's work is the opposite of it not floating the speaker's boat.
  - 4 This doesn't make sense nailing jelly to a wall means that something is hard to do; if someone is honest and open, then it is easy to see and understand their feelings and opinions.

### Unit 9

- 9.1 1 My new dress fits like a glove.
  - 2 You'll need to run like the wind to catch the train.
  - 3 She's as thin as a rake.
  - 4 Sandra always looks as fresh as a daisy.
  - 5 He drove off like a maniac.
  - 6 Her mouth felt as dry as a bone.
  - 7 Their son is as bright as a button.
  - 8 Her hair felt as smooth as silk.
- 9.2 1 dust

4 thieves

2 two short planks

5 a bone

3 crystal

6 mud

- 9.3 1 Tom and Rosa have been fighting like cat and dog recently.
  - 2 Amy went as red as a beetroot when Lasse commented on her new dress.
  - 3 When our teacher asks the class a difficult question, Hatsuki usually answers as quick as a flash.
  - 4 It was early Sunday morning and the house was as silent as the grave.
  - 5 Emma was all over Jakob like a rash at the barbecue last week.
  - 6 All her sisters are as poor as church mice. (Notice how this simile is made plural to match the plural subject.)
  - 7 Caterina felt as fresh as a daisy after her shower.
  - 8 The students in my class are great hardworking, punctual and keen as mustard.
- 9.4 1 Yes, he had a face like thunder.
- 4 Yes, I've been working like a dog.
- 2 Yes, he's as stubborn as a mule.
- 5 Yes, she's as keen as mustard.
- 3 Yes, he was driving like a maniac.

10.1 black and blue

neck and neck

little by little

bumper to bumper

here, there and everywhere

give or take (Notice that we also say give and take, but it has a different meaning: For a relationship to work, you need a lot of give and take. [compromise])

nook and cranny

hit and miss (Hit or miss is also possible and has the same meaning.)

neat and tidy

wear and tear

- 10.2 1 bumper to bumper
  - 2 here, there and everywhere
  - 3 wear and tear
  - 4 little by little

- 5 nook and cranny
- 6 neat and tidy
- 7 neck and neck
- 8 give or take
- 10.3 1 'The hustle and bustle of market day.'
  - 2 'He's a United supporter through and through.'
  - 3 'Heads or tails?'
  - 4 'Her two dogs are like chalk and cheese.'
- 10.4 1 People started to enter the room in dribs and drabs.
  - 2 Jack's commitment to work waxed and waned throughout the year.
  - 3 Have a few days' rest and you'll be out and about in no time.
  - 4 I've told him time after time (also time and time again) not to leave his car unlocked.
  - 5 The work required a lot of blood, sweat and tears but it was worth it.
  - 6 The whole team's been at sixes and sevens since Kay resigned.
  - 7 I keep dropping things today I'm all fingers and thumbs.
  - 8 My mum and I are like chalk and cheese, but we get on well.

### Unit II

- шл 1 Every cloud has a silver lining.
  - 2 Nothing ventured, nothing gained.
  - 3 Necessity is the mother of invention.
- 11.2 1 It takes two to tango.
  - 2 It never rains but it pours.
  - 3 All's fair in love and war.

- 4 Where there's a will, there's a way.
- 5 Variety is the spice of life.
- 4 Every cloud has a silver lining.
- 5 Rome wasn't built in a day.
- 6 Where there's a will, there's a way.
- 11.3 1 We had no tent, so we made a shelter out of branches and leaves to protect ourselves from the storm. It was a case of necessity is the mother of invention.
  - 2 I'm doing three jobs at the moment to pay for my studies. Still, they say that variety is the spice of life!
  - 3 I went to the gym every day for three months and felt so much fitter. It was very hard work but no pain, no gain.
  - 4 I decided that bungee-jumping was too dangerous and didn't go with my friends better to be safe than sorry.
  - 5 We've got ten laptops at half-price. But hurry it's first come, first served.
  - 6 Three big bills at the same time? It never rains but it pours!

- 11.4 1 When we got there they had given away all the free CDs – it was a case of first come, first served.
  - 2 Take your time and don't be impatient; Rome wasn't built in a day!
  - 3 It's a shame you missed your flight, but at least we can spend more time together. They do say every cloud has a silver lining.
  - 4 All my problems seem to come at the same time. It's true what they say: it never rains but it pours!
  - 5 It's going to be a lot of hard work, but nothing ventured, nothing gained.
  - 6 They are both in the wrong. It takes two to tango.

- 12.1 1 bun in the oven 3 in his birthday suit
  - 2 spend a penny
- 12.2 1 The poet breathed his last on 20 January 1891.
  - 2 Older dogs need to be let out more often to answer the call of nature.
  - 3 He'd only been married for a year before he found himself a bit on the side.
  - 4 For one dreadful moment I thought my number was up.
  - 5 I hate my daughter's taste in music it's full of four-letter words.
  - 6 The old lady asked where she could go to powder her nose.
  - 7 Did you know Marta had a bun in the oven?
  - 8 Don't be such a bloody fool, pardon my French.
- 12.3 1 blinding 2 sacrifice 3 spend 4 under 5 long 6 nose
- 12.4 1 She's got a bun in the oven.
  - 2 He's in the altogether / in his birthday suit.
  - 3 I'm just going to spend a penny / powder my nose / answer the call of nature.
  - 4 The old man knew he would soon breathe his last / was not long for this world.
  - 5 He plays the field.
  - 6 He's always effing and blinding.
  - 7 Pardon my French!
  - 8 We must reduce the number of friendly fire incidents.
- 12.5 1 The doctors have just told him he's got cancer.
  - 2 I think you're lying.
  - 3 The cat was so badly injured we had to have it killed by the vet.
  - 4 Why didn't you tell me your sister was pregnant?
  - 5 Shall we pause the meeting so people can use the lavatory if they wish now?

- 13.1 1 the fat lady 4 pebbles 7 a horse 2 enough 5 bliss 8 fish 3 the bright side 6 after the event 9 it will out
- 13.2 1 B: No, I promise. Mum's the word.
  - 2 B: That's not fair! Give me a break! It's only the third time this week.
  - 3 B: Hmm. I'll believe it when I see it.
  - 4 A: Get your skates on! We need to leave in five minutes.
  - 5 B: Not at all. Good riddance!
  - 6 B: Take it easy! Don't panic! I'll help you if you like.
  - 7 B: Just give her a break. It's only her second day here.
  - 8 B: So far, so good. But it's early days yet.
  - 9 B: I don't know. It's a complex situation, I suspect there's more to it than meets the eye.
  - 10 B: I don't know but I'm sure we'll find out. Truth will out.

- 13.3 1 Give me a break!
  - 2 There are plenty more fish in the sea.
  - 3 So far, so good.
  - 4 It's not over until the fat lady sings.
  - 5 Truth will out.
  - 6 Mum's the word. Note that mum in this expression has nothing to do with mothers. It comes from an old word meaning 'silent'.

## Follow-up Possible answers:

Any friend of yours is a friend of mine: I like you so I am sure I will like any friend of yours

Beauty is only skin deep: People who are good-looking do not always have good characters. Money is the root of all evil: The reason why people do illegal and immoral things is often money.

- A: Would it be all right if I bring my friend Jack to your birthday party?
- B: Of course. Any friend of yours is a friend of mine.
- A: I'm amazed that someone so beautiful can say and do such terrible things.
- B: Well, beauty is only skin deep, remember.
- A: I just can't understand why anyone would want to set fire to their own house.
- B: Well, money is the root of all evil. Perhaps they were hoping to claim on the insurance.

- 14.1 1 We don't receive many complaints, so we just deal with them on an ad hoc basis.
  - 2 The de facto government will remain in power until the election results are finalised.
  - 3 This sentence in your essay is a non sequitur it's not logically connected to your previous point.
  - 4 I could go on ad infinitum about the advantages of moving to the countryside.
  - 5 Whenever a new person takes over as manager, they disturb the status quo, at least to some extent.
  - 6 His lawyer claims he wasn't fully compos mentis when he admitted he was guilty.
- 14.2 1 There were no opportunities for discussion; the reform was presented as a fait accompli.
  - 2 All players must be au fait with the rules of the game.
  - 3 I can't come out tonight because I have to work late. Oh well, c'est la vie.
  - 4 Of course I love being a movie star, but I must say that awards ceremonies are my bête noire.
  - 5 So Dan has been arguing with his boss again. Plus ça change!
  - 6 A lot of the parents are not very happy about the new headmaster's laissez-faire attitude to behaviour.
- 14.3 1 False. A laissez-faire approach is relaxed.
  - 2 False. A de facto leader is a leader who has not been officially recognised as such.
  - 3 True.
  - 4 False. It is important not to include non sequiturs in your writing.
  - 5 True.
  - 6 False. If you are compos mentis, you are in control of your actions.
  - 7 False. A fait accompli is a completed action that cannot be changed.
  - 8 True.

### Follow-up Possible answers:

cream of the cream - the crème de la crème

The expression is used to describe the very best examples of people or things; the cream sits on top of the milk.

it does not follow - non sequitur

The expression is used to refer to a statement which does not follow on logically from what was previously said.

a done deed - a fait accompli

If a deed is done, then it cannot be changed. Note that we do also use the expression a done deed.

### Unit 15

- 15.1 1 a 2 b 3 a 4 a 5 b 6 a 7 b 8 a 9 b
- 15.2 1 deck 3 in 5 high 7 storm 6 board 2 wind 4 taken 8 weathering
- 15.3 1 There's trouble ahead, so we'd better batten down the hatches.
  - 2 It's a long journey, but we're making good headway.
  - 3 The business is doing so badly that I'm tempted to cut and run.
  - 4 There are some interesting plans for new projects in the offing.
  - 5 The film star left the room with a group of journalists in her wake.
  - 6 It's about time someone took the wind out of Marco's sails.
- 15.4 1 I try to give the city centre a wide berth on Saturdays if I possibly can.
  - 2 Jamie's mother was taken aback by his decision to leave school.
  - 3 Amy's plans to buy a new car went by the board when she lost her job.
  - 4 Their relationship has been on the rocks for some months.
  - 5 Asim runs a tight ship.
  - 6 The cost of home insurance has risen in the wake of last summer's floods.
  - 7 We were left high and dry when the babysitter didn't turn up.
  - 8 I know it's been hard for you, but I'm sure you'll weather the storm.

- 16.1 1 warpath 3 arms 5 fighting 2 bombshell 4 shell 6 beat shoot down in flames 16.2 a battle of wills baptism of fire run the gauntlet a flash in the pan hang fire 16.3 1 hang fire 4 run the gauntlet 2 baptism of fire 5 shot down in flames 3 a flash in the pan 6 a battle of wills
- 16.4 When Ali graduated, he decided he didn't want to join the ranks of commuters struggling to work every day. He wanted to set up his own online gift-ordering business so that he could work from home. He knew it was a risk but felt he would have at least a fighting chance of success. Initially, he and a college friend planned to start the business together. Ali had the idea and Igor, his friend, had the money to invest in the company. But then just weeks before the launch, Igor dropped a bombshell: he said he no longer wanted to be part of Ali's plans. Despite Ali's attempts to persuade him to hang fire on his decision, Igor said he was no longer prepared to take the risk and was going to beat a retreat before it was too

late. However, two weeks later Igor stole a march on Ali by launching his own online giftordering company. Ali was shell-shocked by this betrayal, but he soon came out fighting. He took Igor's behaviour as a call to arms and has persuaded a bank to lend him the money he needs. Ali's introduction to the business world has certainly been a baptism of fire, but I'm sure he will be really successful on his own.

### Follow-up

Here are some examples of sentences found through the British National Corpus website: The last thing he needed at the moment was an outraged husband on the warpath.

It took a while for the true magnitude of his achievement to dawn on the crowd, shellshocked as they were by the defeat of their hero.

On November 1 they told us that normal Christmas arrangements would apply - that we would work for most of the holiday period - then they dropped this bombshell on November 22 and said we would be off for two weeks.

Freshers were obliged to run a gauntlet of computer software, insurance and Student Railcard salesmen and a host of banks seeking their overdrafts, before reaching the union societies' billeted in the sports hall.

### Unit 17

17.1 1 go off the rails 3 do a U-turn

2 run out of steam

17.2 1 life in the slow lane 4 run out of steam

> 2 done a complete U-turn 5 go / move / step up a gear 3 gone off the rails 6 at / behind the wheel

- 17.3 1 I'm glad to say that things are now back on track.
  - 2 We don't know what could happen a year down the line.
  - 3 Things are out of control. Nobody seems to be in the driving seat any more.
  - 4 Profits of internet-based companies have taken a nosedive recently.
  - 5 I think the employers and the unions are on a collision course.
  - 6 Nothing's happening. Things have come to a complete standstill.

#### 17.4 1 c 2 a 3 c 4 a

# Follow-up Possible answers:

Drive someone round the bend means to annoy or irritate someone: Be quiet! You're driving me round the bend!

A back-seat driver is a passenger in a car who keeps giving advice to the driver that the driver has not asked for. It also means someone trying to control what happens, even though it is not their responsibility: Even though we have a new director, the old one still seems to be a back-seat driver in the company.

Step on it means to drive faster or to hurry up (informal). We can also say 'step on the gas', meaning put your foot on the accelerator in a car to make it go faster: Step on it! We have to be there in five minutes!

Put the brakes on means to slow down or stop an activity: The government has put the brakes on airport expansion because of climate change.

Give | get the green light means give | get permission for someone to do something or for something to happen: The architects have been given the green light to build a new bridge over the River Handa.

- 18.1 1 Yes, she thinks she's the cat's whiskers.
  - 2 Yes, it's a dog's life!
  - 3 No, I haven't got a cat in hell's chance.
  - 4 Yes, he has a real dog-in-the-manger attitude. (Notice the use of hyphens when the idiom is used as an adjective.)
- 18.2 1 the elephant in the room

4 to sort (out) the sheep from the goats

2 a wolf in sheep's clothing

5 shedding crocodile tears

3 straight from the horse's mouth

6 unil the cows come home

18.3 1 horse 3 cows

5 sheep, lamb

2 leopard

4 parrot

- 18.4 1 Don't cry wolf or no one will help when you really need it.
  - 2 The Minister sheds crocodile tears about homelessness, but does nothing about it.
  - 3 I hate our neighbours' dog-in-the-manger attitude they don't want the parking space but they won't let us have it.
  - 4 We can discuss it until the cows come home, but I won't change my mind.

### Follow-up Possible answers:

A snake in the grass: someone who pretends to be your friend but is really an enemy.

A big fish in a small pond: an important person in a not very important place.

To smell a rat: to suspect something.

- 1 I wonder what is really behind the president's decision. I'm sure there's more to it than 19.1 meets the eve.
  - 2 Melissa is head and shoulders above her brother when it comes to maths.
  - 3 I'm sure we can think of a good present for Jim if we put our heads together.
  - 4 Kasia really loves getting her teeth into a new project.
  - 5 You mustn't bury your head in the sand problems don't go away if you ignore them.
  - 6 It was one in the eye for Liliana's brother when she passed her driving test first time it had taken him five attempts.
- 19.2 2 to speak 3 starting 4 respect 5 less nice 1 respect
- 19.3 1 Let's talk about planning the party. Yes, let's put our heads together.
  - 2 Bruno was upset when he lost the race to his rival. Yes, it was one in the eye for him.
  - 3 Ahmed's been so arrogant since he won that competition. Yes, it's really gone to his head.
  - 4 He didn't want people to think less of him. Yes, he was afraid of losing face.
  - 5 They never really liked him in his old job. That's right, his face didn't fit.
  - 6 It's a very complicated issue, I think. Yes, there's more to it than meets the eye.
  - 7 Everyone says that Ian's to blame. Yes, they're all pointing the finger at him.
  - 8 I read a newspaper every day. Well, it's good to keep your finger on the pulse.
- 19.4 1 I'd give my right arm to go to Japan with you!
  - 2 After some teething troubles, the business began to do well.
  - 3 I find it very hard to get my tongue round some Welsh place names.
  - 4 I don't know why they're pointing the finger at me I'm not guilty.
  - 5 I'm not very good at maths, but my brother has a good head for figures.
  - 6 I hope I'm not treading on your toes, but could I suggest you try a different approach?
  - 7 Paulo's speech at the wedding made my toes curl!
  - 8 I don't see how you can keep your finger on the pulse if you never watch TV or listen to the radio.

- 20.1 1 play / keep your cards close to your chest
  - 2 hold all the cards
  - 3 monopoly money

- 4 the dice are loaded against (someone)
- 5 dicing with death
- 6 play your ace / play your trump card
- 20.2 1 I felt I was dicing with death riding at high speed on the back of his motorbike.
  - 2 I played / kept my cards close to my chest and didn't mention that I was going to resign
  - 3 He's so rich. He spends money as if it were monopoly money.
  - 4 The barrister played his ace / played his trump card and revealed the final piece of evidence.
  - 5 I wanted a job in politics, but felt the dice were loaded against me as I had no personal contacts in the political world.
  - 6 Masa is so much more qualified and experienced than I am. He holds all the cards if we both apply for the same job.
- 20.3 1b Ivana 2c Jung 3d Gina 4a Joseph
- 20.4 1 Jin's in a very powerful position; he holds all the cards.
  - 2 The teacher has moved the goalposts so many times that none of the students knows what the rules are any more.
  - 3 Simon is very direct with people; he never pulls any punches.
  - 4 What? The headteacher changed the holiday from a whole day to a half day! Poor kids! It's just not cricket, is it?
  - 5 The two presidential candidates have played hardball recently and have made quite personal attacks on each other.
  - 6 Advertising on TV is not the same as it was 20 years ago; it's a whole new ball game now.
  - 7 Everyone felt punch-drunk after six hours of political debate.
  - 8 At 10 pm on the night of the election, the president threw in the sponge / towel and admitted he had lost.

### Unit 21

21.1 1 a Trojan horse 3 the sword of Damocles

2 Achilles' heel

- 4 Pandora's box
- 21.2 1 New financial regulations are hanging over the banking industry like the sword of Damocles. Bankers are extremely worried.
  - 2 One famous type of computer virus works like a Trojan horse. It attacks your computer from inside the system.
  - 3 He's a good worker in many ways, but planning is his Achilles heel. He's so disorganised.
  - 4 She opened Pandora's box when she started investigating corruption in the building industry.
- 21.3

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- 21.4 1 Julia's parting shot as she walked out of the room was to say that she never wanted to see any of us ever again.
  - 2 The police left no stone unturned in trying to trace the missing child.
  - 3 Piero fell on his sword and accepted full responsibility for the disaster.
  - 4 She really has the Midas touch everything she does is hugely successful.
  - 5 It was a task of epic proportions, but everyone tried their hardest to succeed.
  - 6 We should continue to work hard and not rest on our laurels.
  - 7 If we are faced with a violent attack, we should just turn the other cheek and not react.
  - 8 Doing nothing at this stage would be like fiddling while Rome burns.

- 1 The film is about two star-crossed lovers and their relationship. 22.1
  - 2 Dom and his friends ate me out of house and home.
  - 3 Harry's driving made my hair stand on end, but we arrived safely.
  - 4 He set off on a wild-goose chase to find the buried treasure he'd read about.
  - 5 Having criticised the previous government for their financial scandals, the new president was hoist with his own petard when he was arrested for fraud.
  - 6 Masha prepared a delicious meal in the twinkling of an eye.
  - 7 The green-eyed monster is responsible for many crimes of passion.
  - 8 The reviewer didn't praise the play subtly he laid it on with a trowel.
- 22.2 1 true, smooth 2 end 3 house 4 eve 5 swoop
- 1 make your hair stand on end 22.3
  - 2 a wild-goose chase
  - 3 lay it on with a trowel
  - 4 the green-eyed monster
- 1 The bank robbers left the country after they had cleverly managed to send the police off 22.4 on a wild-goose chase.
  - 2 The ghost story David told made my hair stand on end.
  - 3 Maya and Harry's relationship was destroyed by the green-eved monster.
  - 4 Simply tell your daughter that you like her work. There's no need to lay it on with a trowel.

### Follow-up

pound of flesh: something owed but which it is unreasonable to demand, e.g. People accuse the taxman of always making sure he gets his bound of flesh.

send someone packing: ask someone to leave at once, e.g. I can't face any visitors, so if anyone comes to the door, just send them packing.

- **23.1** 1 Man Friday 3 Prince Charming 5 Aladdin 2 Hvde 4 Big Brother
- 23.2 1 My sister's getting married next week. I'm so happy she's found her Prince Charming.
  - 2 The internet service providers know exactly which websites we visit Big Brother is watching us all the time.
  - 3 My life is totally chaotic. I need a Man Friday / Girl Friday to help me with everything.
  - 4 The old cupboard was an Aladdin's cave of valuable objects.
  - 5 Roberto is a real Jekyll and Hyde character. You can never predict how he's going to behave.

- 23.3 1 Don't worry, it's just a storm in a teacup.
  - 2 He wants to borrow a lot of money to go travelling, but paying it back could become an albatross around his neck.
  - 3 Why are you just getting a new fridge and cooker? Why not go the whole hog and get a new kitchen?
  - 4 He's always got some new money-making plan or scheme, but most of the time they're just castles in the air.
  - 5 I met him ten years ago and then saw him again last year. We seem to be like ships that pass in the night.
- 1 She's very direct and always calls a spade a spade. 23.4
  - 2 I found myself in a ridiculous Catch-22 situation.
  - 3 People say that academics live in ivory towers.
  - 4 There's nothing to worry about; it's just a storm in a teacup.
- 23.5 1 castles in the air

3 ships that pass in the night

2 storm in a teacup

4 ivory tower

## Unit 24

24.1	Who is talking about	name
	I something that is at the cutting edge of technology?	Clara
	2 something that was hot off the press?	Rob
	3 something that pushes the right buttons?	Matthew
	4 something that was the brainchild of someone?	Julian

- 24.2 1 I try my best to do my job well, but sometimes I feel as if I'm just a cog in the machine.
  - 2 I don't want to throw a spanner in the works, but I think you should apply for official permission first.
  - 3 I worry sometimes that we're just reinventing the wheel in our research.
  - 4 I'm afraid I couldn't print the document; our printer is on the blink.
  - 5 There was a power failure and everything went haywire.
  - 6 She should be able to write a simple text message. I mean, it's not rocket science, is it?
  - 7 I think we're light years away from finding a cure for this terrible disease.
  - 8 Why change the system? If it ain't broke, don't fix it!
- 24.3 2. c 3 a
- 24.4 1 My school was new. We had all kinds of cutting-edge technology.
  - 2 Suddenly, everything went havwire and there was complete chaos.
  - 3 She felt she was just a cog in the machine and that no one ever noticed her.
  - 4 The city council set the wheels in motion for the construction of the new park.

- **25.1** 1 The critics didn't hesitate to pick holes in the actor's performance.
  - 2 The hero's dying words sent shivers down my spine.
  - 3 The comedian's jokes brought the house down.
  - 4 It took me all of my holiday to wade through that novel.
  - 5 The singers were all great, but the young soprano stole the show.
  - 6 The play was so funny it had the audience rolling in the aisles.
  - 7 The film was really exciting and kept us on the edge of our seats.
  - 8 The Sunday News critic hated the book and did a hatchet job on it.

- **25.2** 1 an armchair critic
  - 2 waiting in the wings
  - 3 have your name in lights
  - 4 do a hatchet job on something
  - 5 rolling in the aisles
  - 6 keep you on the edge of your seat
- **25.3** *Possible answers:* 
  - 1 support / admire
- 3 stage in a theatre 4 A lot of / Lots of
- 5 Shy / Unconfident

- 2 reassure / calm
- **25.4** 1 Richard is a leading light in the local tennis club.
  - 2 The teacher picked holes in my essay.
  - 3 Don't worry about your presentation. It'll be all right on the night.
  - 4 The dog stole the show.
  - 5 She spent years treading the boards before getting a part in a TV soap.
  - 6 The new manager is good at playing to the gallery.
  - 7 The book was very heavy going.
  - 8 I can't believe that the Sunday News critic described such a boring novel as a page-turner.

- **26.1** 1 They invited their nearest and dearest to the wedding.
  - 2 We don't live in each other's pockets, but we're a happy family.
  - 3 He has deserted his own flesh and blood and gone to join the army.
  - 4 Young Walter is the spitting image of his grandfather.
  - 5 She was just a twinkle in her father's eye three years ago!
  - 6 When he turned 18, he flew the nest and went to live in Australia.
  - 7 Harry is a real chip off the old block he's just like his uncle Rex.
  - 8 Kay and her mum are pretty. Good looks run in the family.
- **26.2** 1 Heather is the spitting image of her mother she looks just like her.
  - 2 How could you harm your brother? He's your own flesh and blood.
  - 3 She was born in 1986. In 1983, she was just a twinkle in her father's eye.
  - 4 All her nearest and dearest gathered round her for a family photo on her 90th birthday.
  - 5 I'd hate the sort of family where everybody lives in each other's pockets.
  - 6 He's 42 and still living with his parents. Most people fly the nest a lot earlier.
  - 7 All of her sisters are really musical too. It must run in the family.
  - 8 Max is as generous as his dad. He's a chip off the old block.

26.3	I Who has known someone for many years?	Chelsea		
	2 Who has a friend who is only there when things are going well?	Zenab		
	3 Who has a friend who won't speak to her?			
	4 Who has a friend who has given a lot of support in difficult times?			
	5 Who knows powerful and influential people?	Ashley		

- 26.4 1 If he has the ear of the boss, we should let him represent us.
  - 2 Joanna was a tower (or pillar) of strength when I was going through a bad time.
  - 3 Hilda has invited an old flame of hers to the party on Saturday.
  - 4 My friend Roger has stood by me through thick and thin.
  - 5 He was footloose and fancy-free until he was 25; then he got married.
  - 6 Raisa and I go back a long way.

- 27.1 1 up 2 parts 3 kids 4 strings 5 mine
- 27.2 1 Concentrate on your homework and stop playing the fool!
  - 2 I hope Joe doesn't come to the party he's such a wet blanket.
  - 3 I suppose that everyone ultimately has to look out for number one.
  - 4 Kate volunteers for all the jobs that no one else will do she's a real glutton for punishment.
  - 5 I always said she was a loose cannon, so I'm not surprised she's causing trouble.
  - 6 The newspapers are claiming that the prince is a love-rat.
  - 7 Be extra kind and calm with Jarek he's very highly strung.
  - 8 Everyone admires the young entrepreneur for his get-up and go.
- 27.3 1 a wet blanket

3 have (plenty of) strings to your bow

2 a man of many parts

- 4 a love-rat
- 27.4 1 I'm really scared about meeting them. I'm sure they'll eat me for breakfast.
  - 2 I don't want to be a wet blanket, but please can you turn the music down? It's too loud.
  - 3 Some say that to succeed in business, you need to look out for number one.
  - 4 There always seems to be a child in every class who plays the fool to make the other pupils laugh.
  - 5 Martina would be easier to live with if she weren't so highly strung.
  - 6 Some see him as a loose cannon, but this is unfair.

### Unit 28

- 28.1 1 Her new boyfriend is really attractive, but he's so boring! He's just eye candy.
  - 2 Beauty is in the eye of the beholder.
  - 3 Of course my idea's a good one! I'm not just a pretty face!
  - 4 I've never met my brother's boss, but my brother says she's not much to look at.
  - 5 I love that film star. He's drop-dead gorgeous!
  - 6 His new girlfriend is really pretty; she's very easy on the eye.

### Possible answers:

- 28.2 1 c) both a and b mean attractive
  - 2 b) both a and c suggest she is attractively dressed, whereas b suggests she is inappropriately dressed
  - 3 c) this is the only one that sounds positive rather than critical
  - 4 c) a and b are focusing on his body rather than his clothes
- 28.3 1 dinner 2 glad 3 part 4 kill 5 mutton 6 pretty
- 28.4 1 We'll need to leave for the wedding soon. Hurry up and put your glad rags on.
  - 2 She's 50, but she dresses like a teenager. She looks like mutton dressed as lamb.
  - 3 If you want to get a good job in a bank, you'll have to stop dressing like a student and make an effort to look the part.
  - 4 Even on an ordinary day at work, Gemma is dressed to kill in high heels and a smart suit. I wonder who she's trying to impress!
  - 5 As well as being extremely good-looking, that actor is a very good businessman. He's not just a pretty face!
  - 6 The actress looked ridiculous at the film premiere too much jewellery and a very short dress. She really was done up / dressed up like a dog's dinner.
- 28.5 1 Yes, he's getting a real middle-age spread.
  - 2 Absolutely. He's the spitting image of him.
  - 3 That's right. She's never normally so down-at-heel.
  - 4 No, she's not much to look at.
  - 5 No, he looks as if butter wouldn't melt in his mouth.

29.1 4 fiddle, wool, eves 1 counter

2 lining their, pockets 5 taking, ride

3 iob

1 f 29.2 2 e 5 g 6 d 8 i 9 b 3 c 4 h 7 a

29.3 1 True. 3 True.

> 4 False. They spend time in prison. 2 False. They themselves run away, usually from trouble.

#### Unit 30

30.1 1 at the top of the ladder 3 a sleeping / silent partner

> 4 a foot in the door 2 a golden handshake

- 1 She founded the company, but she's not very active in it now. She's just a sleeping / silent 30.2 partner.
  - 2 He desperately wanted to work in the film industry, so he got a job carrying camera equipment to get a foot in the door.
  - 3 When he retired, the company gave him a golden handshake.
  - 4 It took him years to become chief executive, but he's at the top of the ladder now.
- 1 No. If you have a good track record, you have a history of success, not failure. 30.3
  - 2 No. A cushy number is a very easy job.
  - 3 Yes.
  - 4 Yes.
  - 5 No. If you are doing a roaring trade, you are selling lots of goods.
  - 6 No. If a company goes belly up, it has failed and usually closes.
  - 7 No. If a company corners the market, they are very successful and do not have any serious competitors.
  - 8 Yes.
- 30.4 1 Our new online business is going great guns.
  - 2 Some airlines are in danger of going to the wall.
  - 3 That new farmers' market seems to be doing a roaring trade.
  - 4 Mr Olsen decided to shut up shop and retire to the coast.
  - 5 Another insurance company went bust last week.
  - 6 She realised she had hit a glass ceiling at work.

#### Unit 31

31.1 1 saddled with debt 3 big fish in a small pond

2 throw someone a lifeline 4 cloud on the horizon

- 1 rein in spending (riders use reins to guide the horse and control its speed) 31.2
  - 2 soar sky-high and take a nosedive
  - 3 birds soar sky-high and a plane can take a nosedive
  - 4 receive a windfall (the image is that of a strong wind blowing fruit off the trees unexpectedly early)
  - 5 a ballpark figure (the idiom comes from baseball)
  - 6 the bottom drops / falls out of the market (the image is of the bottom coming off a box, thus spilling all its contents)
- 31.3 1 The speaker said he was concerned about the way in which young people worship at the altar of instant gratification.
  - 2 Correct.

- 3 Receiving a sizeable windfall from one of our investments allowed us to extend our premises.
- 4 Changes in the company's structure will take place across the board.
- 5 Jackson was under no illusions about how long it would take his business to get established.
- 6 Correct.
- 7 It's time we considered how we can take our business to the next level.
- 8 The senior staff all fell into line with the new CEO's demands.
- 31.4 1 The latest crisis at work means that heads will roll.
  - 2 I can't tell you the exact price, but I can give you a ballpark figure.
  - 3 No one will want to take over a company so saddled with debt.
  - 4 As our profits have fallen, we'll have to rein in spending.
  - 5 Jake likes being a big fish in a small pond.
  - 6 There are fears that the bottom may fall out of the market.
  - 7 For the first time in ages there are no clouds on the company's horizon.
  - 8 The plan is to implement substantial changes across the board.

- **32.** I 1 The speaker wants to know when Sandra will be free, e.g. to meet.
  - 2 The speaker is suggesting that they make contact with each other, or meet.
  - 3 Because it uses several words ('at this moment in time') where one ('now') would do equally well.
  - 4 Yes, it does.
- 1 have a window 32.2 3 push the envelope 2 the gloves are off 4 blue-sky thinking
- 32.3 1 suck 3 box 5 dog 7 rock 2 fact 4 off 6 up 8 envelope
- 32.4 1 Do you have any points that you would like to bring to the table today?
  - 2 We need to prove that our products are at the cutting edge if we are to stay competitive.
  - 3 They've been working 24 / 7 to complete the project.
  - 4 The fact of the matter is that our previous advertising campaign was not as successful as we had hoped.
  - 5 I have a window on Thursday afternoon if that suits you.
  - 6 They chose Mark for the job because he ticked all the boxes.

- 33.I 1 Working as a security guard is money for old rope, unless someone actually tries to break in.
  - 2 He went from rags to riches, but he was always afraid he'd end up poor again.
  - 3 A lot of students find it difficult to make ends meet and end up borrowing money from the bank or from their parents.
  - 4 When I was a student, I was always strapped for cash, so I had to get part-time jobs.
  - 5 He's completely immoral about financial matters. He would sell his own grandmother.
  - 6 He sued the newspaper for libel, won his case and took them to the cleaners.
  - 7 They set up one of those social networking websites. It was an instant success and now they're laughing all the way to the bank.
  - 8 Why do I work so hard and such long hours? Well, someone has to bring home the bacon!
  - 9 Jessie paid me for that job I did last week, so I'm quids in. We can have a nice meal out tonight!
  - 10 I bought a new guitar at the weekend. It was going for a song at only £30.

- 33.2 1 In the current financial crisis, people are finding it harder to make ends meet.
  - 2 I'm tired of living on a shoestring. I need to earn more money.
  - 3 You should buy that old house it's going for a song.
  - 4 Spending money on ready-made meals is just throwing money down the drain.
  - 5 Did you know he took his girlfriend to the Caribbean for a luxury holiday? He must be absolutely rolling in it.
  - 6 We had lunch in a cheap and cheerful restaurant.
  - 7 I know you love that dress, but it's so expensive. There's no point in paying over the odds for it – it's just not worth it.
  - 8 Why don't you buy her a bunch of flowers? It won't break the bank.
  - 9 Kim is the main breadwinner in our family.
  - 10 I wish we had more money. I hate being so penny-pinching all the time.
- 33.3 1 The prize is a no-expense-spared weekend in a London hotel or The prize is a weekend in a London hotel, no expense spared.
  - 2 Ivana is always going shopping. She must have money to burn.
  - 3 Kim has never had much money. She has always had to scrimp and save.
  - 4 If you like children, babysitting is money for old rope.
  - 5 Everyone has to go to work in order to bring home the bacon.
  - 6 You sold the car for £200 more than you paid for it, so you're quids in.
  - 7 (When it comes to making money), Sue would sell her own grandmother.
  - 8 I don't make much money, so I find it almost impossible to make ends meet.
- Answers for the author who wrote this unit 33.4
  - 1 a very expensive violin
  - 2 electronic gadgets
  - 3 Yes, a meal in a London restaurant
  - 4 Yes, a second-hand bicycle

- 34.1 self-made man grass roots second-class citizen silent majority chattering classes
- 34.2 1 Politicians often lose touch with the grass roots and become isolated from the public.
  - 2 It's time the silent majority was heard, instead of the more vocal and aggressive minority.
  - 3 My father was a self-made man. He came from a poor background and worked his way up until he became quite rich.
  - 4 I'm sick of listening to the opinions of the chattering classes. What about the opinions of ordinary people?
  - 5 If you are poor, you may sometimes think you are a second-class citizen in terms of access to university.
- 34.3 Possible answers:
  - 1 Probably a bit nervous and apprehensive.
  - 2 Big cars which use an excessive amount of fuel and damage the environment.
  - 3 Celebrities, politicians, sports people, etc.
  - 4 Elderly people.
- 34.4 1 False. They have very little influence or power in society.
  - 2 False. The gravy train refers to ways of making money quickly, easily and often dishonestly, usually through your position in society.
  - 3 False. It means educated people who enjoy discussing social, political and cultural issues.
  - 4 True.
  - 5 False. They win by a very large number of votes or a very large majority.

- 34.5 3 block 5 Big 1 eye
  - 2 gravy 4 grey, strings 6 enemy
- 34.6 1 Although Bill receives all the media attention, his mother is the power behind the throne.
  - 2 In the election, the Green candidate won by a landslide.
  - 3 Everyone suspects that the elections were rigged.
  - 4 Mark is a self-made man.
  - 5 Journalists need to establish good contacts with the movers and shakers.

- 35.1 1 Don't worry. There's no point losing any sleep over it.
  - 2 We had a great meal. The meat was done to a turn.
  - 3 Helen has a lot of homework, so she's been up all night burning the midnight oil.
  - 4 My grandmother doesn't want much lunch. She eats like a bird.
  - 5 I didn't think I was tired, but I went out like a light.
  - 6 I feel hungry and tired if I don't eat a square meal every evening.
  - 7 It's late. Let's not talk about this now we need to sleep on it.
  - 8 I'm embarrassed to go to restaurants with him; he eats like a pig.
- 35.2 When Sam first went travelling, he missed his creature comforts, like hot water and a soft bed. However, he loved being able to go out on the town at night with new friends in different countries. He had such an exciting time that he was usually too busy to eat a square meal, and so he just ate on the hoof from street markets. Sam is now back at work but is planning his next trip.
- 35.3 1 It's really busy! I don't know whether I'm coming or going!
  - 2 Well, I was at first, but now I'm fed up. They've outstayed their welcome.
  - 3 Yes, let's go out on the town together.
  - 4 It's OK. It's on the house.
  - 5 I was hoping to, but I'm afraid I'm going to have to give it a miss.
  - 6 Sorry. I'm too busy at work. I'll just have to have a sandwich on the hoof.
  - 7 Not really, we just pass the time of day sometimes.
  - 8 He's just trying to take each day as it comes.
  - 9 Oh, nothing in particular. I'm just having a bad hair day.
  - 10 Yes, he eats like a horse!

- 1 The company's new line of sportswear has been incredibly popular, and they've made a 36.1 lot of money. They really hit the jackpot this time.
  - 2 The end-of-term party really went with a swing. Everyone enjoyed themselves.
  - 3 That apple pie you made went down a treat with our dinner guests.
  - 4 We were freezing, so she gave us some hot chocolate to drink it really hit the spot.
  - 5 Everyone was in a happy mood and entered into the spirit of the fancy-dress ball.
  - 6 His lecture hit exactly the right note. Everyone enjoyed it and said it was very informative too.
- 36.2 1 stars in your eyes 3 music to my ears 2 full of the joys of spring 4 be on a high
- 36.3 1 After winning the race, I was on a high for the rest of the day.
  - 2 The decision to cancel the rugby match was music to my ears. I hadn't been looking forward to it at all.
  - 3 Meeting Nelson Mandela was a dream come true.
  - 4 Shona was full of the joys of spring this morning. Something good must have happened.
  - 5 Jerry's got stars in his eyes he's joined a rock band and given up his job.

- 36.4 1 Sam Bagg's new album blew my mind.
  - 2 My sister is such a happy-go-lucky person. / My sister is so happy-go-lucky.
  - 3 Iris is full of the joys of spring today!
  - 4 He's as happy as Larry in his new job.
  - 5 This new series of adventure novels strikes (exactly) the right note for a teenage audience.
- 36.5 1 The music festival went with a swing and a lot of money was raised for charity.
  - 2 The song we wrote for the end-of-course party went down a treat with all the teachers.
  - 3 My cousin's got stars in her eyes ever since her music teacher told her she could be famous one day.
  - 4 Kevin is such a happy-go-lucky person; he never worries about anything.

# Follow-up Possible answers:

You can play football to your heart's content when the exams are over, but now you must study! [do something pleasant for as long as you want to]

It's not a luxury hotel; it's cheap and cheerful. [cheap, but pleasant and attractive]

I was over the moon when I heard the news! [very happy indeed]

- **37.1** 1 Dad almost burst a blood vessel when I told him I'd driven into his car.
  - 2 Sally felt all hot and bothered after having to push her way onto the train.
  - 3 Dave saw red when he heard the boy speak so rudely to Janice.
  - 4 You're in a bad temper today. What's rattled your cage?
  - 5 What Lily said to her mother really made my blood boil.
  - 6 It really gets my goat when you say such stupid things!
- 37.2 1 I'm a bundle of nerves.
  - 2 I feel down in the dumps today.
  - 3 I have a sinking feeling about this exam.
  - 4 I'm running out of patience with that incompetent company.
  - 5 The argument I had with my best friend has knocked me for six.
  - 6 Wild horses couldn't make me apologise to Nick.
- 37.3 1 Going to the opera isn't my bag.
  - 2 I wouldn't give that artist's work house room.
  - 3 On rainy days I often feel down in the dumps.
  - 4 People dropping litter makes my blood boil.
  - 5 Gerry's rudeness made me see red.
  - 6 Not getting the job has knocked Ben for six.
  - 7 Losing his keys made Jim all hot and bothered.
  - 8 When the phone rang, I had a sinking feeling.
- 37.4 1 Selfish behaviour makes my blood boil.
  - 2 The film's sad ending reduced Stella to tears.
  - 3 Cruelty to animals makes me see red.
  - 4 I am running out of patience with James.
  - 5 My brother's laziness gets my goat.
  - 6 I (could have) kicked myself for missing the train.
  - 7 What's rattled Paul's cage?
  - 8 I shouldn't let him make me so hot and bothered.
  - 9 Long walks in the countryside are not my bag.
  - 10 Your father will burst a blood vessel if you say you're dropping out of university.

#### 37.5 Possible answers:

- 1 That TV programme about child poverty reduced me to tears.
- 2 I wouldn't give that politician's opinions house room.
- 3 Amos's arrogance gets my goat.
- 4 I was a bundle of nerves when I was waiting for my exam results.
- 5 I could have kicked myself when I let your secret slip.
- 6 Watching cricket is not my bag.
- 7 Wild horses couldn't make me sing in public.
- 8 My friend's accident knocked me for six.

# Unit 38

38.1 1 ball 3 pig's

5 plot

2 light

4 nightmare

- 38.2 1 pull the rug from under (my feet)
  - 2 can't see the wood for the trees
  - 3 a slap in the face
  - 4 sweep it under the carpet
- 38.3 1 I'm not making as many sales as I used to. I must be losing my touch.
  - 2 I don't know why Bill is still so determined to settle a score with Jack.
  - 3 I wonder if you could help me out of a tight corner.
  - 4 His neighbours' expensive new car certainly put Ted's nose out of joint.
  - 5 He realised he'd made a terrible mistake in the cold light of day.
  - 6 No one in this business can afford to take their eye off the ball.
  - 7 There have been problems all week it's just been a chapter of accidents.
  - 8 You need to stand back from the problem so you can see the wood for the trees.
- 38.4 1 I agree. We're in over our heads.
  - 2 I know, it's really put her nose out of joint.
  - 3 Yes, there's no point trying to sweep it under the carpet.
  - 4 You're right, I think he's lost / losing his touch.
  - 5 Good idea. At the moment we can't see the wood for the trees.
  - 6 Me too. I feel like I'm losing the plot!
  - 7 You're right. You can't take your eye off the ball.
  - 8 Yes, he's in a tight corner / spot.

#### Unit 39

- 39.1 1 False. The mayor is going through a difficult period.

  - 3 False. It was made at the last minute.
  - 4 True.
  - 5 True.
  - 6 False. 'Marathon' means that they were long.
- 39.2 1 in

3 under, of

5 out

2 in

- 4 into
- 39.3 1 The forest fires resulted in some entire villages being engulfed in flames.
  - 2 The robbers got into the house under cover of darkness.
  - 3 It will not be easy for the two sides to hammer out an agreement.
  - 4 The reasons for the bank manager's disappearance are still shrouded in mystery.
  - 5 The power cuts plunged the whole area into chaos.

- 7 last-ditch 39.4 1 big 4 uneasy 2 mounting 5 for 8 war-torn
  - 3 bloody 6 blood
- 39.5 Possible answers:
  - 1 something totally covered by fire or water
  - 2 something going down very fast, often into water
  - 3 something totally covered a shroud is the cloth that traditionally covers a dead body
  - 4 a battle (The last ditch is the last part of an army's defences, i.e. the last point at which it can avoid defeat.)
  - 5 something being saved in the last few moments before disaster strikes (at twelve o'clock)
  - 6 a country divided into pieces by war.

They are all dramatic images, which is why journalists like them.

## Unit 40

- 1 world of, between **40.1** 4 wildest dreams 5 packs, punch 2 of its time 3 hands down 6 the mark
- 40.2 1 Yes, there was a world of difference between them.
  - 2 Yes, it did us the world of good.
  - 3 Yes, he certainly lives life to the full.
  - 4 Yes, it certainly packs a punch.
  - 5 Yes, it must be hard to stand out from the crowd these days.
  - 6 Yes, it's taken years off her. I think I might have one done myself!
- 40.3 1 b) in chess, the players make moves
  - 2 a) you use a watch to tell the time
  - 3 c) washing powder makes clothes clean
- 40.4 1 a new gift shop (a shop which has the perfect presents for people)
  - 2 an exhibition of pictures of a village taken 100 years ago (if you have a photographic memory, you remember everything perfectly, just like a photograph in your mind)
  - 3 a new range of luxury watches ('quality time' is time you spend doing things you like and which are important to you, for example being with your family, doing a hobby, etc.)
  - 4 a cookery course to encourage people to stop eating fast food ('slowly but surely' means that something is happening, usually positive, but it takes time)
  - 5 an airline with beds in its first-class cabin ('flat out' means at high speed, so the flight is fast, and the beds are flat)

- 3 foremost 5 on 41.1 1 least 6 analysis 4 by 2 on
- 41.2 Possible answers:
  - 1 On no account should we forget the history behind this conflict.
  - 2 In the final analysis, doctors must trust their own judgement.
  - 3 I can see both arguments, but on balance I am in favour of extending the school-leaving age.
  - 4 First and foremost, we must give a definition of family law before we can apply it to the case in question.
  - 5 Last but not least, let us consider the role of the media in this debate.
  - 6 By and large, the writer uses traditional poetic style.

- 1 Liberal right-wing policies sound like a contradiction in terms. 41.3
  - 2 In the main, I approve of the government's approach.
  - 3 The reform opens the door to an eventual solution of the problem.
  - 4 Once the papers are signed, this legal process is set in motion.
  - 5 As a matter of course, large companies outperform smaller companies. This is only to be expected.
  - 6 People who fail at school often succeed in later life. Einstein is a case in point.
  - 7 The research points the way to a future cure for the disease.
  - 8 Saying that boys achieve less at school does not give the whole picture.
  - 9 Advocating equal opportunity for all begs the question of how this can be achieved.
  - 10 On the one hand, international law exists to protect people from the power of states. On the other hand, it can also restrict states from exercising their power to protect the interests of their own people.
- 41.4 1 The new building stands out like a sore thumb.
  - 2 An interesting painting caught my eye.
  - 3 It's hard to keep up with government policy, as they seem to chop and change all the time.
  - 4 Business success often goes hand in hand with good working conditions.

- 3 turn over a new leaf **42.1** 1 put your shoulder to the wheel
  - 4 put your money where your mouth is 2 reach for the stars
- 1 The club needs money desperately. Charlie says he wants to help, so he should put his 42.2 money where his mouth is.
  - 2 I know you don't want to tell her the bad news, but you have to bite the bullet.
  - 3 Come on, work harder! You have to put your shoulder to the wheel!
  - 4 The teacher told his students to be ambitious and to reach for the stars.
  - 5 You need to stop lying and be honest. It's time to turn over a new leaf.
- 42.3 1 twice 3 trim 5 out
  - 6 the changes 2 the applecart 4 tempt
- 42.4 Possible answers:
  - 1 I think you've bitten off more than you can chew. / Don't bite off more than you can
  - 2 I don't think it's a good idea to stick your neck out. / You shouldn't stick your πeck out like that.
  - 3 I'm sorry, I can't help. I think you'll just have to tough it out.
  - 4 I think you're (skating) on thin ice criticising her so strongly.

Follow-up: Look up these idioms in a good dictionary or at Cambridge Dictionaries Online if you do not know their meanings.

Examples of idioms with shoulder:

a shoulder to cry on

have a chip on your shoulder

shoulder to shoulder

give someone the cold shoulder

Examples of idioms with *neck*:

breathe down someone's neck

be a pain in the neck

be up to your neck in something

have the brass neck to do something

- 43.1 4 split 7 stake 1 go 2 drop 5 put 8 clanger 3 chair 6 between
- 43.2 1 from the word go; at first glance
  - 2 nearly fell off my chair; a bolt from the blue; a real turn-up for the books
  - 3 for good measure; into the bargain; to say nothing of
  - 4 when all's said and done
  - 5 a lot at stake; more by luck than judgement
- 43.3 1 There's a lot to be said for working in an open-plan office.
  - 2 For a split second, I believed Tom when he said he was moving to Australia; then I realised he was joking.
  - 3 At first glance, the project seemed quite simple.
  - 4 He passed his driving test first time, but I'd say it was more by luck than judgement.
  - 5 Between you and me, I think Sue and Larry may be going out together.
  - 6 Their decision to marry was a real bolt from the blue.
  - 7 It was, to say the least / to put it mildly, a risky thing to do.
  - 8 Both the brothers are very clever, to say nothing of their brilliant sister.
- 43.4 1 The party was fantastic – delicious food, a great band and all my favourite people there for good measure.
  - 2 She's pretty, clever and nice into the bargain.
  - 3 When all's said and done, I think you made the right decision.
  - 4 No one thought the film would be a success, so it was a real turn-up for the books when it won three Oscars.
  - 5 I feel very nervous about this exam; there is a lot at stake.
  - 6 I didn't understand what he meant at first, but then the penny dropped.
  - 7 We got on really well from the word go.
  - 8 I think you were rather rude to her, to put it mildly.

- **44.** I 1 Well, that's all we need!
  - 2 Huh! Fat chance!
  - 3 Felix? Ha-ha! Give me a break!
  - 4 You may well ask!
  - 5 Good riddance (to bad rubbish)! I could never stand her.
  - 6 Well, same difference.
  - 7 You're right. There's no time like the present.
  - 8 Nice work if you can get it.
- 44.2 1 False. It means you don't understand what they mean or who / what they are referring to.
  - 2 False. It is something you say to someone who has a boring life or does boring things; it means they should do more exciting things.
  - 3 True.
  - 4 False. It means you would love to have the same job if it were possible.
- 44.3 1 They may be enjoying themselves now, but in the long run it will all end in tears.
  - 2 It says here in the paper that children prefer playing computer games alone to playing with their friends. What is the world coming to!
  - 3 I think Tara is unreliable and a liar. I wouldn't trust her as far as I could throw her.
  - 4 So Janice has been lying about how much money she makes? I thought as much.
  - 5 The new manager may make a difference to the company, or he may fail. Only time will tell.
  - 6 We should act now, and not delay. There's no time like the present.

- 44.4 1 So you're saying she's selfish? No, don't get me wrong; that's not the problem.
  - 2 Erik says Johnny Depp is his best friend. Do me a favour! How absurd!
  - 3 I didn't invite her because she upset me. Fair enough. I'm sorry to hear that.
  - 4 What time did Granny say she was arriving? You've got me there. I really can't remember.
  - 5 That useless manager got the sack. Good riddance to bad rubbish!
  - 6 Should we go and tell her now or later? Well, there's no time like the present.

- 45.1 1 You took the words right out of my mouth.
  - 2 Yes, that's about the size of it!
  - 3 Tell me about it!
  - 4 I think most of us are of the same mind about that.
  - 5 Well, in the end I thought, 'If you can't beat 'em, join 'em.'
- 45.2 4 hairs 7 differ 1 waters 8 minds 5 mouth 2 tree 6 discord 3 hymn sheet
- 45.3 5 odds 3 torn 1 wrong 2 lone 4 like 6 message
- 1 There's a world of difference between being poor and not having as much money as 45.4 you'd like.
  - 2 I am at odds with everyone else in my family about where we should go on holiday.
  - 3 Please do all you can to pour oil on troubled waters. I hate it when people argue.
  - 4 The politician was sacked for not being on message.
- 45.5 Possible answers:
  - 1 I beg to differ. 4 You're not wrong. 5 Tell me about it. 2 I'm in two minds about that.
  - 3 I'm torn over that.

- 1 Our team's been practising hard, so I hope we'll come up trumps in the match tomorrow. 46.1
  - 2 Negotiating that important deal makes me feel I have won my spurs in my new job.
  - 3 His excellent IT skills have helped him stay ahead of the game.
  - 4 I found it hard to get started with my thesis, but I'm on a roll now.
  - 5 Her latest book has gone down a storm, both with critics and the public.
  - 6 After some initial problems, the pop group is now riding high.
- 3 win your spurs 46.2 1 a paper tiger 2 built on sand 4 on a roll

- 1 The chef's new recipes went down a storm with the clientele. 46.3
  - 2 My ideas for restructuring the company went down like a lead balloon.
  - 3 The new prime minister is riding high at the moment.
  - 4 I'm quite worried about starting my new job. I'm afraid I won't be able to cut the mustard.
  - 5 I've been studying hard all year, so I hope I will be ahead of the game when it comes to taking my exams.
  - 6 Poor Carl has been hit by a double whammy losing his job and having a flood in his house.
- 46.4 1 lead

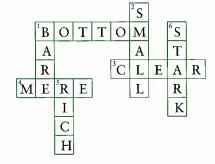
3 storm

5 on

2 trumps

4 recipe

- 47.1 2 fighting fit 3 crystal clear 4 stark naked 5 piping hot 1 razor sharp
- 47.2 1 My old auntie May is fighting fit, even though she had an operation two months ago.
  - 2 She's filthy rich: she owns a private jet and a massive yacht.
  - 3 A man jumped into the fountain stark naked and was arrested by the police.
  - 4 The new government had a squeaky-clean image until the recent scandal broke.
  - 5 Henrietta has a razor-sharp mind and is the most intelligent person I know.
  - 6 My feet and hands were stone cold, so I sat in front of the fire, had a bowl of piping hot soup and soon felt better.
  - 7 I overcooked the meat and it was bone dry.
  - 8 We can't put the tent up here. The ground's rock hard.
- 47.3 1 Things have hit rock bottom between my parents and their neighbours; they don't speak to each other any more.
  - 2 I couldn't sleep on that mattress it was rock hard.
  - 3 This vase is bone dry and the poor old flowers are dying!
  - 4 It is crystal clear to me that she is trying to deceive us all.
  - 5 They've spent a small fortune on furniture for their new house.
  - 6 Police report that more crimes are taking place in broad daylight.
- 47.4 1 filthy rich
  - 2 full stop
  - 3 a) a mere pittance b) a small fortune
  - 4 in broad daylight
- 47.5



- 1 play cat and mouse 48.1
  - 2 play gooseberry
  - 3 play second fiddle
- 1 We want the directors to agree to our proposals, so we need to discuss our 48.2 game plan.
  - 2 OK, kids the game's up. I know where you've been hiding my glasses!
  - 3 Martha has decided to apply to be the shop manager. She's been an assistant manager for five years and is tired of playing second fiddle.
  - 4 When you're looking for a new flat, location is the name of the game.
  - 5 I went to the cinema with Elena and her new boyfriend, but it was horrible playing gooseberry.
  - 6 I think that doctors sometimes go too far in their attempts to play God.
  - 7 We're still not ready to decide, so we need to play for time and not sign the contract yet.
- 1 I know, I know. Just play the game for now. There's nothing we can do about it. 48.3
  - 2 Maybe he's just playing it cool.
  - 3 Yes. He's promised not to play dirty.
  - 4 No, much better to play it safe.
  - 5 Yes, it's definitely time we raised our game.
- 1 I'm fed up with him playing me for a fool. 48.4
  - 2 When people ask how the interview went, just play it cool.
  - 3 I think he behaves dishonestly because he enjoys playing games with people.
  - 4 Some businesses play dirty just to make more money.

- 49.1 1 baked 3 eye 5 measures 4 mind 6 know 2 meet
- 49.2 1 Julie was doing a crossword and listening to the radio with half an ear.
  - 2 Given half a chance, I'd leave my job and stay at home with the children.
  - 3 We had a really good plan, but Sally pointed out all the things that were wrong with it. I find her just too clever by half.
  - 4 Writers say that coming up with a good idea for a novel is half the battle.
  - 5 I've a good mind to write a letter of complaint to your manager. Or I've half a mind to write ...
  - 6 I'm a perfectionist. I have no time for half-measures.
  - 7 I know it's hard to compromise but you should try to meet him halfway.
- 49.3 1 He's too clever by half in my opinion!
  - 2 Not half!
  - 3 Given half a chance, I'd leave tomorrow, lottery or no lottery!
  - 4 It isn't half hot in here!
  - 5 Yes, it was a meal and a half, wasn't it?
  - 6 No, he doesn't know the half of it.
  - 7 Yes, I'm sure that's half the battle.

- 49.4 1 It isn't half noisy here – shall we go somewhere quieter?
  - 2 Having a clear structure and plan for your essay is half the battle.
  - 3 It'll be to management's advantage to meet the union halfway.
  - 4 There was a lot of bad behaviour on the school trip, but the teachers didn't know the half of it.
  - 5 Well, that was certainly a walk and a half!

- 50.1 1 Lou told our boss that I left work early yesterday, so I told him that she's looking for a new job. Two can play at that game.
  - 2 The director and department head are both very arrogant. They're two of a kind.
  - 3 You hate meetings and I hate meetings, so that makes two of us.
  - 4 When a couple breaks up, it is hardly ever the fault of just one person. It takes two to tango.
  - 5 Avril, can you help me with this? Two heads are better than one.
  - 6 I'm not going to the restaurant with Dave and Mary. I can see they want to be alone. Two's company, three's a crowd.

	-	-
	ш	
_	4 .	_

Who is	name
I short of money?	Adam
2 a bad dancer?	Tony
3 talking about someone who has a lot of money?	Amy
4 talking about someone who is feeling very happy?	Lotta

- 50.3 1 two sides of the same coin
- 3 it takes two to tango

2 like two peas in a pod

- 4 two heads are better than one / that makes two of us
- 50.4 1 Richard knows a thing or two about finance.
  - 2 Losing the race brought him down a peg or two.
  - 3 A lot of kids nowadays put / stick two fingers up at the police and do what they want.
  - 4 Political power cuts two / both ways: it enables people to change things, but it tempts them to become corrupt too.
  - 5 Einstein sees time and space as two sides of the same coin.
  - 6 Sat Nav systems in cars are two a penny these days.

#### Unit 51

51.1 1 clear

4 for

7 told

2 smiles

5 hours

8 over

3 go

- 6 good
- 51.2 1 The office never stops. It's all systems go from 8 am to 6 pm.
  - 2 There were eighteen of us for dinner, all told.
  - 3 Don't be in such a hurry to pass your driving test. All in good time!
  - 4 My sister isn't interested in what I'm doing. I could be homeless for all she cares.
  - 5 Barry went out to celebrate getting the all-clear from his doctor.
  - 6 Some parents allow their children to come home at all hours of the day and night.
  - 7 My brother's really forgetful, so I'm not surprised he forgot your birthday. That's him all over!
  - 8 My dad was really grumpy this morning, but he's all smiles now.

- 51.3 1 There are over a hundred thousand books in the library, all told.
  - 2 The new government is trying to be all things to all men.
  - 3 He claims that he is the boss of his company in all but name.
  - 4 She's said some terrible things about me, but to my face she's all smiles.
  - 5 The banks raised interest rates yesterday to an all-time high.
  - 6 You can't give up smoking slowly it has to be all or nothing.
- 51.4 1 all-singing, all-dancing 4 all things to all men
  - 2 to cap it all 5 an all-time low
  - 3 in all but name 6 all told
- 51.5 I'm training to be a vet, and I've got ten exams, all told, to prepare for. It means I've been studying at all hours of the day and night. I'm exhausted, and to cap it all I've got three exams on the same day this week! I just want to relax and go on holiday, but all in good time - I'll be finished next month. I told my friend I was feeling stressed, but he just laughed - that's him all over; he never takes anything seriously, and even when he's worried or anxious he's all smiles.

- **52.1** 1 There's no such thing as a free lunch!
  - 2 I won't take no for an answer!
  - 3 No time like the present!
  - 4 No strings attached I promise!
  - 5 Go at once no ifs and buts!
  - 6 No news is good news!
- 52.2 1 It was difficult. 4 It would be difficult.
  - 5 He was very direct. 2 No, she isn't.
  - 3 No, he's not young any more. 6 It's difficult.
- **52.3** 1 There's no such thing as a free lunch.
  - 2 She loves going shopping and spending like there's no tomorrow.
  - 3 We were told in no uncertain terms that we must always be punctual for work.
  - 4 He said he would lend me €2000 with no strings attached.
  - 5 He's a very good squash player, even though he's no spring chicken.
  - 6 The new housing development caused no end of problems.
- 52.4 1 The town was full of people partying like there's no tomorrow on New Year's Eve.
  - 2 No prizes for guessing who won the cookery competition.
  - 3 The journey was very easy, and we got to our destination in next to no time.
  - 4 There are no end of places to eat in our town.
  - 5 The police have declared the zone a no-go area.
  - 6 It would help your grandma no end if you cut the grass for her.

- **53.** I 1 hand it to 4 hands down
  - 2 upper hand 5 out of the palm
  - 3 on a plate. 6 old hand

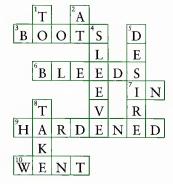
- 53.2 1 By publishing their tax plans a year before the election, the opposition have shown their hand too early.
  - 2 Mr Mills has played right into the hands of his critics by admitting that he made errors in
  - 3 You can count on the fingers of one hand the number of times this government has done anything to help the poor.
  - 4 In court, the accused said he had never laid a hand on anyone and denied the charges.
  - 5 The minister claimed that her hands were tied by European regulations, and that she could not act to change the situation.
  - 6 The minister of education rejected out of hand the claim that small schools would be closed.
- 53.3 1 I think you've been dealt a lousy hand. You've had so much bad luck.
  - 2 It's crazy to bite the hand that feeds you.
  - 3 My sister feels relieved that her kids are off her hands and are independent.
  - 4 If you do that, you'll play into the hands of your enemies.
  - 5 You mustn't expect things to be handed to you on a plate.
  - 6 You've got everyone eating out of the palm of your hand.

#### 53.4 Possible answers:

- 1 Professor Ward has given a wonderful lecture. Please give her a big hand.
- 2 I know I have one somewhere, but I can't lay my hands on it at the moment.
- 3 I think we should all act and do something, not just sit on our hands.
- 4 I'm ready to hand over the reins to someone else.
- 5 Hand on heart, have you never told a lie?

- 54.1 1 b) a heart of gold
  - 2 b) No. It is often used ironically.
  - 3 b) sobbing
  - 4 a) your general well-being. In some contexts it might also be used with reference to someone's financial interests.
  - 5 a) suffering
  - 6 b) unpleasant
- 54.2 I've been offered a job that all my friends and family think I should take. The problem is that in my heart of hearts I really don't want it. It's always been my heart's desire to leave this city and work abroad, but I don't have the heart to tell my family this, as I know they'll be upset. I know you will tell me to take heart and be strong, but I really don't want to hurt them. After all, I know they have my best interests at heart. What should I do?
- 54.3 1 Don't expect so much of him - he's only four! Have a heart!
  - 2 You'll only get hurt if you wear your heart on your sleeve.
  - 3 His heart was in his boots as he thought about the difficult week ahead.
  - 4 You know your parents have your best interests at heart.
  - 5 He showed her round the city, but she could tell that his heart was not in it.

# 54.4



## Unit 55

- 55.1 1 Mum finally said I could go to the party – she'd do anything for a quiet life.
  - 2 When he retired, Steve got a new lease of life.
  - 3 The children had the time of their lives at the party.
  - 4 That film scared the life out of me!
  - 5 Firefighters risk life and limb every day to help others.
  - 6 Melanie is always the life and soul of the party.
  - 7 He threatened to make her life a misery if she spoke to the police.
  - 8 Diana got the shock of her life when she saw the snake.
- 55.2 1 We were within an inch of our lives when the lightning struck the tree beside us.
  - 2 I don't like cycling to work. I feel like I'm risking life and limb in all that traffic.
  - 3 The operation has given my grandmother a new lease of life.
  - 4 Taking your final exams won't be easy, but I'm sure you'll live to tell the tale.
  - 5 Clare got the shock of her life when she saw the police officer at her door.
  - 6 Some people find living out of a suitcase away from home very stressful.
  - 7 The company chairman is living on borrowed time after the latest fall in profits.
  - 8 Lewis is really shy and isn't usually the life and soul of the party.
- 55.3 1 You'll be living a lie if you don't tell him you were once in prison.
  - 2 In this life we have to live and let live.
  - 3 Not many people have lived such a charmed life as Ed has.
  - 4 We had the time of our lives in California last year.
  - 5 Travelling is the best way to see life.
  - 6 The explorers faced many challenges in the Arctic but lived to tell the tale.
  - 7 The sudden scream scared the life out of me.
  - 8 Jenny thinks she'll have a career as a model, but she's living in a dream world in my opinion.
  - 9 The naughty child made his teacher's life a misery.
  - 10 The full service has given our old car a new lease of life.
- 55.4
- 1 on

3 of

5 of

2 within

4 out

6 for

- 56. I 1 There is a lot of dead wood in my office. They should sack some people.
  - 2 Putting Bernard in charge was the kiss of death to the project.
  - 3 His idea of building a plane and flying round the world is as dead as a dodo.
  - 4 The old family quarrel is now dead and buried, and they live in harmony.
  - 5 The planning committee's decision was a death blow to the proposal to build the new airport. (You can also say dealt a death blow to.)

- 56.2 1 a dead duck 4 dead to the world 2 kiss of death 5 dead in the water 3 in the dead of night 6 at death's door 56.3 1 in the dead of night 4 dead in the water 2 kiss of death 5 a dead duck 3 dead to the world
- 56.4 1 You should only call an ambulance if it is a matter of life and death (or a matter of life or
  - 2 The thieves stole the painting in the dead of night.
  - 3 I am sick to death of people complaining all the time. It's not my fault!
  - 4 That old car is so dangerous; it's a death trap.
  - 5 Having to sit next to my boring uncle at the restaurant was a fate worse than death.
  - 6 Many people suffered a living death in prison camps during the civil war.
  - 7 The council are planning to demolish my house to build a motorway. Over my dead body!

6 at death's door

8 There is too much dead wood on the school committee. They never do anything useful.

#### Unit 57

- 57.I 1 Nobody in their right mind would lend him money again. He never pays it back.
  - 2 Correct.
  - 3 He's always talking about cars. I've never met anyone with such a one-track mind.
  - 4 Correct.
  - 5 What can we do to take Marco's mind off his problems?
  - 6 Now, I'd like you all to cast your mind back to your very first day at school.
- 57.2 1 Bye. Mind how you go!
  - 2 Mind your own business!
  - 3 I'm bored out of my mind.
  - 4 You must be out of your mind!
  - 5 No, it's been (preying) on my mind all day.
  - 6 Please cast your mind back and tell us exactly what happened on the night in question.
- 57.3 1 He needs to mind his back.
- 3 Come on mind over matter!

2 I can read her mind.

- 4 That singer blows my mind!
- 57.4 1 Mind your step on the ice – it's very slippery.
  - 2 The actor's performance blew my mind!
  - 3 It goes without saying that you should always mind your Ps and Os at an interview.
  - 4 People who drink and drive must be out of their mind.
  - 5 My twin brother can read my mind.
  - 6 I'm always bored out of my mind in physics lessons!
  - 7 Their argument preyed on Fiona's mind for a long time.
  - 8 You'll find it quite easy to learn the guitar if you put your mind to it.

- 58. I 1 I hate it when people try to give you the hard sell over the phone.
  - 2 Her grandfather's illness has really hit her very hard.
  - 3 I'm so glad we're friends again. No hard feelings, OK?
  - 4 Walking home in the heavy snow was really hard going.
  - 5 I find his constant criticism of me very hard to swallow.
  - 6 Learning how to skate turned out to be much harder than Nina had bargained for.

- 58.2 1 True.
  - 2 False. She will find it difficult to meet her deadline.
  - 3 True.
  - 4 False. It is not an enjoyable way to learn this lesson.
- 58.3 1 fall 4 drive 7 make 5 fast 8 done 2 nut
  - 3 swallow 6 way
- 58.4 1 The truth is unpleasant, and I'm worried you'll find it hard to swallow.
  - 2 Although Jack's grandfather used to be rich, he fell on hard times and the family lived in poverty.
  - 3 There are no hard and fast rules as to how you should behave in circumstances like these.
  - 4 I'm sure Suzi will feel hard done by when she discovers that her uncle has bought her twin sister a new sports car.
  - 5 Children eventually learn the hard way that life is not always fair.
  - 6 I have no idea how we're going to solve this problem. It's going to be a hard nut to crack, I'm sure.
  - 7 Ruby always complains and seems to make hard work of any little problem.
  - 8 You want me to reduce the price by £200? You certainly drive a hard bargain.

#### Follow-up

Some other idioms that you might find are:

be caught between a rock and a hard place: Whatever I decide to do there will be problems. I'm caught between a rock and a hard place.

be a hard act to follow: Colin was such a good manager that he is going to be a hard act to follow. I wouldn't want to take on his job when he leaves.

be too much like hard work: I certainly don't want to help my dad plant some rose bushes. It sounds too much like hard work to me.

- 59.1 1 through, floor 3 apart at the 2 deaf ears 4 the wrong hands
- 59.2 1 It seems that the prime minister's special adviser, Anne Sparks, has fallen from grace, and she is expected to resign soon.
  - 2 Everyone had to fall into line and work longer hours for the same pay.
  - 3 The deal fell foul of the export regulations and had to be cancelled at the last minute.
  - 4 The report falls short of an outright condemnation of the government's actions, but it does contain strong criticism.
- 59.3 1 I didn't realise she was deceiving me, and I fell for it hook, line and sinker.
  - 2 It looks as if the whole system is falling apart at the seams.
  - 3 I didn't really have to do anything to get the job. It just fell into my lap.
  - 4 Sally may not like the new rules, but she'll just have to fall into line.
- 59.4 1 If you fall for a thing (e.g. a trick or a lie) hook, line and sinker, you believe it completely. If you fall for a person hook, line and sinker, you fall madly in love with them.
  - 2 Pride comes before a fall.
  - 3 False. If someone falls over themselves to do something, it means they are very keen and eager to do it.
  - 4 The bigger they are / come, the harder they fall.

- 60.1 I like Tina. She's her own person. In fact, she's very much a woman after my own heart. But I'm not keen on her boyfriend, Karl. He's always blowing his own trumpet, and when they come to my flat, he behaves as if he owns the place. I think it's time they went their own ways. In fact, I really think she'd come into her own if they did.
- 60.2 1 I must think of a way of getting my own back on Matt for playing that trick on me.
  - 2 He told the police who had really planned the burglary, in order to save his own skin.
  - 3 Tim was smaller than the other judo players, but he held his own.
  - 4 You're digging your own grave by putting your boss in such a difficult position.
  - 5 If women want to succeed in politics, they have to play men at their own game.

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# **Vowel sounds**

/aı/

/1c\

/eə/

\e1\

/ue/

/au/

\eu\

#### Symbol Examples /i:/ sleep me /i/ happy recipe /I/ pin dinner /ʊ/ foot could pull /uː/ do shoe through /e/ red head said /ə/ colour <u>a</u>rrive father /31/ turn bird work /31/ sort thought walk /æ/ black c<u>a</u>t $/\Lambda/$ sun enough wonder /g/ got watch sock /a:/ h<u>ear</u>t p<u>ar</u>t laugh /e<sub>1</sub>/ late name aim

idea

noise

where

beer

<u>poor</u>

home

cow

time

bear

show

my

boy

p<u>air</u>

hear

<u>go</u>

<u>ou</u>t

<u>pure</u>

# Consonant sounds

Symbol	Example	's	
/p/	put		
/b/	<u>b</u> ook		
/t/	take		
/d/	dog		
/k/	<u>c</u> ar	<u>kick</u>	
/g/	go	guarantee	
/t <b>∫</b> /	ca <u>tch</u>	<u>ch</u> ur <u>ch</u>	
/dʒ/	age	lounge	
/ <b>f</b> /	<u>f</u> or	cough	
/v/	lo <u>v</u> e	vehicle	
/θ/	<u>th</u> ick	path	
/ð/	<u>th</u> is	mother	
/s/	<u>since</u>	ri <u>ce</u>	
/ <b>z</b> /	<u>z</u> 00	houses	
/ <b>ʃ</b> /	<u>sh</u> op	sugar	machine
/3/	pleasure	usual	vision
/h/	hear	hotel	_
/m/	<u>m</u> ake	_	
/n/	<u>n</u> ame	now	
/ŋ/	bring	_	
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/r/	<u>r</u> oad	<del></del>	
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~ down a storm 46	play gooseberry 48
~ down a treat 36	drop-dead gorgeous 28
~ down like a lead balloon 46	You've got me there. 44
~ haywire 24	fall from grace 59
~ off the rails 17	would sell your own grandmother 33
~ out like a light 35	grass roots 34
~ out on the town 35	grave
~ spare 3	as silent as the ~ 9
~ the extra mile 8	dig your own ~ 60
~ the whole hog 23	from the cradle to the ~ 5
~ their own ways 60	gravy train 34
~ to your head 19	be going great guns 30
~ to the wall 30	green
~ up in the world 2	give/get the ~ light 17
~ with a swing 36	the ~-eyed monster 22
~/move/step up a gear 17	-
be given the ~-ahead 39	grey ~ vote 34
Don't even ~ there! 8	men in ~ suits 34
from the word ~ 43	donkey/grunt work 7
get-up and ~ 27	no prizes for guessing sth 52
happy-~-lucky 36	be going great guns 30
it's all systems ~ 51	
Mind how you ~. 57	slog your guts out 30
no- ~ area 52	gas-guzzler 24 hair
an own goal 60	have a bad ~ day 35
move the goalposts 20	make your ~ stand on end 22
get your goat 37	split hairs 45
sort (out) the sheep from the goats 18	the halcyon days 21
play God 48	half
your heart goes out to sb 54	~-measures 49
going	a ~-baked scheme 49
be ~ great guns 30	a sth and a ~ 49
be getting/~ nowhere 4	be ~ the battle 49
be heavy-~ 25	be not ~ 49
hard ~ 58	given ~ a chance 49
not know whether you're coming or ~ 35	have ~ a mind to 49

listen with ~ an ear 49	feel ~ done by 58
not ~ 49	give sb the ~ sell 58
not know the ~ of it 49	hit sb ~ 58
too clever by ~ 49	learn the ~ way 58
watch with ~ an eye 49	make ~ work of 58
meet sb halfway 49	no ~ feelings 58
hammer out an agreement 39	rock ~ 47
hand	play hardball 20
~ over the reins 53	harden your heart 54
~ sth to sb on a plate 53	harder
be an old ~ at sth 53	~ than you'd bargained for 58
be dealt a lousy ~ 53	The bigger they are/come, the ~ they fall. 59
bite the ~ that feeds you 53	every Tom, Dick and Harry 5
can count sth on the fingers of one ~ 53	batten down the hatches 15
give sb a big ~ 53	do a hatchet job on 25
have your ~ in the till 29	go haywire 24
have sb eating out of / in the palm of your ~ 53	head
have the upper ~ 53	be ~ and shoulders above sb 19
lay a ~ on 53	be in over your ~ 38
on the one ~ , on the other ~ 41	bury your ~ in the sand 19
out of ~ 53	get your mind/~ round 57
put your ~ on your heart 53	go to your ~ 19
show your ~ 53	have a good ~ for sth 19
you have to ~ it to sb 53	like a bear with a sore ~ 5
hands	like a deer/rabbit caught in the headlights 3
all ~ on deck 15	heads
beat sb/sth ~ down 40	~ will roll 31
can't lay your ~ on sth 53	put our ~ together 19
fall into the wrong ~ 59	two ~ are better than one 50
have blood on your ~ 39	make good headway 15
off your ~ 53	heart
play into sb's ~ 53	a ~ of gold 54
sit on your ~ 53	a ~ of stone 54
sb's ~ are tied 53	after your own ~ 60
take matters into your own ~ 60	be your ~'s desire 54
win ~ down 53	cry your ~ out 54
golden handshake 30	harden your ~ 54
hang fire 16	have a ~ 54
happy	have your best interests at ~ 54
~-go-lucky 36	in your ~ of hearts 54
as ~ as Larry 36	my ~ bleeds 54
hard	not have the ~ to 54
~ and fast rules 58	your ~ goes out sb 54
~ going 58	your ~ is in your boots 54
~ to swallow 58	your ~ isn't in sth 54
~ up 58	put your hand on your ~ 53
a ~ nut to crack 58	strike at the ~ of 54
be ~ pressed to 58	take ~ 54
be ~ put to 58	wear your ~ on your sleeve 54
between a rock and a ~ place 32	in your heart of hearts 54
cold/~ cash 7	be heavy going 25
drive a ~ bargain 58	
fall on ~ times 58 59	

heel	hot
Achilles ~ 21	~ off the press 24
down-at-~ 28	all ~ and bothered 37
hell	piping ~ 47
not have a cat in ~'s chance 18	eleventh-hour 39
the sb/sth from ~ 8	at all hours 51
golden hello 30	house
help sb no end 52	bring the ~ down 25
here, there and everywhere 10	eat sb out of ~ and home 22
high	on the ~ 35
an all-time ~/low 51	wouldn't give sth ~ room 37
be flying ~ 17	mind how you go 57
be on a ~ 36	huff and puff 10
have friends in ~ places 26	might as well be hung for a sheep as a lamb 18
leave sb ~ and dry 15	hustle and bustle 10
ride ~ 46	sing from the same hymn sheet 45
shoot sky-~ 31	be (skating) on thin ice 42
highly strung 27	the tip of the iceberg 5
Hindsight is a wonderful thing. 13	the frosting/icing on the cake 7
hit	no ifs and buts 52
~ and miss 10	Ignorance is bliss. 13
~ sb hard 58	be under no illusions 31
~ the jackpot 36	the spitting image 26, 28
~ the mark 40	within an inch of your life 55
~ the right note 36	ad infinitum 14
~ the spot 36	information
the shit hits the fan 3	a mine of ~ 27
ad hoc 14	too much ~ 8
go the whole hog 23	inside
be hoist with your own petard 22	an ~ job 29
hold	know sth ~ out 3
~ all the cards 20	have your best interests at heart 54
~ your own 60	Necessity is the mother of invention. 11
~/bite your tongue 19	an ivory tower 23
have sth burning a hole in your pocket 6	hit the jackpot 36
pick holes in 25	like nailing jelly to a wall 8
home	job
bring ~ the bacon 33	an inside ~ 29
eat sb out of house and ~ 22	do a hatchet ~ on 25
until the cows come ~ 18	join
debt of honour 2	~ forces with 4
on the hoof 35	~ the ranks of 16
fall for sb/sth hook, line and sinker 59	If you can't beat 'em, ~ 'em! 45
hopping mad 3	joined-up thinking 32
cloud on the horizon 31	put sb's nose out of joint 38
horse	joke
a Trojan ~ 21	be no ~ 52
eat like a ~ 35	see the ~ 4
flog a dead ~ 18	full of the joys of spring 36
straight from the ~'s mouth 18	more by luck than judgement 43
You can lead a ~ to water (but you can't make	not be just a pretty face 28
him drink). 13	as keen as mustard 9
wild horses couldn't make me 37	

keep	You can ~ a horse to water (but you can't make
~ your finger on the pulse 19	him drink). 13
~/play your cards close to your chest 20	a leading light 25
~ sb on the edge of their seat 25	turn over a new leaf 42
kick yourself 37	learn the hard way 58
kid	get a new lease of life 55
a whizz ~ 27	least
new ~ on the block 34	last but not ~ 41
dressed to kill 28	to say the ~ 43
kith and kin 3	leave
be two of a kind 50	~ no stone unturned 21
the kiss of death 56	~ sb high and dry 15
kith and kin 3	gardening ~ 31
knock	have two left feet 50
~ into shape 2	a leopard can't change its spots 18
~ sb for six 20, 37	live and let live 55
tie the knot 5	four-letter words 12
know	take to the next level 31
~ no bounds 3	live a lie 55
~ your place 3	bare-faced lies 47
~ sth inside out 3	life
not ~ the half of it 49	~ in the fast lane 17
not ~ whether you're coming or going 35	~ in the slow lane 17
at the top of the ladder 30	a dog's ~ 18
lady	a matter of ~ and/or death 56
It's not over until the fat ~ sings. 13	do anything for a quiet ~ 55
the first ~ of sth 8	fight for your ~ 39
laissez-faire 14	get a ~ 44
lamb	get a new lease of ~ 55
might as well be hung for a sheep as a ~ 18	get the shock of your ~ 55
mutton dressed as ~ 28	have the time of your ~ 55
win by a landslide 34	live a charmed ~ 55
lane	live ~ to the full 40
life in the fast ~ 17	make sb's ~ a misery 55
life in the slow ~ 17	risk ~ and limb 55
drop/fall into your lap 59	scare the ~ out of 55
by and large 41	see ~ 55
as happy as Larry 36	the ~ and soul of the party 55
last	Variety is the spice of ~. 11
a ~ditch attempt 39	within an inch of your ~ 55
breathe your ~ 12	throw a lifeline 31
in the final/~ analysis 41	light
~ but not least 41	a leading ~ 25
laugh all the way to the bank 33	be ~ years away from sth 24
launch a campaign 4	be out like a ~ 35
rest on your laurels 21	give/get the green ~ 17
the long arm of the law 29	go out like a ~ 35
lay	in the cold ~ of day 38
~ a hand on 53	see the ~ 4
~ it on with a trowel 22	have your name in lights 25
can't ~ your hands on sth 53	risk life and limb 55
lead	line
go down like a ~ balloon 46	~ your own pockets 29
~	* ±

down the ~ 17	silent majority 34
fall for sb/sth hook, ~ and sinker 59	make
fall into ~ 31, 59	~ a mountain out of a molehill 5
every cloud has a silver lining 11	~ a name for 3
curl your lip 3	~ a pig's ear of 38
listen with half an ear 49	~ ends meet 33
little by little 10	~ good headway 15
live	~ hard work of 58
~ a charmed life 55	~ sb's toes curl 19
~ a lie 55	~ sb's life a misery 55
~ and let ~ 55	~ the supreme/ultimate sacrifice 12
~ in each other's pockets 26	~ your blood boil 37
~ life to the full 40	~ your hair stand on end 22
~ in a dream world 55	wild horses couldn't ~ me 37
~ on a shoestring 33	that makes two of us 50
~ on borrowed time 55	of your own making 60
~ out of a suitcase 55	man
~ to tell the tale 55	a ~/woman of many parts 27
a living death 56	Girl / ~ / Person Friday 23
the dice are loaded against 20	self-made ~ 34
a lone voice 45	dog in the manger 18
long	drive like a maniac 9
go back a ~ way 26	a man/woman of many parts 27
not ~ for this world 12	marathon talks 39
the ~ arm of the law 29	steal a march on sb 16
look	be given / get your marching orders 4
~ on the bright side 13	mark
~ out for number one 27	a black ~ 4
~ the part 28	hit the ~ 40
be not much to ~ at 28	market
a loose cannon 27	corner the ~ 30
lose	the bottom drops/falls out of the ~ 31
~ your touch 38	take matters into your own hands 60
~ face 19	matter
~ the plot 38	a ~ of life and death 56
not ~ sleep over sth 35	as a ~ of course 41
at a loss for words 5	mind over ~ 57
there's a lot to be said for 43	the fact of the ~ is 32
be dealt a lousy hand 53	You may well ask! 44
love	a square meal 35
a ~ -rat 27	half-measures 49
All's fair in ~ and war. 11	meet
The course of true ~ never did run smooth. 22	~ sb halfway 49
star-crossed lovers 22	make ends ~ 33
an all-time high/low 51	there's more to sth than meets the eye 19
more by luck than judgement 43	butter wouldn't melt in sb's mouth 28
happy-go-lucky 36	
like it or lump it 3	men
There's no such thing as a free lunch. 52	~ in grey suits 34 be all things to all ~ 51
a cog in the machine 24	<del>-</del>
hopping mad 3	compos mentis 14 a mere pittance 47
self-made man 34	<del>-</del>
in the main 41	on message 45 the Midas touch 21
AL VALV IIIIIII I I	the muas touch 41

a middle-age spread 28	There are plenty ~ pebbles on the beach. 13
burn the midnight oil 35	there's ~ to sth than meets the eye 19
might as well be hung for a sheep as a lamb 18	Necessity is the mother of invention. 11
to put it mildly 43	motion
go the extra mile 8	set in ~ 41
mind	set the wheels in ~ 24
~ how you go 57	make a mountain out of a molehill 5
~ your back 57	amid mounting calls 39
~ your own business 57	mouse
~ your Ps and Qs 57	as poor as a church ~ 9
~ your step 57	as quiet as a ~ 1
~ over matter 57	play cat and ~ 48
be all in the ~ 51	mouth
blow your ~ 36, 57	butter wouldn't melt in sb's ~ 28
bored out of your ~ 57	put your money where your ~ is 42
cast your ~ back 57	straight from the horse's ~ 18
get your ~/head round 57	take the words right out of my ~ 45
have a good ~ to 49	move
have a one-track ~ 57	~ the goalposts 20
have half a ~ to 49	a smart ~ 40
if you put your ~ to it 57	go/~/step up a gear 17
nobody in their right ~ 57	movers and shakers 34
of like ~ 45	Mr Big 34
of the same ~ 45	as clear as mud 9
out of your ~ 57	as stubborn as a mule 9
prey on your ~ 57	Mum's the word. 13
read sb's ~ 57	mustard
take your ~ off it 57	as keen as ~ 9
be in two minds 45	can't cut the ~ 46
mine	mutton dressed as lamb 28
a ~ of information 27	shrouded in mystery 39
Any friend of yours is a friend of ~. 13	like nailing jelly to a wall 8
be a minefield 4	stark naked 47
up-to-the-minute 5	name
make sb's life a misery 55	have your ~ in lights 25
miss	in all but ~ 51
give sth a ~ 35	make a ~ for 3
hit and ~ 10	the ~ of the game 48
make a mountain out of a molehill 5	on the straight and narrow 29
at this moment in time 32	answer the call of nature 12
	nearest and dearest 26
for old rope 33	
~ for old rope 33 ~ to burn 33	nearly fall off your chair 43
	neat and tidy 10
monopoly ~ 20	Necessity is the mother of invention. 11
put your ~ where your mouth is 42	neck
throw ~ down the drain 33	~ and ~ 10
monopoly money 20	an albatross around sb's ~ 23
the green-eyed monster 22	stick your ~ out 42
tuned to the moon 7	that's all we need 44
more	be a bundle of nerves 37
~ by luck than judgement 43	nest
bite off ~ than one can chew 42	feather your own ~ 3, 60
There are plenty ~ fish in the sea. 13	fly the ~ 26

never	nose
It ~ rains but it pours. 11	powder your ~ 12
The course of true love ~ did run smooth. 22	put sb's ~ out of joint 38
new	take a nosedive 17, 31
~ kid on the block 34	note
a whole ~ ball game 20	~ of discord 45
get a ~ lease of life 55	hit the right ~ 36
turn over a ~ leaf 42	nothing
no news is good news 52	~ ventured, ~ gained. 11
next	all or ~ 51
in ~ to no time 52	to say ~ of 43
take to the ~ level 31	be getting/going nowhere 4
nice work if you can get it 44	number
night	a cushy ~ 30
	look out for ~ one 27
all right on the ~ 25	
be like ships that pass in the ~ 23	public enemy ~ one 34
in the dead of ~ 56	sb's ~ is up 12
oe a nightmare 38	sb's/sth's days are numbered 5
nines	a hard nut to crack 58
done up to the ~ 28	odds
dressed up to the ~ 28	be at ~ with 45
10	pay over the ~ 33
~ end of 52	in the offing 15
~ expense spared 33	oil
~ -go area 52	~ the wheels 24
~ ifs and buts 52	be no ~ painting 52
~ news is good news 52	burn the midnight ~ 35
~ pain ~ gain 11	pour ~ on troubled waters 45
~ prizes for guessing sth 52	old
~ strings attached 52	a chip off the ~ block 26
~ time like the present 52	an ~ flame 26
be ~ joke 52	be an ~ hand at sth 53
be ~/nobody's fool 52	money for ~ rope 33
be ~ oil painting 52	the good ~ days 5
be ~ picnic 52	one
be ~ spring chicken 52	at ~ fell swoop 22
be under ~ illusions 31	be back to square ~ 6
help sb ~ end 52	be ~ in the eye for sb 19
in next to ~ time 52	can count sth on the fingers of ~ hand 53
in ~ uncertain terms 52	have a ~-track mind 57
know ~ bounds 3	look out for number ~ 27
leave ~ stone unturned 21	on the ~ hand, on the other hand 41
like there's ~ tomorrow 52	public enemy number ~ 34
There's ~ such thing as a free lunch. 52	two heads are better than ~ 50
There's ~ such thing as a free tunen. 32  There's ~ time like the present. 40, 44	open the door to 2, 41
not take ~ for an answer 52	
	be given / get your marching orders 4
nobody	other
~ in their right mind 57	on the one hand, on the ~ hand 41
be no/~'s fool 52	turn the ~ cheek 21
bête noire 14	think outside the box 32
non sequitur 14	outstay your welcome 35
HANK AND CRANNY III	navo a bun in the aven 17

over	look the ~ 28
~ my dead body 56	parting shot 21
be all ~ sb like a rash 9	silent/sleeping partner 30
be in ~ your head 38	a man/woman of many parts 27
fall ~ yourself to do sth 59	the life and soul of the party 55
hand ~ the reins 53	be like ships that pass in the night 23
It's not ~ until the fat lady sings. 13	run out of patience 37
mind ~ matter 57	pay over the odds 33
not lose sleep ~ sth 35	uneasy peace 39
pay ~ the odds 33	be like two peas in a pod 50
pull the wool ~ sb's eyes 29	There are plenty more pebbles on the beach. 13
that's sb all ~ 51	bring sb down a peg or two 50
that's sb ~ the back 7	not have two pennies to rub together 50
turn ~ a new leaf 42	penny
own	~-pinching 33
after your ~ heart 60	be two a ~ 50
an ~ goal 60	spend a ~ 12
be hoist with your ~ petard 22	the ~ drops 43
blow your ~ trumpet 60	be your own person 60
come into your ~ 60	be hoist with your own petard 22
dig your ~ grave 60	pick holes in 25
feather your ~ nest 3, 60	be no picnic 52
get your ~ back 60	not the whole picture 41
go their ~ ways 60	pig
hold your ~ 60	eat like a ~ 35
in your ~ time 60	make a ~'s ear of 38
line your ~ pockets 29	penny-pinching 33
mind your ~ business 57	piping hot 47
of your ~ making 60	a mere pittance 47
your ~ flesh and blood 26	place
be your ~ person 60	as if (he) owned the ~ 60
out of your ~ pocket 5	between a rock and a hard ~ 32
play sb at their ~ game 60	know your ~ 3
save your ~ skin 60	have friends in high places 26
take matters into your ~ hands 60	a game plan 48
would sell your ~ grandmother 33	as thick as two short planks 9
as if (he) owned the place 60	hand sth to sb on a plate 53
pack a punch 40	play
send sb packing 22	~ cat and mouse 48
a page-turner 25	~ dirty 48
no pain no gain 11	~ for time 48
be no oil painting 52	~ games 38
be beyond the pale 3	~ God 48
have sb eating out of / in the palm of your hand 53	~ gooseberry 48
a flash in the pan 1, 16	~ hardball 20
Pandora's box 21	~ into sb's hands 53
fly by the seat of your pants 17	~ it cool 48
a paper tiger 46	~ it safe 48
part and parcel 6	~ your ace/trump card 20
pardon my French 12	~ sb at their own game 60
as sick as a parrot 18	~ sb for a fool 48
part	~ second fiddle 48
~ and parcel 6	~ the field 12
· F	

~ the fool 27	~ the rug from under your feet 38
~ the game 48	~ the strings 34
~ to the gallery 25	~ the wool over sb's eyes 29
~ your cards close to your chest 20	not ~ any punches 20
two can ~ at that game 50	a crowd-puller 25
plenty	keep your finger on the pulse 19
have ~ of strings to your bow 27	punch
There are ~ more fish in the sea. 13	~ -drunk 20
There are ~ more pebbles on the beach. 13	pack a ~ 40
plot	not pull any punches 20
lose the ~ 38	a glutton for punishment 27
the ~ thickens 44	push
plunge into chaos 39	~ the envelope 32
plus ça change 14	~ the right buttons 24
poacher turned gamekeeper 29	put
pocket	~ our heads together 19
have sth burning a hole in your ~ 6	~ your foot in it 1
out of your own ~ 5	~ your hand on your heart 53
pockets	~ your money where your mouth is 42
line your own ~ 29	~ your shoulder to the wheel 42
live in each other's ~ 26	~ sb's nose out of joint 38
be like two peas in a pod 50	~ the brakes on 17
point	~ to sleep 12
~ the finger at 19	~ two fingers up at sth 50
~ the way to 41	be hard ~ to 58
a case in ~ 41	if you ~ your mind to it 57
see the ~ 4	to ~ it mildly 43
poker-faced 20	a Pyrrhic victory 21
big fish in a small pond 31	mind your Ps and Qs 57
as poor as a church mouse 9	beg the question 41
any port in a storm 15	as quick as a flash 9
pound of flesh 22	be quids in 33
pour oil on troubled waters 45	quiet
It never rains but it pours. 11	as ~ as a mouse 1
powder your nose 12	do anything for a ~ life 55
the power behind the throne 34	status quo 14
There's no time like the present. 40, 44, 52	like a deer/rabbit caught in the headlights 3
hot off the press 24	the rat race 30
be hard pressed to 58	fall off the radar 8
not be just a pretty face 28	rags
prey on your mind 57	~ to riches 33
prick your ears up 2	your glad ~ 28
Pride comes before a fall. 59	go off the rails 17
Prince Charming 23	take a rain check 20
no prizes for guessing sth 52	It never rains but it pours. 11
epic proportions 21	raise your game 48
mind your Ps and Qs 57	as thin as a rake 9
public	as stiff/straight as a ramrod 2
~ enemy number one 34	pull rank 4
be in the ~ eye 34	join the ranks of 16
huff and puff 10	be all over sb like a rash 9
pull	rat
~ rank 4	a love- ~ 27
LUIIN I	a love = 2/

the ~ race 30	Rome
rattle sb's cage 37	~ wasn't built in a day. 11
razor-sharp 47	fiddle while ~ burns 21
reach for the stars 42	room
read sb's mind 57	the elephant in the ~ 18
reason	wouldn't give sth house ~ 37
for good ~ 43	grass roots 34
see ~ 4	money for old rope 33
receive a windfall 31	round
a recipe for disaster 46	
track record 30	get your mind/head ~ 57
red	get your tongue ~ sth 19
as ~ as a beetroot 9	rub
	~ shoulders with sb 26
get the ~ card 20	not have two pennies to ~ together 50
see ~ 4, 37	Good riddance (to bad rubbish)! 13, 44
reduce to tears 37	pull the rug from under your feet 38
rein in spending 31	hard and fast rules 58
hand over the reins 53	run
reinvent the wheel 24	~ a tight ship 3, 15
rest on your laurels 21	~ in the family 26
beat a retreat 16	~ its course 2
filthy rich 47	~ like the wind 9
rags to riches 33	~ out of patience 37
riddance	~ out of steam 17
Good ~ (to bad rubbish)! 13, 44	~ the gauntlet 16
ride	cut and ~ 15
~ high 46	The course of true love never did ~ smooth. 22
take sb for a ~ 29	do a runner 29
rig an election 34	be given the sack 3
right	
~ off the bat 7	make the supreme/ultimate sacrifice 12
all ~ on the night 25	saddled with debt 31
give your ~ arm for 19	safe
hit the ~ note 36	~ and sound 1
	better ~ than sorry 11
nobody in their ~ mind 57	play it ~ 48
push the ~ buttons 24	said
take the words ~ out of my mouth 45	there's a lot to be ~ for 43
ring the changes 42	when all's ~ and done 43
risk life and limb 55	sails
do a roaring trade 30	take the wind out of sb's $\sim 15$
rock	trim your ~ 42
~ bottom 47	same
~ hard 47	~ difference 44
between a ~ and a hard place 32	be on the ~ wavelength 6
it's not rocket science 24	of the ~ mind 45
on the rocks 15	sing from the ~ hymn sheet 45
roll	two sides of the ~ coin 50
heads will ~ 31	sand
on a ~ 46	be built on ~ 46
rolling	bury your head in the ~ 19
~ in the aisles 25	save
be ~ in it 33	~ your own skin 60
	scrimp and ~ 33
	Jermin and - 72

face-saving 19	sharp
say	a short ~ shock 29
to ~ nothing of 43	razor-~ 47
to ~ the least 43	shed crocodile tears 18
it does exactly what it says on the tin 8	sheep
scare the life out of 55	a wolf in ~'s clothing 18
set the scene/stage 41	might as well be hung for a ~ as a lamb 18
a half-baked scheme 49	sort (out) the ~ from the goats 18
it's not rocket science 24	shell-shocked 16
settle a score 38	take a shine to sb 1
scrimp and save 33	run a tight ship 3, 15
There are plenty more fish in the sea. 13	be like ships that pass in the night 23
be falling apart at the seams 59	the shit hits the fan 3
seat	send shivers down your spine 25
a back-~ driver 17	shock
fly by the ~ of your pants 17	a short sharp ~ 29
in the driving ~ 17	get the ~ of your life 55
keep sb on the edge of their ~ 25	shell-shocked 16
second	live on a shoestring 33
for a split ~ 43	shoot
play ~ fiddle 48	~ yourself in the foot 166
a second-class citizen 34	~ sb down in flames 16
see	~ sky-high 31
~ eye to eye 1, 6	shut up shop 30
~ life 55	short
~ reason 4	
~ red 4, 37	a ~ sharp shock 29
~ sense 4	as thick as two ~ planks 9 fall ~ of 59
~ the joke 4	not be ~ of a bob or two 50
~ the light 4	
~ the point 4	parting shot 21
	put your shoulder to the wheel 42
~ the writing on the wall 21 can't ~ the wood for the trees 38	shoulders
I'll believe it when I ~ it. 13	be head and ~ above sb 19
suck it and ~ 32	rub ~ with sb 26
self-made man 34	show
	~ your hand 53
sell	steal the ~ 25
give sb the hard ~ 58	worship at the altar/shrine/temple of 31
would ~ your own grandmother 33	shrouded in mystery 39
send	shut up shop 30
~ sb packing 22	sick
~ shivers down your spine 25	~ and tired 5
see sense 4	~ to death of sth 56
non sequitur 14	as ~ as a parrot 18
first come, first served 11	side
set	a bit on the ~ 12
~ in motion 41	Look on the bright ~. 13
~ the scene/stage 41	two sides of the same coin 50
~ the wheels in motion 24	silent
settle a score 38	~ majority 34
at sixes and sevens 10	~ partner 30
movers and shakers 34	as ~ as the grave 9
knock into shape 2	as smooth as silk 9

every cloud has a silver lining 11	spend a penny 12
sing from the same hymn sheet 45	rein in spending 31
all-singing, all-dancing 51	Variety is the spice of life. 11
It's not over till the fat lady sings. 13	spick and span 10
sink like a stone 2	send shivers down your spine 25
fall for sb/sth hook, line and sinker 59	spirit
have a sinking feeling 37	~ of adventure 5
sit	enter into the ~ of sth 36
~ on the fence 6	the spitting image 26, 28
~ on your hands 53	split
a Catch-22 situation 23	~ hairs 45
six	for a ~ second 43
be ~ foot under 12	throw in the sponge 20
knock sb for ~ 20, 37	hit the spot 36
at sixes and sevens 10	a leopard can't change its spots 18
That's about the size of it! 45	a middle-age spread 28
get your skates on 13	spring
be (skating) on thin ice 42	be no ~ chicken 52
save your own skin 60	full of the joys of ~ 36
sky	win your spurs 46
blue- ~ thinking 32	_
shoot ~-high 31	square a ~ meal 35
a slap in the face 38	be back to ~ one 6
sleep	
~ on it 35	squeaky -clean 47
not lose ~ over sth 35	stage be/take centre-~ 4
	set the scene/~ 41
put to ~ 12	at stake 43
sleeping partner 30 sleeve	
	stand
have sth up your ~ 4	~ out from the crowd 40
wear your heart on your ~ 54	make your hair ~ on end 22
slog your guts out 30	come to a standstill 17
life in the slow lane 17	star-crossed lovers 22
small 47	stark naked 47
a ~ fortune 47	stars
big fish in a ~ pond 31	have ~ in your eyes 36
a smart move 40	reach for the ~ 42
be all smiles 51	status quo 14
smooth	steal
as ~ as silk 9	~ a march on sb 16
The course of true love never did run ~. 22	~ the show 25
So far, so good. 13	run out of steam 17
for a song 33	step
like a bear with a sore head 5	~ on it 17
Better safe than sorry. 11	mind your ~ 57
sort (out) the sheep from the goats 18	go/move/~ up a gear 17
the life and soul of the party 55	stick
safe and sound 1	~ two fingers up at sth 50
call a spade a spade 23	~ your neck out 42
spick and span 10	stirred with a ~ 7
throw a spanner in the works 24	as stiff as a ramrod 2
go spare 3	stirred with a stick 7
no expense spared 33	

stone	~ your mind off it 57
~ cold 47	~ sb for a ride 29
a heart of ~ 54	~ sb to the cleaner's 33
leave no ~ unturned 21	~ the biscuit/cake 7
sink like a ~ 2	~ the flak 4
full stop 47	~ the wind out of sb's sails 15
storm	~ the words right out of my mouth 45
a ~ in a teacup 23	~ to the next level 31
any port in a ~ 15	~ years off sb 40
go down a ~ 46	~ centre stage 4, 25
weather the ~ 15	give or ~ 10
end of (story) 8	not ~ no for an answer 52
straight	be taken aback 15
~ from the horse's mouth 18	It takes two to tango. 11, 50
as ~ as a ramrod 2	live to tell the tale 55
on the ~ and narrow 29	marathon talks 39
be strapped for cash 33	It takes two to tango. 11, 50
be a tower of strength 26	a storm in a teacup 23
do a stretch 29	wear and tear 10
strike at the heart of 54	tears
strings	blood, sweat and ~ 10
have plenty of ~ to your bow 27	it will all end in ~ 44
no ~ attached 52	reduce to ~ 37
pull the ~ 34	shed crocodile ~ 18
highly strung 27	get your teeth into sth 19
as stubborn as a mule 9	teething troubles 19
There's no such thing as a free lunch. 52	tell
suck it and see 32	~ me about it 45
in your birthday suit 12	live to ~ the tale 55
live out of a suitcase 55	time will ~ 44
men in grey suits 34	worship at the altar/shrine/temple of 31
make the supreme/ultimate sacrifice 12	tempt fate 42
hard to swallow 58	terms
blood, sweat and tears 10	a contradiction in ~ 41
sweep sth under the carpet 38	in no uncertain ~ 52
go with a swing 36	uncharted territory/waters 4
at one fell swoop 22	thick
sword	as ~ as thieves 9
fall on your ~ 21	as ~ as two short planks 9
the ~ of Damocles 21	through ~ and thin 26
it's all systems go 51	the plot thickens 44
bring to the table 32	as thick as thieves 9
be like a dog with two tails 50	thin
take	as ~ as a rake 9
~ centre stage 4, 25	be (skating) on ~ ice 42
~ a nosedive 17, 31	through thick and ~ 26
~ a rain check 20	thing
~ a shine to sb 1	Hindsight is a wonderful ~. 13
~ each day as it comes 35	There's no such ~ as a free lunch. 52
~ heart 54	be all things to all men 51
~ it easy 13	think
~ matters into your own hands 60	~ outside the box 32
~ your eye off the ball 38	~ twice 42

thinking	put our heads ~ 19
blue-sky ~ 32	all told 51
joined-up ~ 32	every Tom, Dick and Harry 5
I thought as much. 44	like there's no tomorrow 52
be batting a thousand 7	tongue
Two's company, three's a crowd. 50	get your ~ round sth 19
the power behind the throne 34	hold/bite your ~ 19
throw	too
~ a lifeline 31	~ clever by half 49
~ a spanner in the works 24	~ much information! 8
~ in the sponge 20	at the top of the ladder 30
~ money down the drain 33	torn
~ sb a curveball 7	be ~ 45
~ the book at 29	war-~ country 39
I wouldn't trust sb as far as I could ~ them 44	touch
fingers and thumbs 10	~ base 32
a face like thunder 9	
tick all the boxes 32	lose your ~ 38 the Midas ~ 21
neat and tidy 10	
tie the knot 5	tough it out 42
sb's hands are tied 53	tower
	an ivory ~ 23
a paper tiger 46	be a ~ of strength 26
tight	go out on the town 35
in a ~ corner 38	track
run a ~ ship 3, 15	~ record 30
have your hand in the till 29	back on ~ 17
time	have a one-~ mind 57
~ after ~ 10	do a roaring trade 30
~ will tell 44	gravy train 34
ahead of its ~ 40	trap
all in good ~ 51	a death ~ 56
an all-~ high/low 51	fall into the ~ of 59
at this moment in ~ 32	tread
big ~ 8	~ on sb's toes 19
do ~ 29	~ the boards 25
have the ~ of your life 55	go down a treat 36
in next to no ~ 52	be barking up the wrong tree 45
in your own ~ 60	can't see the wood for the trees 38
live on borrowed ~ 55	trim your sails 42
no ~ like the present 52	a Trojan horse 21
not give sb the ~ of day 26	pour oil on troubled waters 45
play for ~ 48	teething troubles 19
There's no ~ like the present. 40, 44	lay it on with a trowel 22
fall on hard times 58, 59	true
it does exactly what it says on the tin 8	a dream come ~ 36
the tip of the iceberg 5	The course of ~ love never did run smooth. 22
sick and tired 5	play your ace/trump card 20
toes	blow your own trumpet 60
make sb's ~ curl 19	come up trumps 46
tread on sb's ~ 19	I wouldn't trust sb as far as I could throw them 44
together	truth
get your act ~ 6	~ will out 13
not have two pennies to rub ~ 50	be economical with the ~ 12
-	

tuned to the moon /	in the ~ of sb/sth 15
turn	wall
~ over a new leaf 42	go to the ~ 30
~ the other cheek 21	like nailing jelly to a ~ 8
do a U-~ 17	see the writing on the ~ 21
done to a ~ 35	wax and wane 10
poacher turned gamekeeper 29	war
a page-turner 25	~-torn country 39
that's a turn-up for the books 43	All's fair in love and ~. 11
think twice 42	be on the warpath 16
a twinkle in your father's eye 26	watch
in the twinkling of an eye 22	~ with half an eye 49
two	mind/~ your back 57
~ can play at that game 50	water
~ heads are better than one 50	dead in the ~ 56
~ sides of the same coin 50	You can lead a horse to ~ (but you can't make
~'s company, three's a crowd. 50	him drink). 13
as thick as ~ short planks 9	waters
bring sb down a peg or ~ 50	pour oil on troubled ~ 45
be eating for ~ 12	uncharted territory/~ 4
be in ~ minds 45	be on the same wavelength 6
be like a dog with ~ tails 50	wax and wane 10
be like ~ peas in a pod 50	way
be ~ a penny 50	bluff your ~ 4
be ~ of a kind 50	go back a long ~ 26
cut both/~ ways 50	laugh all the ~ to the bank 33
have ~ left feet 50	learn the hard ~ 58
It takes ~ to tango. 11, 50	point the ~ to 41
not be short of a bob or ~ 50	Where there's a will there's a ~. 11
not have ~ pennies to rub together 50	ways
put/stick ~ fingers up at sth 50	cut both/two ~ 50
that makes ~ of us 50	go their own ~ 60
do a U-turn 17	wear
make the supreme/ultimate sacrifice 12	~ and tear 10
in no uncertain terms 52	~ your heart on your sleeve 54
uncharted territory/waters 4	weather
uneasy peace 39	~ the storm 15
leave no stone unturned 21	a fair-~ friend 26
have the upper hand 53	on a weekly basis 32
upset the applecart 42	cry/weep buckets 7
that makes two of us 50	outstay your welcome 35
Variety is the spice of life. 11	You may well ask! 44
Nothing ventured, nothing gained. 11	a wet blanket 27
burst a blood vessel 37	double whammy 46
a Pyrrhic victory 21	what
C'est la vie. 14	~ is the world coming to? 44
a lone voice 45	it does exactly ~ it says on the tin 8
grey vote 34	Whatever floats your boat! 8
wade through 25	wheel
wait in the wings 25	at/behind the ~ 17
play a/the waiting game 48	put your shoulder to the ~ 42
wake	reinvent the ~ 24
in sb's/sth's ~ 15	remitent the - 21

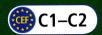
wheels	four-letter ~ 12
oil the ~ 24	take the ~ right out of my mouth 45
set the ~ in motion 24	work
when	~ like a dog 9
~ all's said and done 43	donkey/grunt ~ 7
cross that bridge ~ you come to it 42	make hard ~ of 58
I'll believe it ~ I see it. 13	Nice ~ if you can get it! 44
where	throw a spanner in the works 24
~ there's a will there's a way. 11	world
put your money ~ your mouth is 42	a ~ of difference 40, 45
not know whether you're coming or going 35	dead to the ~ 56
the cat's whiskers 18	go up in the ~ 2
black and white 10	be/live in a dream ~ 55
a whizz kid 27	do yourself the ~ of good 40
whole	not long for this ~ 12
а ~ new ball game 20	What is the ~ coming to? 44
go the ~ hog 23	a fate worse than death 56
not the ~ picture 41	worship at the altar/shrine/temple of 31
give sb/sth a wide berth 15	not be worth a dime 7
wild	lick your wounds 2
~ horses couldn't make me 37	see the writing on the wall 21
a ~ -goose chase 22	wrong
beyond your wildest dreams 40	be barking up the ~ tree 45
battle of wills 16	don't get me ~ 44
win	fall into the ~ hands 59
~ by a landslide 34	You're not ~! 45
~ hands down 53	years
~ your spurs 46	be light ~ away from sth 24
wind	take ~ off sb 40
run like the ~ 9	catch some z's 7
take the ~ out of sb's sails 15	
receive a windfall 31	
have a window 32	
wings	
clip sb's ~ 5	
wait in the ~ 25	
the conventional wisdom 41	
It's easy to be wise after the event. 13	
within an inch of your life 55	
wolf	
a ~ in sheep's clothing 18	
cry ~ 18	
a man/woman of many parts 27	
Hindsight is a wonderful thing. 13	
wood	
can't see the ~ for the trees 38	
dead ~ 56	
pull the wool over sb's eyes 29	
word	
from the ~ go 43	
Mum's the ~. 13	
words	
at a loss for ~ 5	

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